Today's Weather
Fair

The Pittsburgh Gazette.

LATEST NEWS EDITION

VOL. 120. ESTABLISHED JULY 29, 1786. NO. 33. PITTSBURGH, WEDNESDAY MORNING, AUGUST 30, 1905.—FOURTEEN PAGES. ONE CENT A COPY.

RUSSIA AND JAPAN TO AGAIN CLASP THE HAND OF FRIENDSHIP

NEWS SUMMARY

PEACE.

Japan and Russia agree to terms of Peace.—Page 1.

President Roosevelt is given the credit for bringing about an agreement between the warring nations.—Page 3.

M. Witte's master mind overcome all difficulties with which he has had to deal.—Page 3.

President Roosevelt could scarcely believe the good news when it was telephoned to Sagamore Hill.—Page 2.

European capitals rejoice at the result of the work of President Roosevelt.—Page 2.

President Roosevelt receives the thanks of both parties to the conference.—Page 1.

FOREIGN.

Chinese merchants do not believe government is sincere in its edict against the boycott of American goods.—Page 8.

DOMESTIC.

Mrs. Taggart's testimony is proving strong point for the defense.—Page 9.

Kansas City girl says relatives kidnaped her fiance on their wedding eve to marry him to a Pittsburgh heiress.—Page 1.

Stock markets quickly felt the effect of the result of the peace meeting.—Page 8.

PENNSYLVANIA.

Lincoln party pre-empts use of the name for the coming election.—Page 6.

Chairman Andrews predicts a great victory in November.—Page 6.

Mayor Weaver is indignant at the Republican city committee for offering to help purge the voters list.—Page 8.

Leverman in tower near Altoona saves express train by ditching a freight at risk of his own life.—Page 16.

LOCAL.

Resignation of Alfred J. Major as president of the American Bridge Company is rumored.—Page 1.

Receiver for three fire insurance companies found little of any value.—Page 8.

The Gazette's directory of prominent pleasure resorts, tours and steamship sailings.—Page 14.

Obituaries, death notices and marriage licenses.—Page 6.

The Baltimore & Ohio will establish a night train on Ohio River line to Kenova, probably including service to Virginia Hot Springs.—Page 14.

Gotlieb Davis told sad story of wife's desertion in suit for divorce.—Page 14.

All is in readiness for the opening of the Pittsburgh exposition this evening, with Walter Damrosch's New York Symphony orchestra as the feature.—Page 9.

Indications are that Private Ryan of the Allegheny arsenal was victim of a murder premeditated for Private Dowd, in vengeance for killing William H. Crowley.—Page 1.

South Side and downtown water mains tapped to give Twentieth ward relief.—Page 5.

Robert C. Routh, an unknown in Republican politics, becomes a candidate for register.—Page 5.

East End woman who accidentally chanced to be on the street at a late hour, brutally assaulted and kissed by a policeman.—Page 5.

Player in military band dropped dead before audience in Luna park.—Page 6.

James A. Chambers, former president of the American Window Glass Company, and Leopold Mambourg purchase the big Coxey plant at Mt. Vernon, O.—Page 5.

Senator Flinn and his children return from European trip.—Page 1.

SPORTING.

Pittsburgh won two games from Philadelphia.—Page 7.

Jack Lang has been engaged to coach the Westminster college football team.—Page 7.

Wright beat Larned and Hobart won from Collins in tennis at Newport.—Page 7.

FINANCIAL.

New York stocks closed buoyant on the peace news. Sharp advance in Japanese bonds. National Fire Proofing and Sewer Pipe weak in the Pittsburgh market. Grain closed lower in the Chicago market.—Pages 12 and 13.

THE WEATHER

Fair.

Fair weather and warmer today with showers and cooler weather tonight and tomorrow is the Washington forecast for Pittsburgh and vicinity. The maximum temperature yesterday was 80 and the minimum 65 degrees. The sun rose cloudy at 5:43 and set clear at 6:58 o'clock. The daily report furnished by the local weather office, follows:

Time.	Baro.	Tem.	Hum.	Wind.	Weather.
8 a. m.	30.07	68	72	W.	Pt. Cldy.
8 p. m.	29.92	72	88	S.	Clear.

Comparative temperature and precipitation for August 29:

	1905	1904		1905	1904
Maximum	82	80	Mean	74	68
Minimum	65	56	Precipitation	.04	0

Nor. temp. 31 yrs.... 71 | Nor. precip. 31 yrs.... .09
Excess for day..... 3 | Dfcy. for day..... .05
Dfcy. since Aug. 1.. 19 | Exc. since Aug. 1.... .02
Dfcy. since Jan. 1..187 | Dfcy. since Jan. 1....1.80

Goverment Weather Report.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Forecast:

Western Pennsylvania—Fair and warmer Wednesday; showers and cooler at night or Thursday; light to fresh southwest to northwest winds.

Ohio—Partly cloudy Wednesday; showers and cooler at night or Thursday; fresh southwest to northwest winds.

West Virginia—Fair Wednesday; Thursday fair and slightly cooler.

Observations taken at weather bureau stations at 8 p. m.:

St. Louis	88	Clear	Cincinnati	82	Clear
Cairo	80	Clear	Washington	72	PtCldy
Omaha	86	Clear	Indianapolis	78	Clear
Buffalo	70	Clear	Chicago	84	Clear
Denver	80	Cloudy	Philadelphia	78	PtCldy
Duluth	76	Clear	New York	74	Clear
Marquette	84	Cloudy	Little Rock	90	Cloudy
St. Paul	76	Clear	Louisville	82	Clear
Bismarck	76	Clear	Jacksonville	76	Clear
Boston	76	Clear	Baltimore	72	Clear

PEACE IS INTERPOSED AND GREAT ORIENTAL WAR IS AT AN END

Japan Waives Indemnity and the Last Barrier to Tranquillity in the Far East Is Removed.

TREATY IS BEING PREPARED

Preliminary Arrangements for an Armistice Are Concluded by the Portsmouth Conference. The Mikado's Government, With the Magnanimity of a Victor, Yields Every Disputed Point. Brought to Terms by President Roosevelt.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 29.—The long and bloody war between Japan and Russia is ended. The terms of peace were settled by M. Witte and Baron Komura at the session of the conference this morning, and this afternoon preliminary arrangements for an armistice were concluded and the actual work of framing the "Treaty of Portsmouth" was by mutual agreement turned over to M. de Martens, Russia's great international lawyer, and Mr. Dennison, who for 25 years has acted as the legal adviser of the Japanese foreign office. The treaty is expected to be completed by the end of the week.

This happy conclusion of the conference, which a week ago would have been shipwrecked had it not been for the heroic intercession of President Roosevelt, was sudden and dramatic. For the sake of peace, Japan, with the magnanimity of a victor, at the last moment yielded everything still in issue. Russia refused to budge from the ultimatum Emperor Nicholas had given to President Roosevelt through Ambassador Meyer.

INDEMNITY AN IMPOSSIBILITY.

No indemnity under any guise, but an agreement to divide Sakhalin and reimburse Japan for the maintenance of the Russian prisoners were his last words. They had been repeatedly reiterated in M. Witte's instructions, and in the form of a written reply to the Japanese compromise proposal of last Wednesday they were delivered to Baron Komura this morning.

M. Witte went to the conference declaring he was powerless to change the dot of an "i" or the cross of a "t" in his instructions. Emperor Nicholas' word had been given not only to him, but to President Roosevelt, the head of a foreign state.

When Baron Komura, therefore, first offered the new basis of compromise (the complete renunciation of indemnity, coupled with a proposition for the redemption of Sakhalin at a price to be fixed by a mixed tribunal consisting of representatives of the neutral powers, in fact, if not in words, the solution offered by President Roosevelt) M. Witte again returned a non possumus. M. Witte did not flinch. He expected a rupture and as he expressed it afterwards, he was stunned by what happened. Baron Komura gave way on all the disputed points. With the prescience that has enabled the Japanese to gauge the mental processes of their adversaries on the field of battle and upon the sea, they had realized in advance that peace could be obtained in no other way. They had warned their government.

TOOK THE PRESIDENT'S ADVICE.

President Roosevelt had also, it is believed, advised Japan that it was better to meet the Russian position than to take the responsibility of continuing the war for the purpose of collecting tribute. The mikado, at the session of the cabinet and elder statesmen yesterday, had sanctioned the final concession. When Baron Komura yielded the rest was mere child's play.

Articles 10 and 11 (interned warships and the limitation of Russia's sea power in the far east) were withdrawn. Japan agreed that only that portion of the Chinese Eastern railroad south of Chantfu, the position occupied by Oyama, should be ceded to Japan. Both sides, once the deadlock was broken, wanted a "just and lasting" peace, and in that spirit it was decided to practically neutralize Sakhalin, each country binding itself not to fortify its half of the island, and Japan assuming an obligation not to fortify the La Perouse strait between Sakhalin and Hokkaido, which would bar Russia's commercial route to the Pacific.

LOOKS LIKE AN ALLIANCE.

The plenipotentiaries went further. They decided to add a new clause in the nature of a broad provision for mutual commercial privileges by which each country will secure for the other the benefit of the "most favored nation" clause and the "open door."

The new treaty, therefore, will be a wonderfully friendly document, of character almost to raise the suspicion that the two countries have not negotiated peace, but have concluded the basis of a future alliance. There is, however, no evidence as rumored that any secret clauses are to be appended to the present treaty.

Before leaving the conference building, felicitations were exchanged with the president at Oyster Bay. Both Baron Komura and M. Witte telgraphed. The former confined himself to apprising Mr. Roosevelt of the conditions upon which peace had been concluded. M. Witte frankly laid his tribute at the president's feet. In his message, he said:

"History will ascribe to you the glory," and added the expression of Russia's hearty appreciation of the president's "generous initiative."

PRESIDENT SENDS CONGRATULATIONS.

Mr. Roosevelt replied with words of thanks and congratulation.

Then began the jubilation. M. Witte and Baron de Rosen returned to the

Continued on Second Page.

WHAT THE WAR HAS COST IN MEN, MONEY AND SHIPS

	Men.
Russia had in Manchuria in February, 1904	650,000
She has since sent out to the front	780,000
Japan is said to have mobilized nearly	700,000
Total forces engaged since the outbreak of the war (about)	1,540,000

Of these the killed, permanently disabled and invalided home have been computed at 625,000; 375,000 Russians and 250,000 Japanese.

Japan has suffered the loss of only one prominent officer, Commander Oda; the Russian officers of rank killed are: Count Keller, Generals Rutkovsky, Smolensky, Rialinkin, Tserpitsy, Kondratchenko, Commander Stepanoff and Admirals Marakoff, Molas, Voelkersham and Withofft.

IN MONEY, according to figures published in the Gazette of St. Petersburg, the war has cost Russia (including property destroyed) $1,075,000,000

On the fifth of June it was estimated at Tokyo that the cost to Japan had been close in the neighborhood of 475,000,000

Bringing the total cost (at the time of the agreement to peace parleys) to $1,550,000,000

IN SHIPS the losses have been as follows:

Russia.		Japan.
13	Battleships.	2
18	Cruisers.	4
2	Coast Defense Boats.	1
3	Special Service Vessels.	1
19	Destroyers.	3
4	Gunboats.	0
6	Torpedo Boats.	10
3	Transports.	3
68		24

THE MAN WHO MADE PEACE POSSIBLE

PRESIDENT THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

WHAT PEACE AGREEMENT MEANS TO THE TWO WARRING NATIONS

(1) Japan has reacquired control of Korea, establishing a protectorate, and appointing an American, Durham White Stevens, as adviser to the emperor, Yi Heui.

(2) Japan has regained possession of Port Arthur and the Liaotung peninsula, and of so much of Manchuria as will warrant its return to China, with "open doors" to the trade of the world, and half of Sakhalin.

(3) International law has gained a clearer knowledge than has before been had of what constitutes "contraband of war," and to what lengths a naval officer may properly go in the "right of search." Both of these advances have been made largely through the prompt diplomacy of Secretary of State Hay.

(4) Russia certainly will not get on the Pacific coast the "ice-free port" for which she has so long been looking.

SENATOR FLINN WILL BREAKFAST AT HOME

He Arrived in New York Last Night and Immediately Started for Pittsburgh.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Former Senator William Flinn, accompanied by his son Rex, and his daughters, Mary and Edith, returned tonight from Europe on the Caronia. The ship was not expected until morning. The vessel arrived at 8 o'clock and an hour later the senator was on his way to Pittsburgh. He learned his wife was in ill health and he was anxious to reach home.

"I have had an excellent voyage," said the senator, "and the trip has done me a great deal of good. While on the other side we traveled 4,000 miles in an automobile and every minute of the time was enjoyable. As I have been away from home for two months I cannot discuss politics or business."

The Flinns were met here by Mr. and Mrs. Philip S. Flinn, Mrs. Albertson and Arthur Flinn. Mr. and Mrs. David T. Watson of Allegheny were passengers on the Caronia.

PRESIDENT A. J. MAJOR OFFERS RESIGNATION

Head of the American Bridge Company Is Said to Intend to Quit.

The resignation of Alfred J. Major as president of the American Bridge Company was strongly rumored yesterday.

Mr. Major has been in New York for a week or more past, and returned to Pittsburgh yesterday. He is said to have informed a number of the heads of departments of the fact that he had tendered his resignation. It was stated also that August Ziesing, now the company's manager, with headquarters at Chicago, will be his successor.

The official resignation is to be presented at the meeting of the company's board in New York, September 21, it was stated. At that time also, Mr. Ziesing will be elected to the position.

Mr. Major has been one of the best known men in the structural steel trade for many years. Before the formation of the present American Bridge Company he had risen to a position of leadership.

It was impossible to learn yesterday of any connection of the resignation with the present strike against the company.

WELL KNOWN STATE EDITOR IS DEAD

DUBOIS, PA., Aug. 29.—R. H. Brainard, for many years editor of the Curwensville Review and one of the oldest country newspaper men in the state, died at his home in Curwensville this morning. He had been an invalid for more than a year.

Fatal Street Car Collision.

SPRINGFIELD, O., Aug. 29.—Miss Mary Collins of South Charleston was killed and a number of women injured today by a car on the Springfield, South Charleston and Washington Court House traction line being run into by a work car at Stewarts crossing.

FEW HEAR THE NEWS IN ST. PETERSBURG

Officials and Diplomatic Circles Had Been Practically Without Hope of Peace.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

ST. PETERSBURG, Aug. 29.—The result of the peace conference came as an electric surprise as official and diplomatic circles had been practically without hopes of peace all during the day. The result only became known tonight to comparatively few persons, consequently there was no expression of public feeling one way or the other. At this hour there is absolutely nothing to indicate even to a close observer that the 18 months' war is at an end.

Wherever the news was known surprise and even amazement was expressed that Japan had so completely met the Russian

M. WITTE.

His persistence gained the diplomatic victory for Russia.

demands, but the reception of the news was calm and even apathetic.

The foreign office was dark all night, thus giving no evidence that the news had been officially received there.

PRISONER OF TRAMPS.

Pittsburgh Boy Tells Cleveland Police He Was Made to Steal for Gang of Captors.

Word was received here last night that Harry Eiseman, an 18-year-old Pittsburgh boy who was employed as an electrician in Cleveland for some time, had succeeded yesterday in evading a gang of tramps, who had been holding him prisoner for several days.

Eiseman is said to have been held captive on "Whiskey Island" in Cleveland, a noted rendezvous for dangerous characters, and he says he was forced to steal to supply the gang. Early yesterday morning he says he was sent out with a club to rob passersby when he encountered a policeman, and led him to the lair of his captors. Two of the latter were arrested, and Eiseman was held as a witness against them.

Explode Bomb at Odessa.

ODESSA, Aug. 29.—A bomb was exploded in the French boulevard today. Two revolutionists were injured and were taken to the military hospital where they died.

THANKS OF THE ENVOYS

Mr. Roosevelt Receives Telegram from Each Representative.

HE GETS THE CREDIT

Plenipotentiaries Say the Result Was Due to His Manly Initiative.

EXPECTS TO MAKE STATEMENT

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

OYSTER BAY, Aug. 29.—Late tonight President Roosevelt received the following telegram from the Russian envoys:

Portsmouth, N. H., August 29, 1905.
The President:

We have the honor to inform you that we have reached an agreement with the plenipotentiaries of Japan. To you history will award the glory of having taken the generous initiative of bringing about this conference, whose labors will now probably result in establishing a peace honorable to both sides.

(Signed.) WITTE.
ROSEN.

To this telegram the president sent the following reply:

Oyster Bay, August 29, 1905.
Witte and Rosen, Portsmouth, N. H.:

I cannot too strongly express my congratulations to you and to the entire civilized world upon the agreement reached between you and the plenipotentiaries of Japan, and upon the fact that thereby a peace has been secured just and honorable to both sides.

(Signed.) THEODORE ROOSEVELT.

A similar response was sent by the president in reply to the dispatch received this afternoon from Baron Komura.

President Roosevelt said tonight that in the near future he expected to make a formal statement regarding the work

BARON KOMURA.

He acknowledged to M. Witte Japan's acceptance of the terms of peace.

of the Washington conference. He felt it would not be wise for him to issue such a statement at this time.

It can be said, however, that the president regards his work incident to the conference as quite as important from the standpoint of humanity and civilization as that in which shy president of the United States ever was engaged.

The president, it may be said, authoritatively, appealed for peace not only to Emperor Nicholas, but also to the Japanese government. As heretofore explained in these dispatches, these appeals, while made directly to the emperors of the warring powers, were transmitted also to the envoys of the respective governments at Portsmouth, in order to preserve the form of diplomatic etiquette and avoid any possibility of giving offense.

THINKS HER LOVER IS BEING HIDDEN AWAY

Kansas City Girl Believes Relative Kidnaped Him on Eve of Their Wedding.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

ST. LOUIS, MO., Aug. 29.—Miss Ida Mae Stewart, a restaurant cashier of Kansas City, Mo., is in St. Louis looking for John Conway, her fiance, who mysteriously disappeared four months ago on the eve of their wedding. Miss Stewart believes that the young man was drugged and spirited away by friends who wanted him to marry a rich Pittsburgh (Pa.) young woman. The young woman has searched several cities to find a trace of her sweetheart, but not the least inkling of his whereabouts can she learn.

Sunday she consulted a Mrs. J. B. Anderson, a clairvoyant, and was told that the man is in Denver, Colo. This the girl is inclined to believe, as Mr. Conway had often spoken of going to Denver, and as she herself had frequently said that she would like to live in the Colorado capital, she thinks that he may be there looking for her as she is seeking him.

According to Miss Stewart's story, she was a cashier in the Kansas City restaurant when she met Conway. He was an assistant manager for the Bell Telephone Company in the Kaw city, and frequently ate his meals in the cafe where the young woman was employed.

RYAN DOPED FOR DOWD?

A Mistaken Identity Is Thought to Underlie Murder Mystery.

THREATS ARE MADE

Private Dowd Was Told He Was Marked Man For Killing Young Crowley.

SOLDIERS LOOKED ALIKE

Was Private Michael Ryan of Company I, Sixth United States Infantry, the innocent victim of a murderous plot for revenge?

Was the deadly potion of chloral which he swallowed intended to kill Private John Dowd of Company A, Ninth United States Infantry, who shot William H. Crowley near the arsenal grounds on September 26, 1903, causing the latter's death?

Was the mysterious hand that administered the poison one which sought life for life?

There are circumstances which tend to give this conception, which has become stronger than rumor, a foundation in fact! That answers all these queries in the affirmative.

The sensational shooting and death of Crowley, and the strife between the civil and military authorities which followed, is still fresh in memory. Crowley was caught stealing copper from the roof of one of the arsenal buildings and after a chase was shot by Private Dowd. Crowley was said to have been a member of a gang that had long terrified the Lawrenceville police.

On the night of August 16, this month, Private Ryan met a mysterious death, which a coroner's jury found to have been due to chloral poisoning, done at the hands of some person unknown. The county detectives and city authorities are inclined to believe the poison was self-administered.

Men Resembled Each Other.

Ryan at the time of his death, and Dowd at the time of the shooting, were almost identical in appearance. Time and again each had been mistaken for the other, and upon innumerable occasions each had been addressed as the other, on the streets by casual acquaintances. With the exception of a half-inch they were equal sizes. With the exception of five pounds they were of equal weight. Both were full-faced, Irish-featured, clean-shaven men, and when in uniform the description of one would fit the other.

Private Dowd, who has fallen off in weight perceptibly in the past few months, and who is soon to enter the war department hospital in Washington to have an operation performed on his throat, was seen at the arsenal yesterday afternoon and admitted that since he had become identified with the shooting of Crowley that his life had been threatened repeatedly, and that he never ventured outside of the arsenal grounds except when absolutely necessary.

"I was standing in Smith's saloon at Almond alley and Butler street about one year ago," he said "when a very kindly disposed young man came in and taking me aside, whispered that two men were lying in wait for me in Almond alley to kill me. I waited in the saloon for an hour until some other soldiers came, and to avoid any trouble, I went home with them and under their protection.

Dowd Warned Many Times.

"Scores of times after the shooting, and even since the death of Ryan, I have been approached on the street and at the arsenal gate by friends and acquaintances in whom I have the greatest confidence, and been told that I was a marked man; that threats against my life had been freely made and that I was destined to pay the penalty for killing Crowley, and that the chloral which Ryan drank was meant for me.

"Less than a week ago a number of the enlisted men were passing Butler and Fortieth streets corner, and when they passed a crowd of young fellows were discussing the Ryan death, and heard one remark: 'We'll fix that — — — — yet, who fixed Crowley?'"

Immediately after the shooting of Crowley, Dowd was placed under arrest in the arsenal and his identity was kept a complete secret until the day of his trial, after which he was acquitted. He was sent to Fort Niagara shortly after, and was returned to the arsenal on July 14 of this year. These circumstances are thought to aid in the theory of false identification.

That the supposition that Ryan committed suicide, or that the purpose of his killing was robbery, is refuted by several facts that are undisputable. On the day of his death Ryan had secured a furlough to visit his parents in Elizabeth, N. J. As a matter of fact his true name was not Ryan. He was the son of wealthy and prominent parents and entered the army against their wishes. His uncle holds one of the highest positions in the United States army.

Suicide Never Considered.

On the day of his death, and on the day he secured his furlough, Ryan re-enlisted for three years. Not only does this re-enlistment tend to preclude any intention of suicide, but the conditions under which the re-enlistment was made prove that suicide was never considered.

Under a special order issued by the war department, no man who had less than two and a half years to serve after August 16 of this year, was to be permitted to go to the Philippine Islands where Ryan's regiment is ordered to go next December. As a special privilege to enlisted men, the government provided that men who had not two and one half years yet to serve, could be discharged on August 16, and could re-enlist for three years

even though their present service had not expired. Ryan had only a few months more to serve and eagerly sought this special privilege to go to the Philippines. Accordingly he was discharged on August 15 and with 32 others, reenlisted on August 16, the day of his death.

Ryan had made plans with some comrades how to spend the following day, when they were all to receive their pay. The five soldiers who accompanied him to the saloon where he took only one glass of beer, knew fully as well as he, that no one had been paid that day, and the two civilians who accompanied the soldiers can under no stretch of imagination be suspected of having intention of robbery when but one man succumbed.

Drank Only One Glass of Beer.

On the day of Ryan's death he had remained within the arsenal grounds until the hour of retreat, 6 o'clock in the evening. He was not under the influence of liquor. Was never known to drink intemperately; never drank anything but beer, and never used drugs of any kind; all of which was attested to by those who have been his bosom companions since he entered the service.

Shortly after 6 o'clock that evening Private Britt, having 50 cents, extended an invitation to Ryan, Privates Nicholas Fowers, James F. O'Conners, Michael J. Hurley and James Splain and to William Mansfield and Marshall Long, civilians to go to the saloon of C. P. Neser, at Forty-first and Butler streets and have a drink. According to Britt, and the evidence given at the coroner's hearing, Ryan drank one glass of beer and excused himself from drinking more. Mansfield was not in the saloon at the time Ryan took his drink, but entered just as he had finished and set down his empty glass. Long testified that he was too drunk to know that he was in the saloon, and his drunkenness is also attested to by the soldiers. There is nothing upon which the police or detectives can hold Long in connection with the mysterious death of Ryan. He, together with Mansfield were under arrest for a time, but were released last week. Long testified that he did not know Ryan.

Long's Wife Was a Witness.

Private Dowd said yesterday afternoon that Long's wife was one of the principal witnesses against him in the Crowley case, and that she, together with Mrs. Mattie Terwilliger, testified that Crowley had surrendered and was facing Dowd when he was shot, though this evidence was denied by Crowley himself, before death, and was disproved by the course of the bullet.

When Ryan left his companions on the evening of August 16, he reached the gate of the arsenal at 6:30 o'clock and dropped unconscious. He was carried into the arsenal hospital and every effort was made by Dr. Fred S. Macey, post surgeon, to revive him, but he died 20 minutes later. There was every outward appearance of chloral poisoning and a post-mortem examination disclosed every symptom of that drug. The stomach later revealed the chloral. Every organ not affected was beautifully perfect and Ryan had been pronounced not only physically sound, but an exceptionally fine specimen of manhood on the day of his death, while taking the examination for re-enlistment.

First Lieut. Kent Browning, commanding officer at the arsenal, and Post Surgeon Fred S. Macey were seen yesterday afternoon, but persistently refused to discuss the case. Lieut. Browning would only say that there was no possibility of the theory of suicide in his mind, but would not discuss the suspicion of murder, though he admitted that he had heard that it was the prevailing impression among the enlisted men. Dr. Macey was silent.

Soldiers Sure It Was Murder.

The enlisted men, however, are almost a unit in believing that Private Ryan was the innocent victim of a dastardly plot to avenge the death of Crowley and that he forefited his life because of his resemblance to Dowd for whom they faithfully believe the friends of Crowley have long lain in wait.

Who dealt out the poison to Ryan mistaking him for Dowd? The police authorities may still answer this question. That it will ultimately be solved is the firm belief of some who are best acquainted with this mysterious case.

OCEAN INTELLIGENCE.

Arrived, Aug. 29.

New York—Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, from Bremen, Southampton and Cherbourg; Furst Bismarck, from Hamburg, Dover and Boulogne; Victorian, from Liverpool; Minneapolis, from London.

Naples—Prinz Oskar, from New York, for Genoa.

Dover—Graf Waldersee, from New York, for Hamburg, and proceeded.

Liverpool—Dominion, from Montreal.

Glasgow—Furnessia, from New York, via Moville.

Auckland—Sonoma, from San Francisco, via Honolulu, for Sydney, N. S. W.

Hamburg—Luxor, from Port Hadlock, San Francisco, etc., via London.

Marseilles—Perugia, from New York.

Antwerp—Kroonland, from New York, via Dover.

Sailed, Aug. 29.

New York—Kronprinz Wilhelm, for Plymouth, Cherbourg and Bremen; Slavonia, for Naples, Trieste and Fiume.

Liverpool—Lake Manitoba, for Montreal; Saxonia, for Boston, via Queenstown.

Liverpool—Laurentian, from Glasgow, for St. Johns, N. F., Halifax and Philadelphia.

Fiume—Pannonia, from Trieste, for New York, via Palermo.

Hamburg—Pentaur, for San Francisco.

Havre—Hudson, for New York.

By Wireless, Aug. 29.

New York—Oceanic, from Liverpool and Queenstown, for New York, in communication by wireless telegraph with Siasconsett, Mass., 12:10 p. m. Vessel 116 miles east of Nantucket lightship; will dock 8 a. m. Wednesday.

Passed, Aug. 29.

Lizard—Bordeaux, from New York, for Havre.

Gibraltar—Romanic, from Naples, for Boston.

TODAY'S AMUSEMENTS.

EXPOSITION—Opening 17th season Western Pennsylvania Exposition Society, with concerts by Walter Damrosch and his New York symphony orchestra, 8 p. m.

EMPIRE—"The White Caps," 2:15 and 8 p. m.

NIXON—"Simple Simon Simple," 2 and 8 p. m.

ALVIN—"The Runaways," 2 and 8 p. m.

BIJOU—Joe Welch in "The Peddler," 2 and 8 p. m.

GAYETY—Rose Sydell's London Belles, 2 and 8 p. m.

WILLIAMS' ACADEMY—Harry W. Williams' "Imperial Burlesquers," 2 and 8 p. m.

LUNA PARK—Craig street, near Grant boulevard; open from 10 a. m. to midnight. Concerts afternoon and evening by Robertson's Military band and Miss Blanche Mehaffey, soprano soloist; the Four Fords in acrobatic exhibition.

KENNYWOOD PARK—Always free. Band concerts daily. Gilmores, aerial artists.

SOUTHERN PARK—Free evenings. Heywood, the half-man-half-woman, and vaudeville, 8:30 p. m.

OAKWOOD PARK—Free evenings. Daly's minstrels and vaudeville, 8:30 p. m.

STEINWAY PIANO $150.00.

A good Steinway Piano, musically in perfect order, only $150; also a beautiful mahogany piano, latest design, warranted 10 years, cost new $350 six months ago, now only $160.

Here are two unusual chances to buy high grade pianos at sacrifice prices.

Call and inspect at once, or write for further particulars.

J. M. HOFFMANN CO.,
627 Smithfield St.

Sole representatives for Sohmer, Behning, Bush & Gerts, and Milton Pianos.

Pittsburgh's two factory and instruction institution—Opens tonight with Walter Damrosch and his orchestra of fifty.

A Melange Lot of Diamonds.

Consists of Diamonds all sizes and grades, just as they are cut from the rough and before they are assorted for sizes and qualities. We are now busy assorting the melange lots of Diamonds just imported direct from Amsterdam. Some of the lots contain over one hundred carats, from small stones up to over four carats. We are offering tempting prices to immediate cash buyers. Sam E. Sipe, Schmidt Bldg., Second Floor, 339 Fifth avenue.

Wagner night at the Expo Friday. Special program for the opening tonight by Damrosch and the New York Symphony orchestra.

CHRONOLOGY OF THE FAR EASTERN STRUGGLE

1903.

July 28—Opening of diplomatic correspondence between Japan and Russia, relative to the Manchurian situation.

1904.

Feb. 5—Diplomatic relations broken off.
Feb. 7—Japanese troops occupy Mesampo, Korea.
Feb. 8—GUNBOAT "KORIETZ" FIRES FIRST SHOT OF THE WAR, OFF CHEMULPO. TOGO ATTACKS THE PORT ARTHUR FLEET.
Feb. 9—"VARIAG" and "KORIETZ" SUNK. Japanese troops land at Chemulpo.
Feb. 10—The czar declares war. Japanese occupy Seoul.
Feb. 11—The mikado declares war. United States announces neutrality. A Japanese merchantman sunk by Vladivostok fleet.
Feb. 12—Russian mine transport "Yenessei" sunk at Port Arthur.
Feb. 23—Skirmish at Ping Yang, first land action of the war.
March 6—Kamimura bombards Vladivostok.
March 8—Makaroff takes command at Port Arthur.
March 27—Kuropatkin reaches Mukden.
April 4—Kuroki occupies Wiju, on the Yalu.
April 13—Makaroff goes down with the "Petropavlovsk" during a sortie from Port Arthur.
April 26—Vladivostok squadron sinks the transport "Kinshu Maru."
May 1—BATTLE OF THE YALU.
May 6—Oku lands at Pitsewo.
May 11—Russians destroy and exacuate Dalny.
May 14—Port Arthur isolated.
May 15—Japanese battleship "Hatsuse" sunk by a mine, and the cruiser "Yoshino" in collision.
May 22-26—TAKING OF NANSHAN HILL, THE FIRST OF PORT ARTHUR'S DEFENSES.
May 30—Japanese occupy Dalny.
June 14-15—BATTLE OF VAFANGOW.
June 15—Vladivostok squadron bombards Wonsan, Korea, and sinks the transports "Sado" and "Hitachi."
June 27—Kuroki and Nodzu capture the Fenshin, Ta and Motien passes.
June 30—Battle of Haicheng.
July 13-17—Russian volunteer cruisers "St. Petersburg" and "Smolensk" seize the British steamer "Malacca" and the German steamer "Prinz Heinrich" in the Red sea.
July 20-24—Third raid of Vladivostok squadron.
July 23—Torpedo-boat attack on Port Arthur fleet.
July 26-30—CAPTURE OF WOLF HILL, PORT ARTHUR.
July 31—Japanese begin advance upon Liao Yang. Battle of Yantze Pass. Count Keller killed.
Aug. 8—Oku seizes Newchang and Haicheng.
Aug. 10—Withoft killed during sortie from Port Arthur; the fleet dispersed and damaged.
Aug. 14—Kamimura defeats Vladivostok squadron; "Rurik" sunk.
Aug. 19-24—First general assault upon Port Arthur.
Aug. 26-Sept. 4—BATTLE OF LIAO YANG.
Sept. 19-21—Fort Kuropatkin taken; commanding Port Arthur's outer defenses.
Oct. 11-21—BATTLE OF SHAKE RIVER.
Oct. 15—Rojestevensky sails from Libau with Baltic squadron.
Oct. 20—Armies go into winter quarters before Mukden.
Oct. 22—"The Dogger Bank outrage." (Later settled by arbitration.)
Oct. 25—Kuropatkkin replaces Alexieff in supreme command.
Oct. 26—Japanese attack East Kekwan forts and occupy Erhlungshan.
Nov. 16—Russian destroyer "Rostorpny" escapes to Chefoo with dispatches and is blown up to avoid capture.
Nov. 30—STORMING OF 203-METRE HILL.
Dec. 6-16—Japanese fire destroys Port Arthur fleet.
Dec. 18—First permanent breach made in Port Arthur main defenses.
Dec. 28-31—Nogi takes all Kewan positions.

1905.

Jan. 1—Stoessel offers to surrender.
Jan. 2—SURRENDER OF PORT ARTHUR.
Jan. 8—Rojestevensky arrives off Madagascar.
Jan. 10-11—Cossack raid in Japanese rear penetrates to Neuchang.
Jan. 25-29—BATTLE OF THE HUN RIVER (SANDEPAS).
Feb. 15—Third Pacific squadron sails from Libau, under Nebogatoff.
Feb. 24-March 12—BATTLE OF MUKDEN.
March 16—Rojestevensky sails east from Madagascar.
April 8—Rojestevensky arrives off Singapore.
May 2-5—Vladivostok torpedo boats raid Japan's north coast.
May 8—Nebogatoff's squadron joins Rojestevensky.
May 27-28—BATTLE OF THE SEA OF JAPAN.
May 28—Cruiser "Gromboi" seriously damaged by a mine near Vladivostok.
June 3—Enguist with three cruisers reaches Manila; vessels interned.
June 9—President Roosevelt opens diplomatic correspondence with the fighting powers, looking to peace.
June 11—Russia and Japan pledge themselves to a peace parley.
Aug. 29—Peace agreement reached.

EUROPE IS HAPPY OVER THE RESULT

Great Capitals Express Their Delight and Admiration for the President.

LONDON PAPERS ALL REJOICE

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

LONDON, Aug. 29.—The result of the peace conference at Portsmouth will not be generally known in London and other parts of England until this morning. The bare announcement that the plenipotentiaries had reached an accord on all points appeared in the very last editions of the evening papers and the terms will reach the public for the first time through this morning's papers. All persons prominent in political circles are out of town and therefore it is impossible to obtain anything like a concensus of public opinion other than as reported by the leading morning newspapers.

Baron Hayashi, the Japanese minister, was at his country home. He said: "I got my first intimation of the result of the conference from a press telegram sent to me here, but I must decline to comment thereon until I receive official announcement from my government."

A long dispatch was received at the Japanese legation later in the evening and was forwarded to Baron Hayashi.

In all official circles in the clubs and elsewhere, the announcement of the terms came as a complete surprise, and responsible persons declined to express a definite opinion until more information regarding the terms had been received.

London Public Surprised.

The morning papers, while sharing the astonishment of the public at the unexpected nature of the peace terms, accord the greatest praise to Japan for having chosen so magnanimous a course.

The Chronicle attributes the decision which led to peace to the emperor of Japan himself, and says:

"When the Japanese generals and admirals extolled the magnanimous virtues of their emperor as the sole cause of their victories, they did not use empty phrases. The emperor and his advisors have kept their judgment clear. They know that Russia would not pay because she could not, and that at the end of another 18 months' war, while Japan's debt would be doubled, Russia would still be less able to pay an indemnity. That is why we consider, even from the financial side, that Japan has chosen the wiser course. The guidance of the far east is now in Japan's hands, and she holds an opportunity for expansion and commercial growth that in a few years will make the concession of an indemnity appear to be a very small affair."

Paris Lauds President.

PARIS, Aug. 29.—The unwavering conviction of France that President Roosevelt's noble initiative could but result in peace has received its reward. The news of the successful termination of the conference at Portsmouth, produced a profound impression when it was communicated to the members of the diplomatic corps and the high officials of the government who unanimously expressed the keenest satisfaction that the heavy strain and anxiety had been removed and President Roosevelt's persistency was generally considered to have been the main factor in bringing about the happy results.

American, Russian and French officials displayed jubilation, while Japanese diplomats maintained their usual imperturbability, regarding the event as a thing that had been expected. All, however, rejoiced that the disastrous war had been brought to a close with undoubted benefit not only to Russia and Japan, but to the whole world.

Berlin Expresses Delight.

BERLIN, Aug. 29.—Japan has won a great moral victory, Russia a great diplomatic one and President Roosevelt has become the first figure in international statesmanship—that is what Berlin thinks of the result of the Portsmouth conference.

The foreign office says unreservedly that without the president's personal exertions, supported by his unique position and the power of the United States, peace would not have been attained, and that Germany and the whole world will benefit by the statesmanship shown by the Washington government. The foreign office acknowledges the generosity and moderation of Japan, and the steadfast spirit of the Russian government.

Embassy Was Jubilant.

There was animation at the Russian embassy until late tonight. The ambassador, Count Osten-Saken, had gone out of town with the countess, who for a long time has been seriously ill, but the staff of the embassy received callers and their congratulations on what, from a diplomatic point of view, seemed a remarkable Russian success, yet Japan was regarded as having won all she sought for, even in imagination before the war began—of having gained opportunities for the tranquil development of the extensive territory on the mainland and of having won a position in respect to the western great powers that will make them extremely civil to her hereafter.

CAUSES WHICH LED TO THE WAR BETWEEN RUSSIA AND JAPAN

Feeling of outraged national pride following the Russian occupation of Port Arthur after Japan had been forced to give up this important prize obtained in the war with China.

Russia's practical occupation of Manchuria, resulting from her political and naval interests demanding a naval base on the Yellow Sea free from ice.

Extension of Russia's trans-Siberian railway system to Port Arthur, giving rise to the belief that Russia intended to make per control of Manchuria permanent.

Japanese belief that Russia in Manchuria meant Russian intrigue in Korea, which by universal consent of Japanese statesmen for safety and welfare of Japan must be under Japanese control.

Fear that Russian policy would develop in time to restrict the expansion of Japan.

Final presentation by Japan of an ultimatum to Russia, the Russian reply to which was considered so unsatisfactory by the mikado's government that the Japanese minister was recalled and an act of war committed.

PEACE IS INTERPOSED AND THE GREAT ORIENTAL WAR IS ENDED

Continued from First Page.

hotel for luncheon. The Japanese had remained at the conference hall to lunch with Mr. Pierce. The news that peace had been concluded had preceded the Russian plenipotentiaries and such scenes of wild rejoicing have never before been witnessed in the state of New Hampshire as greeted them upon their arrival at the hotel. M. Witte, dazed at the sudden and happy termination of the conference, was fairly overpowered by the tremendous ovation he received. He could only express his gratitude by shaking the hands of everybody, and in response to the volley of questions fired at him as to the terms, murmur:

"We pay not a copek and we get half of Sakalin."

Later in his room, when he had partially recovered himself, he declared that he could not have dreamed of such a victory—for that he regards it as a diplomatic triumph of the first magnitude, he makes no denial to conceal. And that is the general verdict here tonight. The Russians are overjoyed at the result.

"We have had our Liaoyangs and Mukdens on land," they sad, "and our Tsushimas on sea, but the Japanese have had their Portsmouth."

Japanese Stand Aloof.

Although M. Witte is not a diplomatist they declare that he has out-maneuvered the Japanese, yielding one by one to the conditions until he forced them into a corner on the main issue of indemnity and left them no escape except surrender or to convert the war into a war to collect tribute. The Russians declared that diplomatically the Japanese made their colossal blunder when they agreed to consider the conditions seriatim.

The Japanese correspondents, though they said little, plainly showed their dissatisfaction with the terms during the afternoon. They stood aloof, silent in the midst of the general jubilation, for as the afternoon advanced, the air was filled with the sounds of rejoicing. Bells were ringing in Portsmouth and Newcastle, and the fleet in the harbor was adding to the din with their sirens and bells. One of the Japanese, however, gave the true note when he remarked:

"Tell me that the mikado approved it and I shall be satisfied."

In that sentence was compressed the Spartan heroism of the Japanese nation, and later when Mr. Sato issued the official explanation of the reason that moved the Japanese plenipotentiaries and it showed that the emperor had approved, there was a perceptible change in the feelings of the Japanese. Considerable disappointment, however, continues to be manifested.

Baron Komura, following the rule he has set himself, declined to make any statement, and Mr. Takahira would only say:

The Japanese Reasoning.

"For the sake of humanity and civilization, and we believe in the interest of both countries and the world, we have made peace."

Despite the fact that neither the Japanese plenipotentiaries would talk for publication, however, the Associated Press can present their line of reasoning in the words of anotner:

"The Russians may indulge in boastings now. They may call it a diplomatic victory, but we are confident that upon calm consideration the world will applaud our course. To yield upon the question of our demand for the expenses of the war was the only road to peace. We had attained the objects of the war, we had established our predominant position in Korea, we had obtained the leases to Port Arthur and the adjacent territory, we had obtained the Chinese Eastern railroad and the evacuation of Manchuria. We had even obtained important fishing rights along the Russian littoral. These covered the objects which we have kept steadily in view for 19 months of bloody war. These objects insured the resumption of the great works of peace we had planned. To have now set ourselves a new object—that of obtaining money from Russia to defray the expenses of the war—would have involved a continuation of the sacrifice of blood and treasure. At the end—what?

Drafting the Treaty.

"We could not go to Moscow or St. Petersburg. The internal conditions in Russia had to be considered. Our very successes might have created conditions which would make it impossible to secure indemnity. Besides in the final analysis there was the recognition of the fact that to obtain indemnity a country must hold the other by the throat. That is the lesson of history. We renounced such a purpose that our people might return to the peaceful work and that the commerce and normal life of the world might proceed."

The work of drafting the treaty will probably be completed by the end of this week. It is expected that it will not be a difficult task, as the treaty, except for phraseology, is included in the minutes of the meeting. Mr. De Martens has asked Mr. Dennison to do the work in his room at the hotel.

The Associated Press is authorized late tonight to declare that there are not and will not be any secret clauses in the treaty. The Southern branch of the Chinese Eastern railroad ceded to the Japanese begins at the station Quanchontze.

View Taken By Japan.

The official act of this afternoon's meeting was given by Mr. Sato on his arrival at the hotel. It is as follows:

In the afternoon session of August 29, the conference has discussed the details of the treaty of peace. It has been decided to entrust the drafting of the clauses to Privy Councilors De Martens and Mr. Denison, local adviser of the foreign office of Japan, with instructions to finish the work as soon as possible.

The following statement was issued by Mr. Sato on behalf of the Japanese plenipotentiaries:

The question of the final disposition of the Island of Sakhalin and the reimbursement to Japan of her war expenses have from the first been issues on which absolute divergence of views existed. The difference of opinion upon these points—not one but both—have frequently threatened the existence of the conference. But his majesty, the emperor of Japan, responding to the dictates of humanity and civilization, has in a spirit of perfect conciliation and in the interest of peace, authorized his plenipotentiaries to waive the question of reimbursement of war expenses and has consented to a division of Sakhalin upon terms which are mutually acceptable, thus making it possible to bring the important work of the conference to a successful issue.

M. Witte Stands Firm.

It is asserted on good authority that Baron Komura in this morning's meeting presented a new Japanese proposition which M. Witte, however, refused to take into consideration, it being contrary to the ultimatum he had received from St. Petersburg. It was after this that the Japanese plenipotentiaries accepted the Russian proposition, which M. Witte had previously presented in writing.

Not until after M. Witte arrived at the hotel with Baron de Rosen shortly after 1 o'clock and received one of the most remarkable ovations ever accorded a foreigner in this country, did the guests in the hotel know the terms of peace. For half an hour, the crowd awaited the arrival of M. Witte. Word had come that he and Baron de Rosen were returning to their hotel for luncheon, but that the Japanese mission would remain at the navy yard.

By the time the big automobile bringing the Russian peacemakers dashed up to the front of the Russian headquarters the veranda was crowded with 300 persons. The crowd met the envoys before they reached the veranda and began a mighty cheer that did not die until M. Witte had entered his apartment on the second floor and sunk into an arm chair, moved almost to tears and completely overcome by the inspiration of the moment, the conflicting emotions produced by the momentous events at the navy yard and the wildly enthusiastic demonstration which greeted him on his arrival.

Crowd Wild With Enthusiasm.

"Bravo! Bravo!" the crowd cried. In their mad enthusiasm the people rushed to the edge of the veranda and met the 50 or more who had been watching at the corner to give the envoys arrival. Both M. Witte and Baron de Rosen lifted their hats. The occasion was, with all its enthusiasm, too solemn for them to do more than respectfully bow their heads. Then M. Witte started shaking the outstretched hands. Before M. Witte had passed up the stairway leading to his apartments the crowd began crying "What about indemnity; how much did Russia pay?"

The word "indemnity" brought M. Witte to a halt of the first landing of the stairway. Turning to the crowd, deliberately and with that commanding force which has made its personality the most potent factor in the peace negotiations, the great man of Russia with words that seemed to come through his tightly clenched lips, fairly snapped back at his questioners with deep feeling:

"Pas un sou," (Not a cent.)

The ring of pride in his voice told the crowd that M. Witte had won his victory. He came to Portsmouth declaring stoutly that he would not pay an indemnity in any shape or form. He had made good his word.

Forcing his way through the crowd M. Witte met the members of the Russian mission, who rushed forward to shake his hands. Briefly he gave them the joyful tidings. Then as he started up the stairs he said to another inquirer, who murmured the word indemnity:

"We pay not a kopeck of indemnity, sir, not a kopeck."

Not a Cent, Says M. Witte.

The Associated Press correspondent accompanied M. Witte to his room. He had been quite overcome by the great ovation he had received and the intense strain under which he had been. He threw himself into his arm chair and, after a few minutes, "to pull himself together," he began speaking slowly and deliberately—almost as if he were talking to himself:

"It seems incredible," he said. "I do not believe any other man in my place would have dared to hope for the possibility of peace on the conditions to which we have just agreed. From all sides, from President Roosevelt down to my own friends in Russia, I received up to the last moment, even this morning, urgent representations that something should be paid to Japan."

At this point M. Witte, who was still laboring under excitement, almost lost control of himself. He paused a moment. Then he went on. "The Japanese wanted to take our interned warships and I have not consented. The Japanese wanted to limit our naval power in the far east and I have not consented. The Japanese wanted war indemnity or reimbursement of the cost of the war; aye, demanded it, and I have not consented. The Japanese wanted the Chinese Eastern railway south of Harbin, but I gave them only the railroad in the possession of their troops south of Chantufu. The Japanese wanted the island of Sakhalin and I refused it, agreeing, however, at the last moment to cede the southern half, and then only because I was commanded by my sovereign to yield, and obeyed. Not only do we not pay as much as a kopeck, but we obtain half of Sakhalin, now in their possession. At this morning's meeting I presented my written proposition, which was the Russian ultimatum. It was accepted by the Japanese. I was amazed. Until I was in the conference room I did not think what would happen. I could not anticipate such a great and happy issue."

"It was a psychological crisis. I had made up my mind not to strike out a letter of the ultimatum I submitted. So far as I was concerned it was ended. But I could not tell how it would work on the Japanese mind. It was a complete victory for us."

M. Witte, continuing his conversation, said that he would like to explain the visit of Mr. Vanderlip last night in order to prevent false statements and misrepresentation regarding it.

"Mr. Vanderlip," he said, "came to see me not only to speak of the situation in general but also of money matters, and of the possibility of Russia floating a loan in the United States. I told him two things. If Russia must continue the war there is at the command of the treasury a reserve fund of 1,000,000,000 roubles in gold which I accumulated when I was minister of finance. That fund is to protect paper issues, but could be used and we would not be obliged to borrow at unacceptable rates. If I make peace, I told him, from everywhere in America, in France, in Germany, and in England would come a flood of offers of money. Therefore, if peace comes, it would become only a question of whether Mr. Vanderlip's offers were preferable to others."

Japanese Keep Quiet.

The crowd yelled uproariously, all except the Japanese. In a group, the Japanese correspondents returned to the main hotel anxiously awaiting news from the Japanese mission. They were keenly disappointed that Baron Komura and Mr. Takahira had not returned to the hotel for luncheon, and were unwilling to cable home much about the agreement until the Japanese officials' statement had been received. Until that they were unwilling to believe the news.

"We shall wait until we hear from our plenipotentiaries; they will tell the whole truth," said one of them with an emphasis on the adjective.

The whole truth they learned when Mr. Sato made the Japanese official announcement later in the evening. The great Japanese demonstration did not begin until after 6 o'clock in the evening as the Japanese plenipotentiaries and their official secretaries remained at the yard during the afternoon. When it came it was even more remarkable than that for the Russians, for all present appreciated what sacrifices the heroic little nation had made for peace. The crowd which awaited them as they dashed up in an automobile was even larger than that which greeted M. Witte. The cheering came in volleys. Again and again the crowd hurrahed and waved their hands. As the car came under the porte cochere both plenipotentiaries gravely lifted their hats and held them in their hands as they passed through the line of cheering people to the elevator. Baron Komura and Mr. Takahira looked straight ahead and seemed almost embarrassed by the ovation. Even the ringing cheers from all sides did not move them. Only the gravity of the day's work seemed to impress them. They felt the full responsibility which had been upon their shoulders. Solemnity was written upon their faces as they entered the hotel and the sounds of jubilation greeting them on every side did not shut out from their thoughts the home country and the possible effect upon their people of the news of the sacrifice that had been made for peace. Neither plenipotentiary stopped to shake hands, but accompanied by Mr. Sato, went immediately to their rooms.

Japan Expected More.

"I'll be back in a moment," said Mr. Sato, as the elevator took him to the second floor, where he deposited in Baron Komura's room the precious records of the day's proceedings. When Mr. Sato entered the lobby a few minutes later with the official announcement, even the summer girls crowded in and pushed and fought to get on the inner circle. Mr. Sato fairly fought his way to the rear veranda and ascending the bandstand, read the Japanese statement in the same monotony which all his previous announcements have been made.

Near him in a group stood the still incredulous Japanese correspondents. They waited for the last word to be read. It confirmed M. Witte's announcement that Japan received nothing for the cost of the war and gave up half of Sakhalin.

"We did not believe it this morning," said Mr. Fukotomi, correspondent for the Osaki Asahi, as he walked away shaking his head. "Japan expected a great deal more than this.—Division of Sakhalin was not to be thought of. It was won by the blood of our soldiers and we should have kept it. Russia brought on this war; she should have paid for it."

He was interrupted by another correspondent: "But the emperor has ordered it."

"Yes," said another, "it is the emperor's word."

The attitude of the group at the mention of the emperor's name immediately changed.

"Yes," assented one, "the emperor has spoken and Japan will obey. The emperor is all wise and Japan is satisfied."

The incident was a striking illustration of that wonderful devotion of the Japanese for their sovereign and of the implicit confidence they place in his every action. Disposed at first to criticise, Baron Komura and Mr. Takahira for yielding, when they reflected that this had been done by order of the emperor, their criticisms ceased and a few moments later some of the more conservative of them were commending the emperor's magnanimous act.

"The emperor has acted," said one, "not only for the interest of Japan, but for the whole world. He has responded to the earnest appeals of President Roosevelt; he has again shown how merciful is his country; he declines further to sacrifice the lives of his people now that Japanese honor had been defended and avenged. The emperor has spoken; Japan will obey his summons to peace as she obeyed his call to battle—solidly and with an unbroken front."

AMERICAN PLAN SUITS PARLIAMENT OF PEACE

Refers Congressman Bartholdt's Model Treaty to a Committee for Consideration.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

BRUSSELS, Aug. 29.—The interparliamentary congress today resumed the discussion of the American proposition for the establishment of a permanent international parliament. Count Albert Apponyi, representing Austria Hungary, spoke in support of the principle of the American plan, but pointed out that the magnitude of the scheme required mature consideration.

Count Apponyi closed his remarks by moving the reference of the proposition to a committee with instructions to report in three months. Messrs. Moon of Pennsylvania, and Waldo and Goldfogle of New York, strongly supported the American project.

Congressman Richard Bartholdt, of Missouri, received an ovation when he accepted the reference of the proposition to a committee, saying the Americans desired the fullest investigation into the merits of the American proposition. Thereupon the proposition was referred to a committee of specialists from the parliaments of the various nations.

Congressman Littlefield of Maine, Burke of South Dakota, and other congressmen spent the day on the battleship Waterloo.

DIED.

RANKIN—On Wednesday, August 30, 1905, at 1:20 a. m., at her residence, No. 4830 Lytle street, ADALINE McCURDY, widow of M. W. Rankin, in her 75d year. Notice of funeral later.

Three stars from Paris, another from Brussels. Listen tonight at the Expo. They're there with Damrosch for the opening—7 o'clock.

The Pennsylvania Railroad Will Run the Last Seashore Excursion on September 7th. Rate $16.00 round trip. Tickets good sixteen days.

Four new artists with Damrosch at the Expo. Hear them tonight. Concerts at 2:30 and 9:30.

Notice to Housekeepers

Read the want pages daily and keep posted how to secure help.

FEATURES WERE NOT THOSE OF FATHER

Woman Agreeably Surprised When Casket Disclosed Body Other Than Parent.

Three old soldiers of the civil war and a young woman in deep mourning, standing over an open casket in Wilson's undertaking establishment in Cedar avenue, Allegheny, were the figures yesterday in a tableaux that was both pathetic and confusing. The veterans came to arrange the obsequies for the remains of one of their number who had marched and bivouacked with them in many a field. The girl came to look upon the features of a father. The climax came when the four at the same instant discovered that a mistake had been made, that the comrade and father whose memory they would have revered was still among the living and that the body of a stranger reposed in the casket.

Three years ago James H. Powers, a member of Post No. 128, Grand Army of the Republic of Allegheny, was sent to the Soldiers' Home in Dayton, O., broken in health and unable longer to fight the battle for sustenance. On Monday night a telegram from Dayton told of his death. The message was directed to the post headquarters. The reply was a request that the remains be shipped at once to Willison's in Allegheny. At 2 o'clock yesterday afternoon the box containing the dead was placed in the undertaker's rooms.

Prior to this a committee of members of Post 128 had gone to Uniondale cemetery and arranged for the burial. The grave was dug and the comrades placed an order for flowers. The funeral was to have taken place today and the post had been notified to attend, that all honors might be given to the one who had passed away.

Miss Powers, in tears, stood at the side of the casket while Mr. Willison removed the lid. She beheld the still features of a man she had never seen in life.

"That's not my father," she exclaimed.

The four studied the face and the body. It was that of a large man. Powers is small. None of the scars of battle carried by Comrade Powers were to be found.

"That's not Jim," was the unanimous decision of those who had known him for 40 years.

The body was repacked and today will be sent back to Dayton. A message informing the authorities there was sent last night.

James Bloom, chairman of the post committee, has a solution for the mystery. He says Powers cannot read or write, and he knows that during the past three years another man in the institution has been attending to his correspondence. A letter, or perhaps several, belonging to Powers were found in the dead man's clothes. This, Bloom says, evidently misled the Dayton authorities and resulted in the mistake.

Last night Miss Powers went to Dayton to see her father, and says she will bring him back home with her.

CHINA CANCELS RAILWAY CONCESSIONS TO MORGAN

Canton-Hankow Rights Are Taken Back by Celestials and Indemnity Is Paid.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

OYSTER BAY, Aug. 29.—President Roosevelt this afternoon said the empire of China had canceled the rights and concessions of Canton-Hankow railroad, operating between Canton and Hankow in China and that, as an indemnity, the Chinese government would pay to the owners of the road, the American China Development Company, the sum of $6,750,000. The decision to abide by the determination of the government of China to cancel the franchise was reached at the conference yesterday between President Roosevelt and J. P. Morgan, the firm of which Mr. Morgan is the head, controlling the property. The announcement of the decision was issued in the following official statement:

"After full discussion with Mr. Morgan it was decided to accept the offer of the Chinese government to pay $6,750,000 as an indemnity for the cancellation of the contract for the building of the Hankow-Canton railroad. The imperial Chinese government, having cancelled the contract and at the same time expressed a willingness to pay any damage, and a satisfactory amount having been offered, the stockholders have agreed to accept the terms.

"Mr. Morgan has consulted with the administration and shown every desire to do what American interests in the orient demanded, and only consented to the arrangement proposed by the Chinese government in view of the fact that the attitude of the Chinese government rendered it obvious that there was no other course which he could take with due regard to the interest of the stockholders he represented. He could not finally decide until, through Judge Ingraham, he had laid the fact before the president, and the president had stated that so far as he could see no other course was open than to accept the offer."

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Advance Exhibit New Fall Patterns In 9x12 ft. Floor Rugs

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9x12 feet in size—Good, new colorings—

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EVENING SESSIONS.

ROOSEVELT IS MASTER HAND

The Conclusion of Peace Places President at His Zenith.

THE FIRST AMERICAN

Chief Magistrate of the Nation Wins the Admiration of the World.

EFFECT ON AMERICAN TRADE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Room 10, Postal Building,
WASHINGTON, D. C., Aug. 29.

With the conclusion of peace between Russia and Japan the star of Theodore Roosevelt rises to its zenith and he takes a place among the famous characters of history. This is the verdict of Washington, which has watched his efforts to bring about a cessation of hostilities from the moment of their inception, with the keenest interest. When the president first offered his services as mediator grave doubts were expressed in many quarters as to the propriety of his course. George Washington's sound advice to steer clear of entangling alliances was quoted and there were those who had no hesitation in advancing the opinion that Mr. Roosevelt was going out of his way to hunt trouble, and that he was in fact inviting it by mixing in a quarrel with which this country was not concerned directly.

But now that his efforts have succeeded there is none to grudge him the honor and praise that is his due. He will return to Washington this fall pre-eminently the first American. Not only his own country, but the entire civilized world will herald him as the greatest peacemaker of his time.

Cry for Third Term.

A wonderful prestige comes to President Roosevelt with the successful termination of his efforts. It places him at the top of the list as the foremost ruler of the world. He looms up as the greatest character on the world's stage with the limelight of all nations full upon him. Furthermore, it is bound to create a great deal of talk of a third term for him as president. He has said in words that admit of no misinterpretation, that he would not again be a candidate, and it is most likely that nothing could induce him to change his mind. But the fact remains that there are many people who will continue to look upon him as the most available man to succeed himself. Talk of this kind was heard here from the moment the first bulletin was posted announcing that the envoys had reached an agreement. It will continue to be heard no matter what the probability of it becoming a reality.

During the last congress many were the speeches made in criticism of his course relating to foreign affairs. The opposition characterized him as the exponent of force, as the leading disciple of the "big stick" policy. When the state of Panama seceded from Colombia and set up a government for itself which was recognized promptly by the United States it was charged that the president was brow-beating Colombia in order that we might get a route for the isthmian canal.

His Course Always Right.

When Venezuela cancelled a concession held by Americans and assumed an impudent attitude that called forth very direct and specific notes from this government, President Roosevelt was accused of flourishing the "big stick" and seeking an excuse for using it. When the president, in order to prevent an infringement upon the Monroe doctrine, proposed that this government take charge of the revenues of Santo Domingo and administer them in the behalf of that country's creditors, the senate declined to ratify such a treaty and it was stated that this was but another instance of the "big stick" policy.

President Roosevelt's advocacy of a strong navy and an efficient army were cited as proof of his belief in the gospel of force. He was charged with having ambitions to be a war lord and Democrats in congress rose in their places and in impassioned words besought divine interposition to prevent this president of ours from engulfing us in war.

What will be the attitude of these opposition forces in view of the results of the president's mediation between Russia and Japan, is hard to predict. Certain it is that there will be scant opportunity for reviving these criticisms of the president. Those who have questioned his sincerity when he talked for peace with justice while building a powerful navy will be forced to the belief that his "big stick" policy was consistent and that while he prepared for war his desire was for peace.

Means Money for America.

There is a material side to the settlement of the war between Russia and Japan in which this country is intensely interested. When the president brought about a truce he did a stroke of business policy that will mean millions in trade to the commercial interests of this country. With a cessation of hostilities in the far east and a readjustment of the map in consequence of the war, there will come a development of all those oriental countries that will give commerce a tremendous impetus.

The open door for China is provided for in the terms upon which the peace treaty is to be built and by those same terms Korea passes under the undisputed control of Japan, which means that it, too, will be submitted to the civilizing process that will bring the ships of commerce to its shores. In short the entire orient has seen in this recent struggle the benefits of western civilization in the form of great battleships. Occidental methods and training and it requires no vision to foresee that with the awakening of this great section of the globe, trade will thrive.

In all of this the United States will have a prominent part. American goods will be among the first on the counter. American genius and American skill will likewise be in demand.

L. W. STRAYER.

REDOUNDS TO JAPAN'S HONOR.

Jacob H. Schiff Says Self Denial and Moderation Outshines Achievements of Armies.

BAR HARBOR, ME., Aug. 29.—Jacob H. Schiff said tonight:

"Japan's moderation and self-denial redounds even more to her honor than the achievements of her army and navy. My house having staked its business judgment upon Japan's cause by aiding in the financing of her foreign war loans, we feel naturally doubly pleased at the outcome of the Portsmouth conference. The result is to the greatest extent due to President Roosevelt's ability, tact and perseverence. It will forever glorify his name and greatly add to the fame of the United States."

$29.30 to Rocky Mountains, Round Trip from Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania Lines.

Daily until and including Sept. 3d. Quick trip via Chicago or via St. Louis to G. A. R. Encampment. Go one route, return another. Ask Pennsylvania Lines ticket agents.

Last Excursion to Atlantic City August 31st, Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.

Ten dollars round trip; tickets good 16 days. Stop-over permitted at Philadelphia, Baltimore and Washington on return trip. Trains leave Pittsburgh 8 a. m., 8:30 and 9 p. m.

A quintet of the leading orchestra and bandmasters of the world for the Exposition season. Damrosch, the first one, opens the season tonight.

The Man Out of Work

should read The Gazette want pages. Hundreds of situations appear daily.

Great Lessons for All the World

GENERAL.

PREPAREDNESS—"The primary lesson to be derived from the war is the value of preparedness."—Lieut. Com. W. I. Chambers, general board, U. S. N. "The great, all-embracing lesson to be learned from the war is summed up in the one word, 'preparation.'"—Maj. O. M. Lissak, ordnance department, U. S. A.

HOSPITAL SERVICE—The Japanese hospital service has proved that the high percentages of sickness during past wars are unnecessary, as they have cut such percentages, running into the 70s and 80s, to less than 3 per cent.

SECRECY—What is practically absolute secrecy can be maintained, even against present-day journalistic enterprise, such secrecy being an immensely important factor in successful strategy.

ECONOMIC—The Russian soldier has at last the opportunity of comparing for himself the enormous benefits derived from a good government, humane treatment, public education, personal freedom, honest administration and intelligent leadership, with all the opposite vices and faults as rampant in the Russian system.

LAND FIGHTING.

"TEAM WORK"—"Team work" in armies is a matter of primary importance, as was proved by the perfect co-operation of the three Japanese armies operating scores of miles apart.

THE NEW RIFLE—The present quick-firing, long-range rifle makes short-range battles, increases the amount of fighting by night, and re-establishes the bayonet as a serviceable weapon.

HAND GRENADES—The return of the hand grenade and small body shield to warfare, as both were used by the Japanese, will lead to the retention of the assaulting party as a valuable component of the attack.

DIRECT ASSAULT—No fortification, however constructed, can successfully hold out against a direct assault by an enemy careless of death, with a van of skilled miners, and the free use of dynamite.

HOWITZERS—Eleven-inch howitzers, designed for high-angle firing, can be utilized in siege operations so effectively as to force capitulation. "Your big howitzers determined the fall of Port Arthur."—Stoessel.

FIELD TELEPHONES AND BALLOONS—Balloons for war use have failed signally, while the field telephone has proved of immense and constant use.

SEA FIGHTING.

BATTLESHIPS—Battleships and heavily armored cruisers alone can win command of the sea, without which no power can be permanently successful.

NAVAL GUNS—The six-inch and smaller naval guns have proved themselves useless in attack, and four-inch armor and lighter useless in defense.

DESTROYERS—The destroyer has proved a failure. Of the 24 vessels of this type in and before Port Arthur not one made a hit; their main practical use is as dispatch boats.

TORPEDO BOATS—Torpedo boats appear as craft of immense possibilities, capable of even great development, though their usefulness against a battleship squadron has been much over-estimated.

PEACE A VICTORY FOR THE RUSSIANS

Correspondent of St. Petersburg Paper Gives President Roosevelt the Credit.

DREAM OF THE CZAR'S PEOPLE

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

PORTSMOUTH, N. H., Aug. 29.—Alexander N. Briantchaninoff, correspondent of the St. Petersburg "Slovo," writing on the situation, says:

"Peace, so long desired, is at last an accomplished fact. Few believed in it, while many thought it impossible. Humanity, however, imposed peace, and that great man, the president of the American nation, wrought it out with all the force his high courage and generosity of character suggested.

"Peace has been obtained on such conditions that no one can find it unjust or incompatible with the pride of the two great peoples rendered enemies must be a deplorable misunderstanding, while there were all reasons for them to be friends and to work together for the civilization of the far east.

"The peace today is a victory for Russia. It shows that when her destiny is entrusted to hands worthy of a great people, Russia is an imposing force.

"It is a victory for Japan also, a moral victory, higher and more respectable than a material victory, as the Japanese showed in a splendid way that after having obtained all the victories on land and sea, she did not allow the 'chauviniste' feeling to dominate, preferring to be great in peace, as undoubtedly she has been great in war.

"But above all, it is a victory for humanity, of which President Roosevelt is the noble and energetic champion. Humanity wanted at any cost to stop the butchery, and it acted, through its organ, the press, which here in Portsmouth has rightfully been called 'the third party' interested in the result of the conference. Indeed, there have been moments in which the conference seemed at its end, but the press and the president rushed to its rescue and brought it back to life.

"In my capacity as a Russian liberal I am especially glad that such an important event affecting the internal life of my worshipped country should have occurred in the great republic of the United States, toward which the eyes of the Russian reformers are often turned for examples and lessons of reasonable energies of noble and broad humanitarism, of elevated patriotism, and finally of that liberty of which we all dream with so much passion."

DIES IN A STABLE.

Homeless Coal Worker Found Dead. Filtration Plant Employe Killed by Falling Bucket.

Arch Cowan, aged 50 years, an employe of the Monongahela Coal Company, was found dead yesterday in a stable in Kansas street, near Hazelwood avenue, where he had been sleeping. The man had no home and lately had complained of being sick.

C. L. Klingensmith, a brakeman, aged 27, was struck and killed yesterday morning by a train on the Baltimore & Ohio railroad at Versailles. The body was removed to Willison's morgue at McKeesport.

James Johnston, a colored barber, aged about 50, was found dead yesterday in the barber shop of Robert Clark in West Elizabeth, where he had been working. The man had not been well for some time and it is supposed heart disease caused his death.

Thomas Sullivan, aged 32, of Sterling street, Allegheny, employed as a laborer on the filtration plant in Aspinwall, was struck and instantly killed by a huge bucket of earth which fell upon him from the gravity tramway yesterday afternoon. The body was removed to the morgue.

ELOPING CHILDREN WED.

Mrs. Lizzie Hamilton of Allegheny Was Too Late to Prevent Her Daughter's Marriage to Ollie Johnson.

Mrs. Lizzie Hamilton, of Allegheny, was just a few minutes too late in Youngstown yesterday, in her endeavor to stop the marriage of her daughter, Laura, and Ollie Johnson, also of the North Side. The couple went to Youngstown yesterday, got a marriage license and were married by Justice Mitchell. A few minutes later Mrs. Hamilton appeared.

The young couple saw her coming through Central square and fled, finally catching up with a policeman, whose protection they sought. When the mother overtook them, a crowd gathered to hear the vigorous things she said to young Johnson. Then she appealed to Police Judge Calvin, but in vain.

Mrs. Hamilton said her daughter was only 15 years old and the groom 18. Johnson told the justice that he had visions of a warm reception from his father-in-law, when he reached Allegheny, but he was prepared to face the music.

Engineer in Serious Condition.

MEADVILLE, PA., (Special.)—N. Johnson, the Erie engineer, who was injured in the Franklin branch wreck yesterday afternoon, and brought to the hospital here, is still alive, but the physicians state that he may not recover.

Went to Sleep on Track.

SALINEVILLE, O., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—John Turner, a coal miner, aged 51, went to sleep on the railroad track today, and an engine killed him. A whisky jug was found by his side.

WITTE'S MASTER MIND CONQUERS ALL DETAILS

His Career Is Noted For His Ability to Overcome All Difficulties.

Sergius Witte has once more shown the calibre which sent a trainload of provisions to Plevna when no other man in Russia could untangle the cumbersome transportation system and feed the troops cornered by Osman Pacha and who in later years, pushed the trans-Siberian railroad across almost measureless distances and carried out the Muscovite policy of Asiatic expansion.

Son of a small Dutch storekeeper who lived in Transcaucasia and who passed as a German, Sergius Witte began life in a minor department of a railroad in his native part of the country. Nothing was heard of him until the time when he rushed through the train of provisions, clearing the way by side-tracking in a swamp, vibrant with the hum of mosquitoes, a train bearing to the front officers with titles and gold lace. For this he was made minister of railroads.

Next there came to him the chairmanship of a commission on tariffs. Here again his practical mind stood out in brilliant fashion and led him to the ministry of finance. Next above that was the imperial chancellorship and this he received in course of time. As minister of finance he placed the revenues and expenditures of the empire on a practical basis, not by polished, politic methods, but by force of his overpowering personality.

Not one of these promotions ever was gained by M. Witte by reason of friendship or the magnetism of his personality, but because no matter what the position he occupied, he showed himself worthy of a greater—and, in fact, the only man of the time capable of filling the most important posts.

DELIGHTS CARDINAL GIBBONS.

Distinguished Catholic Prelate Declares That President Roosevelt Is the "Peacemaker of Nations."

BALTIMORE, Aug. 29.—Asked for an expression relative to the conclusion of peace between Japan and Russia, Cardinal Gibbons said:

"I am delighted with the happy result of the conference at Portsmouth, the full credit of which belongs to our president, Mr. Roosevelt, who may now be justly styled the 'Peacemaker of Nations.' By his splendid success in achieving this peace, the president has advanced the prestige of the United States to an enormous degree."

PRESIDENT HEARS JOYFUL TIDINGS

News Seems Too Good to Be True When First Heard at Oyster Bay.

WAS READY FOR FINAL APPEAL

[BY ASSOCIATED PRESS TO THE GAZETTE.]

OYSTER BAY, L. I., Aug. 29.—In his library at Sagamore Hill, President Roosevelt, shortly before 6 o'clock this afternoon received the announcement that the Russian and Japanese plenipotentiaries at Portsmouth had reached an agreement and would proceed at once to conclude the terms of a treaty of peace.

The announcement had not been expected today. The president at no time during the negotiations pending had abandoned hope of a successful issue of the conference, but he had realized more clearly than any other man in the world the enormous difficulties which confronted the envoys in their deliberations. While he has not for a moment relaxed his earnest efforts to induce the conferees to continue their discussions with a view to securing a basis of agreement, he had felt for 48 hours that the task he had set for himself in the interest of humanity and civilization was well-nigh hopeless.

The president's final appeals to St. Petersburg and Tokyo had been made. No response had been received from the orient, but from Peterhof had come, in Emperor Nicholas' own words, Russia's ultimatum—"Not a kopeck of indemnity, not a verst of territory."

Darkest Hour Comes.

Then the situation looked black, indeed. The president, however, did not despair. With the final terms of the Japanese government as soon as they should be received from Japan's emperor, he had determined to seek the aid of Emperor William of Germany in support of his proposition that the warring powers submit their points of difference to the arbitrament of an imperial tribunal. Arbitration, in one form or in another, had been the president's solution of the difficulty ever since the difference, seemingly irreconcilable by the envoys, had arisen. To this proposition Japan had acceded. With the powerful influence of the German emperor at Peterhof enlisted it was hoped that the ground of objection might be cut from beneath the feet of Emperor Nicholas. This would be President Roosevelt's supreme effort to secure "a just and lasting peace."

The president's thought of this final appeal was interrupted by the tinkle of the bell of the telephone on his desk. Mr. Loeb, secretary to the president, who was engaged with him at the moment in work on the peace negotiations, answered the call.

"What?" he eagerly inquired, as the message was given him.

The message was repeated.

Seemed Too Good to Be True.

He manifested so much excitement and incredulity that the president inquired: "What is it?"

"It is announced by the Associated Press in an official bulletin from Portsmouth," replied Secretary Loeb, "that the plenipotentiaries have agreed on all points of difference and will proceed at once to negotiate a treaty of peace."

"That is fine—splendid!" exclaimed the president. "But"—as a doubt passed through his mind—"Do you think it is authentic?"

"It is a perfectly definite statement," Mr. Loeb responded.

"Good! Good!" the president declared.

The joyful tidings soon spread through the Roosevelt household. The president did not conceal his profound gratification at the successful issue of the peace conference, the initiative of which had come from him, and the feeling of satisfaction at the outcome permeated the entire entourage of Sagamore Hill. It was a joyful party that assembled a few minutes afterward, around the hospitable board of President Roosevelt.

Official confirmation of the historic tidings reached the president at 2:20 o'clock in a cipher dispatch from Portsmouth. By authority and at the request of Baron Komura, the chief envoy of Japan, the dispatch stated:

Definite News Arrives.

"The plenipotentiaries of Japan have withdrawn their claim for reimbursement of war expenses, and an agreement has been reached as to the partition of the island of Sakhalin. All main points have been definitely settled. The plenipotentiaries will now proceed with discussion of details."

Shortly after the receipt of this message the full Associated Press report of the scenes at Portsmouth incident to the announcement of the news there, including M. Witte's statement of the adjustment of the differences by the conferees, was at the executive offices and carried by a special messenger to President Roosevelt at his home. He read the account with deep interest.

While the president did not seek to conceal his profound gratification that the conference has reached an agreement, he said he felt obliged in the circumstances, to refrain from any formal expression regarding the work accomplished until he should have been informed fully as to the details. It can be said, however, that he feels that the successful issue of the conference is a great triumph for humanity and civilization. Such public expression as he may make regarding the work of the conference will be announced after he shall have had opportunity carefully to consider it.

Whole World Rejoices.

Throughout his little bayside village, friends and neighbors of President Roosevelt, his interest in the proceedings at Portsmouth has been keenly appreciated. The news of the agreement thrilled through the town with magical rapidity. Business was practically suspended for a time, and the people assembled in groups here and there to discuss the unexpected news.

It is regarded here as likely that the first important work of the conferees, now that a general agreement has been reached on the main point of difference, will be the framing of a protocol declaring an armistice and providing for the return of prisoners. The negotiation of a permanent treaty of peace, a subject of grave concern to both powers and to the civilized world generally, will be watched with profound interest.

At the conclusion of their labors in the Washington conference the plenipotentiaries of both Russia and Japan will be received by President Roosevelt either at Sagamore Hill or at the White House. At that reception there probably will be some notable utterances.

Thus the late afternoon and evening messages of congratulation by the score poured in upon the president from people both in America and in Europe. The great part he has played in bringing about the success of the conference and in promoting the interests of civilization is recognized throughout the world, as is indicated by the cordiality and wide range covered by the congratulatory dispatches. None of these messages was made public.

Traveling men make a mistake in allowing all their money to travel with them. Some of it, at least, should be anchored with the Pittsburgh Bank for Savings, Smithfield St. and Fourth Ave., for safety and a Four per cent interest return.

Reputations Made and Lost A Roll of the Commanders

RUSSIAN.

ALEXIEFF—Recalled.
BESOBRASOFF—Recalled.
BILDERLING—Quarreled with Kuropatkin and resigned.
BIELEFF—Arrived at the front too late to serve.
CLADO—Dismissed the service.
FOOK—Held prisoner.
GRIPPENBERG—Resigned under criticism.
KAULBARS—Still in command.
KUROPATKIN—"Relieved" after Mukden.
LINEVITCH—Present commander-in-chief.
MISTCHENKO—Wounded, but resumed command.
ORLOFF—Recalled in disgrace.
PFLUG—Held prisoner.
RENNENKAMPFF—Wounded, but resumed command.
ROJESTEVENSKY—Wounded and held prisoner.
SKRYDLOFF—Recalled.
STACKELBERG—Wounded, but resumed command.
STARCK—Recalled.
STOESSEL—Prisoner on parole, and court-martialed.
UCHTOMSKY—Held prisoner.
VASSILITCH—Superseded.

JAPANESE.

KAMIMURA—Second in command of the fleets, bombarded Vladivostok.
KODAMA—Chief of staff; has planned all campaigns.
KUROKI—Won the battles at the Yalu, Motien and Yantze passes, and then turned Kuropatkin's left flank at Liao Yang and Mukden.
NOGI—Captor of Port Arthur.
NODZU—In command of Japanese center at Liao Yang, Shake and Mukden.
OKU—Won at Kinchau, Nanshan and Anshanshan.
OYAMA—Field marshal and commander-in-chief; Liao Yang and Mukden.
TOGO—In command of Japan's fleets; Port Arthur and Sea of Japan.
USIU—Vice admiral in command at the Chemulpo action.

THE PURITY OF *Apollinaris*

"THE QUEEN OF TABLE WATERS."

offers the best security against the dangers of ordinary drinking waters

London Medical Record.

DETAILED FACTS AND FIGURES OF MOST IMPORTANT ACTIONS

PORT ARTHUR AND CHEMULPO ATTACKS—(February 8-9.) Togo and Uriu, commanding the Japanese, and Alexieff the Russians. Russia lost two vessels sunk and seven disabled; the Japanese two torpedo boats sunk. The victories gave Japan the command of the far eastern waters.

YALU RIVER—(May 1.) The Japanese, under Kuroki, defeated the Russians, under Zasulitch, thus opening the way to the invasion of Manchuria. Seventy-one thousand five hundred men were engaged, the casualties being: 4,196 Russians to 1,059 Japanese.

NANSHAN HILL AND KINCHOW—(May 22-26.) This victory of the Japanese, under Oku, cut Port Arthur off from the north. One hundred and forty thousand men were engaged, the casualties amounting to: 1,074 Russians and 3,500 Japanese.

VAFANGOW—(June 14-15.) Stackelberg's attempt to reinforce the Port Arthur garrison was defeated by Oku, the former losing 4,535 men and the latter 1,120. One hundred and twenty thousand men were engaged.

LIAO YANG—(August 26-September 4.) The first general conflict between the two entire armies, Kuropatkin and Oyama command in person. Of the 420,000 men engaged, the Russian casualties are given at 22,046 and the Japanese at 17,539. The victory lay with Japan. Kuropatkin's retreat to Mukden was masterly.

SHAKE RIVER—(October 11-21.) A second contest between the same commanders and forces as at Liao Yang resulted in a virtual draw, though the Russians were compelled to continue their retreat. Total casualties: 83,747—67,846 Russians and 16,879 Japanese.

203-METRE HILL—(November 30.) The bloodiest of the conflicts waged about Port Arthur, the Japanese victory leading directly to the later surrender of the town. The Russians lost in killed and wounded about 3,000 men; the Japanese fully five times as many.

PORT ARTHUR—Isolated on May 14, 1904; surrendered January 2, 1905—a siege of 232 days. The garrison (43,632 men with 773 guns) was commanded by Stoessel; the attacking force (87,902 men with 606 guns) by Nogi. From the 19th of August, 31 distinct attacks were made and as many sorties; the fighting was practically continuous. Total casualties have been given as: Russian, 32,745; Japanese, 97,459. Russia surrendered 24,363 men, 546 guns, 82,670 shells, 127 tons of powder, 35,252 rifles, 2,266,800 cartridges and 1,920 horses. The victory had cost Japan about $100,000,000, while the Russian financial loss including the value of the destroyed fleet, was not less than half again as much. "Considered as a demonstration of the pitch to which human fortitude and valor may be carried, the siege of Port Arthur reflects the highest credit on both the defenders and the assailants, and is destined to rank in history among the most memorable feats of arms."

HUN RIVER (Sandepes)—(January 25-29.) Grippenberg's brave but fruitless attempt to turn the wing of Oyama's army cost him 12,000 men, with a loss to his enemy of but 5,000. One hundred and fifty thousand were engaged.

MUKDEN—(February 24-March 12.) The greatest of the land actions of the war. Oyama and Kuropatkin again facing each other, with forces of from 700,000 to 800,000, engaged along a front extending from 40 to 100 miles. Japan's casualties amounted to 41,222; those of Russia to nearly 90,000. Oyama's "spoils" included 60 guns, 200,000 shells, 60,000 rifles, 25,000,000 rifle cartridges, 2,000 horses, 250,000 bushels of grain and fodder, and 1,000,000 bread rations. "In the numbers engaged, in extent of the field, in the duration of the struggle and in the magnitude of the losses, Mukden so far overshadows all previous battles of which we have definite information, from Marathon to Sedan, as to stand in a class by itself. It gives Oyama rank as a strategist of the first order. It confirms the impression that Kuropatkin, with his habit of preparing for retreat before going into battle, is not a great commander. Above all, it proves the superiority of the Japanese soldier."

THE SEA OF JAPAN—(May 27-28.) The annihilation of the combined fleets under Rojestevensky (36 vessels of all classes, mounting 372 guns) by the Japanese fleet under Togo (27 vessel of all classes, with an unknown number of torpedo boats, the whole mounting 320 guns) at a cost to Russia of $75,500,000, and the gain to Japan of absolute command of the situation in the far east. Six battleships, five cruisers, one coast defense vessel, two special service boats and three destroyers of the Russian fleet were sunk, and two battleships, two coast defense vessels and one destroyer were captured, along with 2,000 prisoners, including Admirals Rojestevensky and Nebogatoff. Eighty-five hundred and fifty Russians were killed or drowned, including Admiral Voelkersham. Japan accomplished this at a cost to herself of but three torpedo boats sunk, 113 men killed and 444 wounded.

CHINESE LEADER IS HELD FOR MURDERS

He Is Alleged to Have Been the Instigator of the Theater Plot.

[BY PRIVATE WIRE TO THE GAZETTE.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Mock Duck, leader of a Chinese secret society, was held directly responsible by a coroner's jury today for the deaths of four Chinese, shot in a Chinese theater in Doyer street on the night of Sunday, August 6.

Four out of eight prisoners were held by the jury to be the persons who fired the fatal shots, but Mock Duck was called the instigator of the plot. He was held in $5,000 bail while the four were sent to the Tombs without bail. Four other prisoners were sent to the house of detention in default of $500 bail each.

PEASANTS OF WARSAW CLASH WITH THIEVES

WARSAW, RUSSIAN POLAND, Aug. 29.—The peasants in the surrounding districts are making determined efforts to exterminate bands of thieves who have been committing extensive depredations. On August 26 the inhabitants of the Mlonzowa district killed 11 thieves and wounded 50 and the thieves of Warsaw, fully armed, set out to avenge their comrades by setting fire to villages. The peasants thereupon organized to resist them and a conflict is imminent. The authorities have not taken any action in the matter.

STOCK MARKETS FEEL THE EFFECT

Brokers First Doubt the Good News, Business Stands Still, Then Bounds.

JAPANESE BOND PRICES RISE

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Herald Building, Herald Square,
NEW YORK, Aug. 29.

When the first news reached the stock exchange about 11:30 o'clock that the envoys at Portsmouth had agreed on the terms of peace, it fell flat. Brokers eyed one another with suspicion. Prices stood still for a few minutes. They had been deceived so often by false reports that they decided it wise to wait for facts.

Soon somebody appeared to have got official information, for large buying orders came in—particularly in the so-called Standard Oil group of stocks—and prices climbed upward, ½ to 1 point for many issues. Japanese bonds responded to the news and advanced a point or more from the early low figures. They had been weak nearly all the morning, reflecting doubt about Russia yielding to Japan's amended terms. Japanese 6's, which closed yesterday at 99 and had sold as low as 89¾ this morning, soon reached 90¾, while the 4s, which closed at 100¾ yesterday, sold up to 101¾ by early in the afternoon.

Many conflicting orders came in, some of them to sell, on the idea that it is well to sell on good news, others to buy on the belief that the influence of peace will be so remarkable on the commerce of the world that it is bound to have a great effect on all the leading security markets. The buying orders were the more numerous. They poured in from every section of the country which quickly received the news of the settlement of the great struggle. This was genuine buying of stocks, the orders ranging from 50 shares to 1,000 in many cases.

Those, of course, should be distinguished from speculative buying, of which there was a large amount. Offsetting this, there was extensive liquidation by those who thought that with prices near the highest on record, it was time to get out, on general principles. Just how far the changes were liquidating today is a question.

Stocks ruled very strong late in the day and further advances were made in Japanese bonds. The favorites were the 6% per cent issue on the exchange, and the second series of the 4s on the curb, both of which scored gains of 1½ to 2 points for the day. On the exchange the price touched 93½ shortly before the close. The volume of business was considerably larger than during the morning, and net gains of active stocks were from 1 to 3 points.

MISTAKES DIRECTIONS.

Takes More Strychnine Than Is Prescribed and May Die.

By mistaking directions given him by a Cleveland physician for the use of strychnine, August Smith, aged 28, a Pittsburgh railroad man, is lying in a critical condition in St. John's hospital in Cleveland.

Smith is said to have gone to Cleveland yesterday morning on an excursion, and being taken sick soon after his arrival, consulted a physician. He was given strychnine to stimulate his heart, which the doctor believed to be weak, and according to the physician, he was told to take one dose every four hours. Smith is said to have taken a dose every hour for four hours, and was picked up in the street in a dying condition. His recovery is very doubtful.

Fire Laddies Entertain.

The members of the newly organized volunteer fire department of Bloworth held a lawn fete last night on the grounds surrounding the residence of M. J. Slattery, president of the organization. A truck and some apparatus has been provided for the company, when experts to be one of the finest in the state. James Hilands is chief and Thomas Barrett secretary. Headquarters will be fitted up with the proceeds of last night's affair.

Inmate Denies He Is Crazy.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—J. W. Atwell, who escaped yesterday from Dixmont asylum and was caught here about midnight, was returned to that institution this afternoon. Atwell admitted escaping but denied he was crazy, saying he had been confined for treatment for alcoholism.

JOSEPH HORNE CO.

Wednesday, August 30, '05. | Weather—Fair. | Penn Ave. and Fifth St.

On Labor Day, Monday, September 4, This Store Will Be Closed.

Opening of the Exposition. *Tonight the Damrosch Orchestra, fresh from its triumphs at Willow Grove, Philadelphia, opens the Exposition. This is the first time string instruments have been accorded this courtesy—heretofore it has been brass. Damrosch is high in favor here, and of course the opening night will be a brilliant one.*

15 Per Cent Off Refrigerators.

To be sure it looks rather small in print, but let us tell you fifteen per centum is a right smart discount. Say you choose a refrigerator that sold for the close price of $50.00. Fifteen off—$7.50—well, one can do a good deal with seven dollars and fifty cents.

This discount is on the famous refrigerators and ice boxes of the Eddy and Jewett makes, best in the country.

Downward Prices in Silks.

Silks are still going out for little enough prices, and for tomorrow there are some of the finest silk bargains we have named this season. Note these prices:

Fancy Silks for waists and entire suits—75c and 85c grade for 50c a yard; $1.25 and $1.50 grades for 65c a yard.

Plaid silks with pointille effects, and fancy silks in stripes and figures, $1.25 and $1.50 grades, for 85c a yard.

Black crepe de chine—40 inches wide—$1.75 grade for the very low price of $1.35 a yard.

Black satin messaline, 20 inches wide, a 75c grade for 58c a yard.

Black Taffeta, a good wearing quality, a 60c grade for 48c a yard.

$3.00 Umbrellas for $1.25.

They're for women and there are but thirty-five of them.

Fancy handles and fine tape edge union covers.

These thirty-five, formerly $3.00 each, will be closed out tomorrow for $1.75 each.

The rainy season is about due, and notice is herewith given that we are umbrella tinkerers. If you have an umbrella worth repairing bring it to us—we'll fix it up and not charge you much for doing a good job.

Sewing Machines—Why Pay More?

What's the use (or the sense) of paying a high price for a sewing machine when one can be bought that will do all the work required for about half what machines formerly cost.

In our East Basement we have sewing machines of different grades that will perform as well as the highest priced machine on the market. They have all the appliances belonging to any machine. That being so they are the equal of high-priced machines, and we accord them that courtesy in quoting the prices:

$66.00 Sewing Machines for $27.50.
$45.00 Sewing Machines for $25.00.
$35.00 Sewing Machines for $18.00.
$30.00 Sewing Machines for $13.75.

A Delicate Subject—the Eye.

We are apt to treat the eye indifferently seeing that it is among the most important members of the body—in fact it gets more overtime than it should. But we only learn by experience.

However, if you should take a notion to have your eyes looked over we ask you to see our optician—he'll probably tell you something that you'll be glad to know. And he won't charge you anything for the information, either.

If you prefer, go to an oculist and bring us his prescription to fill. Aluminum spectacles and eyeglasses, best crystal lenses, $1.00 up.
Gold-filled Specs and Nose Glasses, $1.50 up.
Solid Gold Spectacles and Nose Glasses, $4.50 and up.

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Daily and Sunday Editions, per year, $6 00.

Anyone unable to purchase a copy of The Pittsburgh Gazette on trains or at news stands will confer a favor by reporting the same to this office.

Wednesday, August 30, 1905.

Two men were stabbed in this city on Monday. One is likely to die. There is some real work in this connection for the police bureau, and it is work that should be energetically done. Public safety is a first consideration and there is no "politics in this."

It is notable that men who have seen much of war are the strongest advocates of peace. The old time telegraphers, sending greetings to Gen. A. W. Greeley, chief signal officer of the army, hope the new lines of communication may never have any messages save those of peace. There was a time when these men handled the messages of war, of strategy, of death, of agony. They know what war is and they know what peace is and they know which is best.

Magistrate Moke has pointed the way for Police Superintendent Wallace, though he has been mild in imposing the penalty. There is a means for dealing with the men who live off immoral women, whether in the Hill district or in the First ward. Supt. Wallace has asserted his knowledge of such misdemeanor in both sections and he ought to get busy in bringing the offenders before Moke. Thirty days is better than nothing for that sort.

This evening the Pittsburgh exposition will be open for its 17th annual season. There is good reason to expect the largest attendance in its history, as there is for saying it is the best exhibit it has ever presented to the public. Pittsburghers attend the exposition as a matter of course. People from out of town cannot afford to overlook the opportunity to get into the city and see the Point show at the same time. Past experience warrants the prediction they will not neglect it.

There is a gold excitement in Harrison county, Ohio, that is attracting considerable public attention. Reports from the scene of operations tell of rich discoveries of quartz and high assays that are calculated to excite the popular imagination. Yet there are doubters. A large part of Ohio has been explored, one time or another, for oil and gas and other minerals. Never before has there been a discovery of gold-bearing quartz. Geologists are skeptical about the existence of gold quartz in any of the strata underlying the rich soil of the Buckeye state. The doubters appear to have almost as firm ground to stand on as the gold diggers.

Our contemporary, the Post, has again vindicated its Democracy, though at the expense of abandoning its campaign of false pretenses. The issue in the campaign, it says, is between Mr. Plummer, Republican, and Mr. Berry, Democrat. It declares with some heat that James Knox Polk Hall and Charles P. Donnelly are not candidates for anything this year and do not enter into the campaign. This can be granted to a limited extent. They are directly concerned in the campaign as chairmen of committees, executive campaign agents and are more properly to be considered than either Durham or McNichol, about whom the Post has been raging. The Post is always Democratic, but not always consistent.

While the canvass of the Philadelphia Republican committee has not been tabulated it gives strong reason for the belief that charges of fraudulent registrations have been greatly magnified. The confidence of the Republican committee in the accuracy of its own canvass is attested in its invitation to the Democratic committee and the committee of seventy to verify it in the September assessment. These last named committees cannot afford to ignore the request and they cannot afford to refuse the verification. The people of Philadelphia and the people of Pennsylvania want to know the truth about this matter and will have no confidence in any element that is unwilling to have the amplest investigation of the facts.

Yellow fever is so far under control in New Orleans that Dr. White contemplates a rearrangement of districts and the release of some of his helpers within ten days. This is gratifying news. There will be need, however, for all of these helpers in the regions outside the city where the infection has found lodgment. The results attained in New Orleans demonstrate the efficiency of federal control and go far toward fixing the mosquito theory of propagation as scientific fact. The work in Cuba had pretty fully convinced the medical profession; that in New Orleans has been convincing to the public.

A Generous Peace.

Japan has generously cut the gordian knot and secured peace. At the moment when Russian pride made the prospect most hopeless Japan yielded the points in controversy, at the instigation of President Roosevelt, and made peace possible. This concession will arouse the first voice of discontent heard in Japan since the war began, but the loyal subjects of the mikado will finally accept the decision. This same concession will be greeted in Russia with more approval than anything that has happened since the war began, but will not bring content to the czar's people.

The Gazette has never accepted the view that Japan's motive in demanding an indemnity was mercenary. Its relinquishment of the demand is pretty good proof on that point. Japan emerges from the conference with brightened honor and better reputation than it entered. It has followed the American example in dealing generously with a beaten foe. By force of arms it won every principle for which the war was waged; the ousting of Russia from Korea and Manchuria; the preservation of the integrity of the Chinese empire; the occupation of Port Arthur and Dalny; finally the open door. Russia had no choice but to concede these points and on the others Japan has so far given way that Russia had no course but to agree.

President Roosevelt incurred the Russian ill will by urging terms that would make peace possible. Japan has met him more than half way in his efforts for peace. It may dawn on the complaining Russians they have treated the president unfairly. It is now obvious he must have asked more from Japan and it is to the credit of Japan that it construed him correctly—simply as being desirous of peace. The outcome justifies Theodore Roosevelt and gives him his rightful place as the foremost statesman of his time.

All the world will be glad over the tidings from Portsmouth that blessed peace reigns. There is to be no more slaughter of human beings; no more of the waste of war. The energy that has been devoted to destruction will be turned back to useful pursuits. It will be largely given over to reconstruction and to construction. That will be good for the world. New trade fields will be opened and new stimulus be given to industrial production. These things will serve, in part, to blot out the horrors that have fascinated and appalled the civilized world during the past 18 months. It may be hoped, however, those horrors may not be forgotten until their lesson has been impressed on the collective peoples of the earth and have borne fruit in better arrangements to avoid war. The time will soon be ripe for the second peace congress to which President Roosevelt has invited the nations.

Where Does Ching Stand?

While news comes from Pekin of abatement of the anti-American boycott and of official action to suppress it, reports of very different tenor are received from Shanghai. From there it is reported that Chang Chien, a commissioner sent by the council at Pekin, is lining up the merchants to enforce the boycott. It is alleged he is stamping goods received prior to the beginning of the boycott, which goods may be sold, but that he prohibits the sale of anything received at later date and threatens imposition of heavy penalties on American merchandise imported through other countries.

There may be some mistake about Chang Chien's mission. He may be misrepresented. In any event it is incumbent on the Chinese government to explain. Official sanction of the boycott has repeatedly been denied. At the same time official encouragement has been suspected. At the present time there is in this country a Chinese agent, commissioned to negotiate for a new commercial treaty with the government at Washington. There can be no negotiations while suspicion of official encouragement of the boycott attaches to China. It is not the American way to pretend one thing while doing another. A treaty may be negotiated when China has cleared itself of double dealing, not before. There is a desire to increase American trade with China, but the loss of all trade with that empire will not coerce this country into making a single concession. The square deal will extend to China, but the square deal must be given there, too.

Inauguration Day.

The present effort of President Macfarland of the commissioners of the District of Columbia to have the date of the inauguration of the president changed from the usually stormy and sleety March 4 to April 30 is not a new proposition. While Commissioner Macfarland is acting in the interest of the health and comfort of the visitors to the capital on that "auspicious occasion," there is a distinctly discernable grain of selfishness in the plea—that the change of date may attract a larger attendance and, therefore, the people of Washington, the carnivorous class, may reap more of the usufruct. That is distinctly the Washington end of the proposition.

The argument that appeals to the country is, that so long as impressive services attending the inauguration of the president are in vogue, compelling the chief magistrate to ride as a public show until he takes the oath of office on the portico of the capital, followed in procession by various officials and by distinguished "patriots" who wish to do him honor—the pneumonia breeding time of March should be changed to the day when April closes her dates on the almanac. This is the only argument that stands the test. March 4 in Washington has generally sent more men to their graves through exposure to the variant whims of the Washington climate than any other agency of death. Many of these departures, of course, have been accelerated by the too frequent hospitality extended by some of the citizens of Washington, at so much per glass. But why moralize further? The country knows the story without explanatory footnotes. To change the date has been tried before and failed in congress, not through any antipathy but apathy. The 4th of March is traditional, and as America has few traditions and no ruins there is, perhaps, a sentiment against the change. The only way out of the difficulty is to have the weather bureau provide the needful sunshine and balmy breezes.

Seriously, however, what is the use of having an outdoor demonstration for such a solemn occasion? Who benefits by it except the residents of Washington? A return to the simple life might solve the problem.

Cut Off the Waste.

A contemporary following the lead of City Controller Larkin inveighs against the use of water meters. It declares "water should be as free as sunlight" and opines meter rates will be a hardship to the poor. The city controller started the opposition to meters with the declaration it was never intended in the universal scheme of things that water should be measured. These opinions are interesting—even picturesque—but they are not valuable. They are illogical and absurd.

Metering a water service does not mean diminishing the quantity of water used in the household, nor does it mean an increase in price. On the contrary, it is designed to prevent the waste of water and to prevent the waste of water means a reduction in the cost of the necessary supply. Measurement of water means that large consumers must pay for what goes through their pipes and that should lighten the burden on domestic consumers. It is all well enough in theory to say water should be as "free as sunlight," but it is truer to say it is cheaper and more plentiful in some of the city's dark courts than is sunlight. It may be that in the universal scheme it was never intended that men should build cities. There is no evidence on either side except the fact they have done so. Having built cities water must be supplied by artificial means and the people taxed with the cost thereof. The further application of a meter system that distributes the cost according to the amount used is a mere detail, a detail that releases the careful man from paying for the water his negligent neighbor wastes.

In this city water is pumped and supplied regardless of actual needs. Faulty plumbing, leaking reservoirs or mains, deliberate opening of valves cause immense waste. The cost of pumping that unnecessary water is included in the rates. To that is added a profit—a large profit—that the administration may have the advantage of an indirect revenue. On the South Side these high rates fatten a private corporation. Metering of the service means the elimination of these items that make up so large a share of the cost and the consequent reduction of the price to be paid by citizens for the water they need.

Pittsburgh had its experience with unmetered natural gas and the waste of it was wicked. Because that gas was supplied by a private corporation meters were promptly introduced. Otherwise the supplying company would have been forced to advance the price enormously, or go into bankruptcy. Illuminating gas is properly metered and is cheaper than it would be if not measured. The same is true of electricity. The same will be true of water. A measured supply should cost one-third less than under the present wasteful system.

The work of putting in meters should not be allowed to lag. Every service pipe should have its meter when filtered water is turned into the mains.

President Roosevelt's vacation is drawing to a close and if there are any more international troubles to settle they had better be hurried forward before real hard work demands his attention elsewhere.

The critics of Miss Alice Roosevelt are quite as much mistaken about the strength of that young woman's Americanism as was the sultan of Sulu.

According to the testimony of the principals in the Taggart case there must have been an enormous amount of lemonade consumed between them.

The Maryland peach crop is said to have been a failure. Maryland peaches, however, will continue at a premium in the beauty market.

When he has completed peace terms with the Japanese the czar will be in practice to try his hand on his own rebellious subjects.

It is all over in Portsmouth but the shouting, and there seems to be a disposition in several quarters to furnish that.

At Portsmouth it seems to have resulted in a mutual case of "Don't shoot, Capt. Scott, I'll come down."

While waiting for the frost the big pumpkins are taking prizes at the county fairs.

Mr. Bryan is supposed to reach Japan in time to hear now it all happened.

Good morning! Did you get your smoked glass on straight?

When the wind grows kind o' dreary
And the leaves begin to fall,
And the marshes echo shrilly
To the bullfrog's twilight call,

Then we know that summer's over,
And we sing a shivering note,
There's the coal and gas bill coming
And we've got no overcoat.

A PREACHMENT BY THE QUIET OBSERVER

Touching on Points Suggested by the Teachers' Confab Now in Progress.

By ERASMUS WILSON.

"Can a teacher marry during the time she is employed to teach?"

Can a duck swim?

Of course a duck can swim if it can find water enough to float it, unless it is a dead one.

And by the same token a teacher can marry if she can find a man who is willing to take her for better or worse.

By getting married, however, she may only be getting out of the frying pan into the fire, for it is not every man who is a fit mate for a teacher, particularly if she is a good one.

Nor is it good policy for a teacher to marry just to get out of teaching, for there are men who can give her more trouble by half than a house full of school children.

The monotony of teaching is not nearly so nerve-racking as the monotony of a dark, cheerless home, and homes are likely to be of that type unless love is the architect who designs them and directs their construction.

Teachers, like most women, and some men, too, are clever deceivers, in a way, a way that is held to be legitimate. They employ the arts to hide defects, to round out scrawny forms, to give tone to complexion and luster to eyes.

This is so common that it is generally held to be legitimate. Nor can you pity a man much who gets cheated in such a deal, for hath he not eyes to see, and hands to feel?

* * *

This marrying question is more serious than some imagine. In fact a great many think it is a joke of the mother-in-law sort. But it is not, as every school superintendent will tell you.

And when a teacher takes a notion to marry there is not much use fussing about it. You may talk ethics and economics to her until your tongue grows weary, and she will be of the same opinion still. To her the psychologic moment has arrived, and if there is anything in psychology, and she has been taught that there is, she feels that she must act.

Not having a contract with the other fellow when she engaged to teach, and having no knowledge of the fact that the psychologic moment was so near, she cannot be charged with playing false, nor with violating the ethics of the profession.

* * *

It is a sure thing that women will leave fathers and mothers, schools and homes, and cleave unto men as long as there are men to cleave to, which is altogether right and proper. If fact that is what she was made for, and in so doing she is filling her mission, and nothing more.

Now and then she misjudges her man, for which slip of judgment she may have to suffer. And there are those who have missed their men entirely, but this does not call for outbursts of sympathy, since good fortune may have been their guides.

If women were required to prepare themselves as thoroughly in order to secure marriage certificates as they have to in order to get teachers' certificates, there would probably be fewer old maids, and there certainly would be more, vastly more, domestic bliss and useful homes.

Good school teachers do not logically, nor necessarily, make good wives, for it is said that they become bossy in disposition, imperious in manner, and commanding in tone.

But nature is kind, even to these, for she has made some men to be bossed and commanded, and who really respect the imperious woman.

So don't be discouraged.

* * *

"Would you advise me to marry a school teacher?" wrote a young man some months ago.

He then went on to state that he was sober, industrious, and not given to any bad habits.

This letter was printed at the time, and many answers were sent in, some of which were printed in this column. One of these caught the attention of Dr. Winship so favorably that he gave it a place in the last issue of the American Journal of Education.

Following is a part of the letter, which was written by a teacher.

"I wonder why the young man asks the question. Even if he be advised to marry a school teacher, the matter is not settled. He has the teacher yet to consult. At least one is supposing such to be the case.

"Perhaps he believes that school teachers generally have such hard and unpleasant work that almost any one of them would be willing to resign and try to teach one man.

"They should be willing to abandon the wholesale teaching where they have several bosses to take up the home school, where they have at most only one boss, and if everything is right no boss at all, but an equal partner.

"A successful teacher is a woman of heart and feeling. She knows that the church, the home, and the school are the three great moralizing and spiritual forces of society, and she is content to be a worker in any of these departments.

"She is a woman of bravery and endurance else she would not be one of the school teachers of America, a class that does more work, and better work, for less pay and fewer hours than any other in the world.

"She knows how difficult it is to capture the dollars and how quickly they fly away, and she would likely be careful of that young man's finances.

"She is good, intelligent, brave, frugal; has administrative ability, is of an even disposition, and endowed with love, and most of the people know that teachers in general are not lacking in good looks, if they are not worked to death and get sufficient wages to live decently.

"Thus the young man who has his eyes on the school teacher seems to have about everything himself to gain.

"Something to give him less confidence in himself may be the fact that nine-tenths of the women teachers who have had average experience have a good many of their ideals regarding men broken up.

"Of course, they do not scream their opinions from the housetops. To express some of their beliefs would mean a loss of their jobs. But they have their opinions just the same.

"The woman teacher's experience in dealing with some of those compendiums of conceit marked off from the common herd of citizens by the title of 'school director' or 'principal' reveals man as occasionally possessing some small, mean characteristic in dealing with women.

"Their workaday life with some men principals, who are using their positions as mere stepping-stones to something else, and who seem to think themselves employed to act as bosses or spies instead of leaders, does not aid the teachers in forming a good opinion of mankind.

"A lot of well-fed, high-salary-earning men oftentimes, and sometimes of conspicuous ignorance, who, as directors, don't think more of the schools than to visit them once a term, frequently draw up contracts that women teachers shall not marry during a school term. It seems to indicate that they think school teachers pretty desirable as wives. They wouldn't do that with a man. They know better, for a man like themselves is a voting animal, and somewhat independent.

"By close contracts, plenty of work, small wages, the directors boast that they are giving the country wonderful schools. Some of them are happily awaking to the fact that good schools should be well paid for.

"The directors would probably advise this young man not to marry a teacher. Sentimentally they might cry, with crocodile tears, against 'robbing' the schools of a good teacher.

"But, as in all such matters, the young man and the maiden will have to settle the question for themselves."

AGED FORGER IS WEARY OF HIS ART

Says There Is No Money In Leading An Evil Life—Gossip of Gotham.

By FRANK A. PARKER.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Proud of his art, yet tired of the prison sentences that were his chief emoluments, William E. Brockway declares that he is no longer a forger, but has been living honestly for the past three years. This fact did not keep him out of the hands of the police, however, for he was arraigned before Magistrate McTighe this morning as a "suspicious person." After he was discharged, Brockway preached quite a little sermon on the question of the methods of dishonesty.

"I guess I'll have to become a director in an insurance company," was the way he opened up. "The men who run insurance companies are just as dishonest as I ever was, but you don't hear of them being haled to court on suspicion."

Yet he is more than 60 years old, and his hand trembles so badly that it would be impossible for him to forge the name of another to a check. Brockway was arrested simply because he was known to be visiting various stationery stores in search of a certain kind of paper. The police department, therefore, decided it would be a good scheme to let the old man know that he could not make a move without the fact being known at headquarters.

Veteran Telegraphers in Session.

Many men of world-wide prominence are among the delegates to the annual meeting of the Veteran Telegraphers' association at the Waldorf-Astoria hotel this week. Best known of all is Thomas A. Edison. Andrew Carnegie is also a member, but he is abroad and cannot attend the meeting. Mr. Edison is to make a speech at the banquet Thursday night. Most of the other veterans are still attached to the business of telegraphing, but many of them have attained high positions. A number of men are here from Pittsburgh to foregather with others with whom they worked in the days when telegraphy was in its infancy.

Dr. Rainsford Sadly Missed.

The parishioners of Dr. Rainsford have heard with keen regret that it is probable that he cannot resume his work this fall, as was expected. His wife, who has just returned from abroad, says the doctor is still in London, and that his health is such that she fears that he will not be able to return at the appointed time. She came over to lay the matter before the vestrymen of St. George's and ask their advice about his venturing to take up the arduous church duties before he has fully recovered. Mrs. Rainsford will carry the decision to him next month.

Fearing Operation, Patient Flees.

Because the patient in the next cot was given ether, Charles Hartling, a brakeman who was injured while at work, fled from the Lebanon hospital today. He did not wait to get any clothing and he created a sensation running through the streets in a night robe. A bicycle policeman and a large crowd of attendants followed him, but he outran them all, and was at home when found, several blocks from the hospital. He feared that an operation was to be performed on him, and declared he didn't want to be cut up for nothing. His wife insisted that he be left at home, and the policemen and the crowd, therefore, disappeared.

Three Words That Bring Hope.

Little Charles Canepi, the 9-year-old son of Joseph Canepi, Yonkers, spoke today for the first time in four months, and his parents hope that he may come out of his long trance. Additional misfortune came to the Canepis yesterday in the death of their baby girl, Alice, just one year old. After the baby's death, when the mother ran from the next room where it lay into the nurse watching the elder child in its death-like sleep, Charlie's eyelids fluttered and his lips moved slightly. Then Charlie murmured: "I'm so glad." It was only three words, but they were three words of unlocked for joy to Mrs. Canepi.

Sea Cat Dies of Broken Heart.

The sea cat is dead. He expired at 6 o'clock this morning in the aquarium, surrounded by sorrowing attendants who sorely felt the loss of one of the ugliest and queerest attractions of the institution. A broken heart, it is supposed, killed the sea cat. Torn from his native haunts in the cool coral caves around the island of Bermuda, and brought here as a new wonder for New Yorkers, he speedily fell ill. He arrived here on last Thursday on the steamship Bermudian, and was taken immediately to the aquarium. He never exhibited any interest in things there.

Pittsburghers in New York.

The following Pittsburghers are registered at the New York hotels:

Waldorf-Astoria.
A. Sang.
R. Garland.
H. Dubl, Jr.
W. A. Case.
Mrs. C. C. Kohns.

Fifth Avenue.
J. H. Smitley.
J. Rhodes.
Miss G. Baird.
U. Baird.
R. Trimble.
Mrs. Trimble.
W. M. Holmes.

Grand Union.
W. Allenbaugh.
T. H. Morgan.
W. R. Smith.
A. Walton.

Marlborough.
Miss Case.
Miss Hogen.
Mrs. M. R. Cluky.
F. J. McKenna.
T. E. Moreland.

York.
F. A. Grant.
S. G. Williams.
J. T. Doyle.
J. Lawler.
J. J. Ryan.

Hotel Astor.
Miss Kell.
Mrs. G. Albertson.
W. C. Reed.
P. S. Flinn.
F. G. Wattles.

Cumberland.
H. Tapolsky.

Woodward.
E. Greaves.
S. A. Jones.

Park Avenue.
R. H. Marshall.
G. D. Damon.
F. G. Blackford.
R. M. Smart.

Normandie.
W. J. C. Hays.
J. H. Mackall.
W. H. Cunningham.

Hoffman.
J. Hertz.
L. M. Fagan.
R. E. Fagan.

Earlington.
R. P. Brooker.

Victoria.
J. W. Blakeney.
R. G. Lindsay.
W. H. Daffron.

Churchill.
T. J. Mantz.

St. George.
J. L. Conellure.

Manhattan.
Mrs. L. B. Stroud.
Miss M. Knowles.
Mrs. J. Reed.
Misses Reed.
D. K. Bartlett.
Mrs. W. C. Jutte.
Miss Jutte.
C. B. Jutte.
W. R. Jutte.
Miss J. L. Roberts.
Miss I. A. Stone.

Empire.
C. J. Stockton.

Cadillac.
A. J. Reimiller.

Astor.
W. A. McLaughlin.
J. E. Nestor.

St. Denis.
Mrs. B. Baukratz.
Mrs. M. Heathcote.

Kensington.
Miss E. Milliken.
Miss R. Philson.
Miss R. Epstein.
Miss A. Epstein.
Mrs. J. E. Reitmiller.
Miss L. Reitmiller.

Bartholdi.
Miss S. Moran.
W. J. Burke.
G. L. Parsons.

Belvedere.
L. Miller.
Mrs. Miller.
The Rev. Mr. Ambrose.

Union Square.
M. Fink.

Albert.
D. L. Stern.

Sinclair.
W. H. Slicker.

Broadway Central.
J. Mantel.
J. Weisberg.

Albemarle.
J. S. Atterbury.
D. T. Waters.

Metropolitan.
S. J. Campbell.

Breslin.
R. C. Harford.
Miss J. King.
Mrs. W. S. King.
F. L. Cohen.
J. C. Demarest.
J. W. Harrington.

Gilsey.
L. M. Wright.

Holland.
Mrs. Aben.
W. R. Balsinger.
T. Reed, Jr.
W. Frew.
Miss M. Rea.
Miss C. Suydam.
J. D. Liggett.
M. B. Sertham.
S. B. Liggett.
J. H. Lockhart.
Mrs. G. W. Lilworth.

Wolcott.
J. Martin.
Mrs. E. J. Irwin.

Grand.
A. J. Worley.
R. Bryce.
J. Bryce.
M. G. Bryce.

Imperial.
J. P. Harris.
C. W. Scovel.
Miss M. Boyd.
S. A. Copeland.

Herald Square.
W. B. Whitworth.
F. Neubacher.
J. E. Langdale.
Mrs. L. B. Stiff.
C. Reisher.
P. L. Ginsburg.
M. Glaser.

Navarre.
J. J. Ryan.

HOW AMERICANS SEE OLD "LUNNON" TOWN

A Jolly Round With Cook's Tourists—Impressions Made On the Foreigners.

The London Chronicle evidently has its eyes open for the unusual. In a recent article in that paper it is related that: Just as the more easy-going city men are making their morning way through Ludgate-circus—about 10 o'clock, that is to say—those who glance around Cook's corner into St. Bride street may notice a little incident which happens there with the regularity of breakfast. It is the starting of a fairly large char-a-banc, crowded every day in these holiday times with a company who have a character all their own.

They have the air of strangers in a strange land. There are bronzed faces, and peaked beards, and dapper coats and opera glasses, and little round hats, and fly-away ties, and traveling veils.

They are, it may be added, eminently respectable, well-groomed, and well-to-do; in curious contrast to the average passenger of the Fleet street pavement. They appear, too, to be intent for the most part upon the utterances of a sturdy, cheery [illegible] who holds forth authoritatively in the midst of the car.

What, then, is this gallant company? Are they a mourning, or a festival, a picnic party, or a new religion? They are none of these. They are just Cook's tourists, these gentle pilgrims, and their red-bearded, jovial leader is "the man from Cook's."

The Sights of London.

To the Cockney there is something almost of pathos in the sight of these good folk, positively setting out to enjoy the sight of the crowded London streets that he would give anything to change for the seashore or the country hedge-row, especially just now. But enjoy it they do.

It is a simple enough day's journey that they make. It could be done—most of it—upon an omnibus. A typical drive, for instance, is one that goes to London bridge, the Tower, and St. Paul's in the morning, and to Trafalgar square, Pall Mall, Park lane, down Bayswater, round to Kensington church, and back by Piccadilly in the afternoon. A wearisomely familiar round to the Londoner perhaps! To this little brake-load it affords a day of wonder and delight never to be forgotten.

After all, it is merely a question of point of view. It is curious, even to the Londoner, what a difference there is in his own world, as seen from that fairy wagon. "This is St. Paul's cathedral." The statement arrives with a curious freshness as the brake starts on its way up Ludgate hill, and the whole company stare awe-struck at the looming dome, and the great doors and dim choir within.

The guide seems hurt that the person in the corner, who happens to be a Chronicle representative, does not express astonishment, but the young Frenchman next to him is visibly impressed.

Then there are a whole crowd of Americans—the women to the fore, the men in attendance, with one or two Colonial people, and a sprinkling of couples from the provinces. Germany is, curiously enough, quite unrepresented.

Veneration for the City.

Taking the drive as a whole, the most noticeable fact was how entirely the West End and its presumed splendors paled in interest before the city itself, at any rate, so far as the Americans were concerned. With them age is the one consideration—the one thing they cannot produce themselves.

The clubs, for instance, the theaters, the new processional road—all these were nothing in their eyes compared to the delights of the Tower.

It was quite marvelous how simple-heartedly they wandered through the stuff old fortress. They did not say smart things. The cutest lady from Chicago listened in dumb fashion to the story of King Richard and the little princes, and gazed with bet an ounce of everpowering reverence for the object, at the thumbscrew, the ax, and the block.

Above all, any old scandal about Queen Elizabeth was welcome. There was a financial statement about Queen Elizabeth that seems to commend itself peculiarly to the American mind.

After the Tower, there was, perhaps, something of an anti-climax, so far as age was concerned, in St. Paul's cathedral; and at the National gallery there was a great falling off of enthusiasm, in spite of Pierpont Morgan's Raphael. Even the old Frenchman, after a room or two, pointed inquiringly to his watch and then to the door, and having been enlightened as to the time of departure, disappeared.

The Old Curiosity Shop.

Indeed, it is to be doubted if, next to the Tower, the greatest event of the whole day was not the final visit to the Old Curiosity Shop in Lincoln's inn fields.

As everybody knows, this particular house has but the remotest claim to being the original of Dicken's novel; but that mattered not to the Americans. They swooped down upon it at the mere mention of the name of Dickens with hungry eagerness, and touched the walls and came back carrying picture postcards as though they were relics from a shrine.

It was remarkable, by the way, how much they preferred the ride through forlorn Great Queen street, with its dingy houses and second-hand shops and memories of Inigo Jones, to any of the spacious ways between Kensington mansions.

One little experience, however, of the West End part of the ride did thoroughly charm them. It is one, too, of which the great proportion of Londoners are curiously unaware. This was the little "dogs' cemetery" near Victoria gate, where miniature graves, bright with flowers, and headed each by its little marble tombstone, testify to the virtues of "dear little Tiny," and "Ranter," and "Bones," and "my Ruby Heart," and "Bello," who spoke through his tender brown eyes with an eloquence better than words," and so on.

In this the American ladies quite revelled. Nothing had pleased them so much between it and the Tower. It was a curious contrast of interests—old dungeons and pet poodles. Perhaps, however, it was not untypical of the American character, as also was the question of one fair New Yorker just as she came out of the Old Curiosity Shop. "Say, guide," she asked, "what's the swellest place around here for tea?"

Breakfast Cocktails.

Tommy—Pop, is it expensive to make gas? Tommy's Pop—No, my son. The gas companies simply make light of the consumers' complaints.—Philadelphia Record.

"Have a smoke, old man?" said Stubjay, proffering a weed.

"No, thank you," replied Wiseman, who had had one before.

"What's the matter? Don't you enjoy a good cigar?"

"Yes; that's what's the matter."—Philadelphia Press.

Ethel (from the motor)—What is the trouble, Harry?

Harry (from beneath it)—I'm afraid the bolt's burst out.

Ethel—Well, never mind. It doesn't show.—New Yorker.

Aunt Ann—You think John no longer loves me?

New Wife (sobbing)—I—I know it, auntie! I popped on an ugly old hat this morning and he never noticed the difference!—Chicago Tribune.

Citizen—What possible excuse did you fellows have for acquitting that murderer?

Juryman—Insanity.

Citizen—Gee! The whole twelve of you?—Cleveland Leader.

"The main diet don't agree with me," said Uncle Rhos, "is very often to one side's more particular 'bout havin' buckwheat an' pie."—Washington Star.

STORIES FOUND IN THE LOBBIES

Interesting Gossip Picked Up at Pittsburgh Hotels and Stations.

There is usually some redeeming feature to the long wait that some of the hundreds of travelers endure at the Union station. Monday evening for a few minutes there was interest in the taking of a runaway boy into custody by two of the Pennsylvania system's detectives. Now and then there is a waiting party, or sometimes there is one of those parties in one evening. Always there is something or other to attract, unless the persons who are waiting are too weary from a day's sightseeing to carry a pleasure what is going on about them. Last night there was the usual interest shown, however, when a party of Indian girls presented themselves for a short wait between trains.

The Indian girls were full blooded members of one of the far western tribes, having come from New York, Inc., where there is an Indian agency maintained by the government. The girls were in charge of Mrs. Marion Lo Vista, who is herself an Indian, the wife of one of the educated red men. Her great grandfather, Black Hawk, was one of the noted chiefs of the early days. She is escorting the Indian girls to the school at Carlisle, where they will be educated. There were eight girls in the party, and they did not appear to mind the greeting of the crowd, for they have traveled thousands of miles and been subjected to scrutinizing eyes for several days.

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West Indian Minister Visiting.

The Rev. F. W. Hanna, rector of St. Andrew's Protestant Episcopal church of Montserrat, British West Indies, who spent the past few days visiting his colleagues, the Rev. Ambrose Devine, assistant rector at St. Peter's Protestant Episcopal church, this city, left with his wife and two children last evening for the east on the Pennsylvania's New York flyer. Mr. Hanna has been established in the British West Indies about 13 years and has built up a large congregation. He and the Rev. Mr. Devine were classmates at St. Augustine college, Canterbury, Eng.

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Among the People Traveling.

C. D. Elliot, secretary of the Republican state committee of West Virginia, is registered at the Monongahela house from Parkersburg. He is here conferring with local men on business matters.

The Rev. Silas C. Swallow, state candidate for governor of Pennsylvania, passed through Pittsburgh last night on the Pennsylvania system en route from Indiana to his home in Harrisburg. He refused to discuss matters, political or otherwise.

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Stevenson Chats With Traffic Men.

Ben Stevenson, the assistant general freight agent of the Toledo, St. Louis & Western railway, or, as it is better known, the Clover Leaf route, spent the past two days in Pittsburgh conferring with traffic representatives of the big interests here. Before he left for Cleveland last night he said, at the Seventh, that he is just making a round of his territory, and expects to be in Toledo in a couple of days.

"The traffic being handled by the American railroads, and particularly those out of the Pittsburgh district, just now is enormous," said Mr. Stevenson, "simply enormous in the fullest meaning of that word. I have been here several times previously, but if this fall doesn't break all records there'll be a lot of men disappointed in their anticipations. While the roads are taxed pretty heavily, there is a good movement, and there need be no fear of a congestion.

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New Clerk for the Lincoln.

R. M. Fawcett took service behind the desk last evening as clerk on one of the turns of the Hotel Lincoln, and the manner in which he showed his adaptation for the position was evening indication that he has the hotel clerk's duties at his finger tips. He has been a clerk at the Bigelow hotel, Indianapolis.

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Recognition for Steubenville.

Col. Samuel Moody, general passenger agent of the Pennsylvania lines west, Pittsburgh, with Thomas Watt Sutton, vice president of the Steubenville & Indiana railroad, left last night for a two days' stay in Steubenville. The object of the visit is to confer with the officials of the Steubenville & Indiana railroad relative to the establishment of a new passenger station. In fact, that matter is to be the chief department's duties. But the colonel does show an appreciation for the city, and has just made consideration of the proposition that hereafter train No. 9, the fast St. Louis special that leaves here at 5 o'clock each evening and makes the run to Columbus in 2 hrs., so to speak, shall stop regularly at Steubenville.

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Arrivals at the Hotels.

Henry—E. J. Flanagan, Alliance; Mr. and Mrs. Charles L. Moore, Ashland, O.; C. W. Miller, Youngstown; J. Mon King, Wheeling; James Kelly, Scottdale; S. E. Willis, Johnstown.

Colonial—E. F. Fogel, Connellsville; S. P. Oldroyd, Warren; E. S. Salsbury, Oil City; J. H. Mitchell, Rochester; William Kelly, Latrobe.

Duquesne—James E. Roderick, Hamilton; Henry Hays, Uniontown.

Griswold—G. W. Church, Waynesburg; J. Henry Jennings, Millersburg, W. Va.; E. Widmer Mossey, Butler; Mr. and Mrs. S. S. Hay, Meyersdale; the Rev. H. S. McClelland, Murrysville; Nicholson, C. Ritzburger and William Edwin, Addison, Pa.

Boyer—J. J. Sutter, Rimersburg; J. J. Halter, Parkersburg; C. B. Rose, Greensburg; Harry Culp, Waynesburg.

Newells—Mr. and Mrs. A. E. Harris, Bradford; Mr. and Mrs. A. M. Tayne, Uniontown; Fred Boor, Meyersdale.

Monongahela—Mr. and Mrs. H. Brookins, Lorain; F. E. Case, Newton Falls; W. H. Miller, Franklin; John F. Bissett, Steubenville; George F. Stein, Somerset.

Anderson—F. D. Murphy, Franklin; A. W. Carter, Cleveland.

Seventh Avenue—C. E. Morton, Allegheny; A. C. Allen, Steubenville; Walter McCullough, Washington.

Lincoln—J. D. Dewalt, Meadville; A. G. Fox, Rochester.

Astler—E. J. Johns, Steubenville; L. Thomas, Youngstown.

A Fortunate Demand.

"There never was a time when" is the common formula for introducing assertions in the superlative about the present time. Gov. Johnson of Minnesota employs it in saying that there never was a time when the demand for young men of ability and energy was so great as it is now. That is certainly fortunate, because with an increasing population there are more young men, and no doubt the percentage of the able and energetic among them is as large as it ever was.—Chicago Record Herald.

Beats a Snake Story.

Eggs which had been under a sitting hen on the farm of Joseph Wiley, near Bridgeton, N. J., showed no sign of hatching after the regulation period and some days to spare, so Wiley took the hen off and threw the eggs into a field. The next day he saw little chicks hopping from the eggs he had thrown away. The hen had done what the hen had failed to accomplish.

Thy Will Be Done.

(The following poem by the late John Hay does not appear in any of the editions of Mr. Hay's poems. It was originally published in the Independent.)

SAYS POLICEMAN INSISTED ON KISS

Disgraceful Assault on Mrs. Mary B. Dick by East End Guardian of Law.

THRILLS IN MRS. DICK'S STORY

Mrs. Mary B. Dick of 224 Frankstown avenue, tells a remarkable story of an experience she had a few nights ago with a policeman patroling an East End beat.

Mrs. Dick's narrative is an interesting one, full of thrills, and indicates that at least one of Pittsburgh's "finest" is of the opinion that the man of blue and gold is a person of large privileges.

"I was returning from the home of a friend in Ivy street, when the policeman assaulted me," says Mrs. Dick. "With this Ivy street woman and her baby, I went automobiling in her machine and visited her father out in the country, back of Homestead. It was dark when we started home and we lost the road. When we got back to her house it was after midnight, and before leaving I helped dress the baby for bed. By the time I got down on Ellsworth avenue it was 2 o'clock, and after I had waited for a night car for some time I started to walk, as the distance to my home is short.

"At the corner of Ellsworth avenue and Spahr street a big policeman stopped me and demanded to know where I was going. When I told him, he wanted to know why I was out so late, and although I did not think it was any of his business, I told about the automobile trip and the delay in getting home.

"'Oh, come on, give us a kiss' he said, grabbing me by the wrist and dragging me over the foot-bridge toward the Sacred Heart church. I commanded him to let me go and said I didn't think an officer would dare attempt such a thing.

"'We can dare do anything,' he said, as he continued to drag me toward Center avenue.

"I broke away from him finally and ran out Ellsworth avenue and started across the bridge spanning the Pennsylvania railroad tracks. He caught me again and bending me backward, tried to kiss me. I struggled and he bit my lip. In the scuffle I got a deep cut on my chin, I think from contact with his badge or the buttons on his coat. Then he threw me down on the bridge and I started to scream. He picked up his mace and ran down Spahr street as fast as he could and disappeared."

"When I got home I had one of the men who rooms in my house go with me over to No. 6 police station where I reported the affair to the sergeant. He told me to call at the station house the next evening and point the man out. My ankle was so badly hurt in the struggle that the next day I could not walk. There was a big bruise between my shoulders caused by the fall I got, and this turned black and blue.

"My friend in Ivy street called on me, and we talked about my experience. She is afraid that if I take action against the policeman she will be brought into the affair, and she does not want to have anything to do with it. For this reason I do not know what to do. That policeman should be punished; he is paid to guard the lives and property of the people and not to assault defenseless women in the streets. I have heard nothing from the police station, and I suppose the affair was never reported to the inspector of this district."

Capt. John Callan, who is acting inspector in the East End district in the absence of Inspector James McAvoy, said yesterday afternoon that he had taken no action in the matter because Mrs. Dick failed to return to identify the policeman who, she says, assaulted her. Last evening Capt. Callan stated that he was making every effort to find the policeman who is said to have assaulted Mrs. Dick, and that as soon as he had him located he would send him up for trial before the police board. It is understood that Superintendent Wallace only heard of the assault on Mrs. Dick last night and that he is very wrothy over it.

SECRETARY BONAPARTE HAS OPINIONS OF HIS OWN

Does Not Agree With the Court of Inquiry Which Investigated the Bennington Case.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Secretary Bonaparte has just completed a thorough examination of the record of the proceedings of the court of inquiry in the case of the disastrous boiler explosion on the United States steamship Bennington at San Diego, Cal., July 21, last, and will announce his action in a day or two. It is understood that he does not agree with the court in several of its conclusions in the matter of the individual responsibility of various officers and men of the vessel for the conditions which resulted in the explosion.

In accordance with the recommendation of the court Secretary Bonaparte has decided to convene a court-martial in San Francisco for the trial of Ensign Charles T. Wade, who was in charge of the engineering department of the Bennington at the time of the explosion, on the charge of neglect in performance of his duty, for having failed to see that the safety valve on boiler B was overhauled at the proper time, and kept in good working order and also for having failed to keep the sentinel valves on the boilers in good working order.

At the request of President Roosevelt Secretary Bonaparte has prepared a special report in regard to the Bennington disaster, in which he gives his views at length upon the advisability of recommending new legislation re-establishing the naval engineer corps.

M'KEESPORT WATER SERVICE IS ENDANGERED BY BREAKS

The pumps of the McKeesport water department, which elevate the water from the wells along the Youghiogheny river bank to the high-service station in Riverview park, have almost been put out of commission by two serious breaks within a week. Although there does not appear to be much danger of a water famine the department will be compelled to work at a disadvantage until new parts can be secured from New York. One day last week a piston rod snapped and repairs were made temporarily. Yesterday the cylinder head of the same engine burst.

MAKING A RELIEF MAP OF M'KEESPORT'S STREETS

City Engineer T. W. White of McKeesport and his assistants are making a relief map of the city, which will cost about $10,000. It will show all the improved and unimproved streets, the location of sewer, gas and water mains and the poles and wires of all the telephone and electric light companies. The map will be kept in the office of the city engineer for use of the city assessors, registers, engineers and others who often have occasion to hunt for information of that character.

Loses His Diamond Ring.

James Roberts of Homestead was thrown out of his buggy in a runaway near Lebanon, Mifflin township, yesterday. In addition to being bruised, Roberts lost a $150 diamond ring.

Secure Your Tickets and Pullman Accommodations at 360 Fifth Avenue

For the Pennsylvania Railroad last SEASHORE EXCURSION on September 7th, $10.00 in coaches or $12.00 in Pullman cars when accompanied by usual Pullman charges. Tickets good 15 days.

Secure Your Tickets and Pullman Accommodations at 360 Fifth Avenue

For the Pennsylvania Railroad last SEASHORE EXCURSION on September 7th, $10.00 in coaches or $12.00 in Pullman cars when accompanied by usual Pullman charges. Tickets good 15 days.

Wagner nights and matinees, symphony night and concert, afford variety at the Expo, which opens tonight with Walter Damrosch.

Notice to Housekeepers

Read the want pages daily and keep posted how to secure help.

BIG SOUTH SIDE MAIN IS TAPPED

It Is Connected With Downtown Line to Give Relief to Twentieth Ward.

WATER PROMISED ON SEPT. 1

The 50-inch water main being laid to the South Side from Highland reservoir No. 2, has been tapped to give relief to the residents of the Twentieth ward in the Baum Grove and Friendship park districts, who have been complaining bitterly of a water shortage. Superintendent Knowles of the bureau of filtration, who has been superintending the job, says water will be flowing through the immense South Side water main on Friday and Director Bigelow will have kept his promise to give the Twentieth ward a water supply within 30 days.

Connection was made with the South Side main last night, the 20-inch main that extends along Penn avenue being joined with the larger South Side main at Penn and Negley avenues. The South Side line runs from the new reservoir in Highland park down North and South Negley avenues. A gate has been put in at Penn and Negley to block the water at that point, so that the supply can be diverted into the Penn avenue line, thence up Penn avenue to the district where the shortage exists. This district begins at Penn and Winebiddle avenues, and extends as far as Liberty avenue.

Connection With Downtown Line.

The connection which was completed last night at Negley and Penn avenues is only a part of the scheme to furnish relief to the Twentieth ward. The 36-inch main that extends from the old reservoir, No. 1, in Highland park and supplies the downtown district of Pittsburgh, has also been tapped at Butler street and Haights run and an emergency 36-inch line laid from the downtown line to the new South Side line.

The first connection with the South Side main is made just outside the gate to Highland reservoir No. 2. The gate is kept closed during this temporary arrangement in order to keep the water from the downtown main backing up into the new reservoir, instead of flowing through the South Side main along Negley avenue.

Considerable difficulty was experienced by the city officials in getting pipe for the emergency line that connects the downtown and South Side mains. The emergency line is 2,400 feet long and after some delay the pipe was finally delivered a week ago last Sunday.

"We have been working quietly and I am satisfied we will be able to give the Twentieth ward people water at the time Director Bigelow promised. We expect to have everything ready by the first of the month, which will be on Friday. The South Side main was attached to the downtown main because the South Side main is a low pressure line."

South Side Will Kick.

A large force of men have been working on laying the pipe and making the connections during the past week. They have worked day and night and on Sundays. While Director Bigelow dated his promise of 3 days from July 28, a few days of grace have been claimed for him, although several wagers were made that the water shortage would not be remedied within the time the director set.

While the present connection with the big South Side main to give the Twentieth ward relief is considered temporary, it is the intention to make a permanent connection with the big main to supply the Twentieth and possibly other East End wards, and probably the Twenty-third ward also.

When it was first proposed to tap the South Side main strenuous objections were raised by the South Side councilmen, they claiming that the money for the South Side main, which cost over $500,000, was voted with the understanding that the main would supply the South Side exclusively.

TROY WANTED FOR MURDER.

Coroner's Jury Holds Him Responsible for the Killing of Groundkeeper Louis Rosenbeck.

Coroner Armstrong yesterday morning conducted an inquest into the death of Louis Rosenbeck, former greenkeeper at the Pittsburgh Country club, who was shot and killed on August 12, while struggling with Daniel Troy. The coroner's jury recommended that Troy be captured and held on a charge of murder.

The tragedy occurred at Rosenbeck's home, Nine Mile Run. After the shooting Troy escaped, and although the city and county authorities have sought him, nothing has been heard of him since. Mrs. Rosenbeck on the stand testified she and her husband had been visiting friends named Smith, with Troy, who formerly worked for Rosenbeck, and who for about six months was a boarder at the Rosenbeck house. The woman said she heard sounds of a struggle and her husband cried:

"Katie, I'm shot. Come here."

She says when she approached the house Troy and her husband struggled through the door and fought on the porch. When questioned she said Troy shot Rosenbeck, but admitted she did not see the shooting. All had been drinking, and she said Troy was intoxicated.

According to her story her husband and Troy had been quarreling during the day. The revolver with which Rosenbeck was shot was his own and the last time the woman saw it was in the room formerly occupied by Troy.

A. J. Boyle, superintendent of the country club, testified that he had been informed of the shooting over the telephone and visited the Rosenbeck home. He talked with the wounded man and the latter said "Dan" had shot him. Rosenbeck described the struggle and said:

"I wrestled with him and took the revolver from him."

ROBERT C. ROUTH ENTERS FIELD

An Unknown in Republican Politics Announces His Candidacy for County Register.

NO ONE BROUGHT HIM OUT

Robert C. Routh has made his appearance in Allegheny county Republican politics. He comes out of the Fifth ward of Allegheny and says he intends to be a candidate for the Republican nomination for register of deeds. Late yesterday afternoon he dropped into Chairman Ford's office and signed the formal announcement.

Routh explains he has been reading in the newspapers that the primaries are open to all and believes he has as much show in the game as the other fellow. He was found last night at the Standard Sanitary Company's plant in Woods Run, where he works as a "buffer," and gave this explanation for his entry into the county contest.

Owing to the heated fight between John A. Fairman and Robert K. Cochrane for the nomination for recorder, the appearance of another Allegheny man in the field gave the impression he was getting into the contest to in some way assist either one of those aspirants. Routh denies his candidacy has anything to do with either Fairman or Cochrane.

"Next Hallowe'en night I will have lived in Allegheny 40 years," said he, "and I figured I had a right to butt into the political game if I wanted to. No man asked me to enter the contest. While I work for Francis J. Torrance, I never see him and do not know him. When Wyman was elected recorder I was for him, but I have not talked with him for two years and do not know whether he will be for me. I hear there are a couple of other men running for register, but I do not know them. There may be some more in the field before the time is up. I have lived in various parts of the city. When I was for Wyman my home was in the Fourth ward, but I haven't any more home than a rabbit now—I am boarding in the Fifth ward."

John A. Fairman is making a lively fight for the recordership nomination. His friends say he has made a great deal of headway in the few days he has been looking after his fences. Cochrane had the field to himself for about 10 days, but since Fairman returned to town he has found he has stiff opposition. Fairman has made a great many battles for other people and those benefited in the past are now endeavoring to reciprocate. He will probably open headquarters in a few days and make Allegheny the storm center of his campaign.

LARKIN AND WALLACE EVADING THE ISSUE

Shifting Responsibility Upon Each Other for Paying Macbeth-Evans Guards.

The warning served on Controller Larkin and Superintendent of Police Wallace by the American Flint Flass Workers' union not to pay the two policemen on duty at the Macbeth-Evans Glass Company's plant on the South Side, out of the funds of the city, has caused those two officials to shift the responsibility on to each other. Notices were served upon the controller and the superintendent of police, as published yesterday in The Gazette, and also upon the sergeants at the South Side police station.

The controller was warned not to countersign warrants for the pay of the two policemen for the month of August, and Supt. Wallace and the two sergeants were notified not to put the names of the two policemen on the city payroll.

The controller and Supt. Wallace were both asked yesterday what answer they proposed to make to the demands of the glass workers' union and if the two policemen doing private duty were to be again paid by the city.

"I intend to investigate the matter when the payroll reaches me," said the controller. "It is a matter, however, for Supt. Wallace and Director Moore to determine. They should decide whether there is a necessity for the city maintaining guards at the glass plant. So far as I know there has been no trouble there."

"I don't know what I will do," said Supt. Wallace. "The men were ordered put on the city payroll by Director Moore. There has been a strike at the glass plant for some time, but there has been no trouble there. It is a matter for Larkin to decide. I may talk with him."

Until July the two policemen who were assigned to do private duty at the glass plant were paid by the company. In July Director Moore gave the order to put the men on the city payroll and relieve the company of this expense. This was done and for the month of July the two guards were paid by the city. If the controller and Supt. Wallace again pay the men out of the city funds the officers of the glass workers' union, which is concerned in the strike at the plant, declare they will go into court and hold the city officers responsible for the money paid out of the city treasury.

Five Families Are Homeless.

Five frame buildings in Patterson avenue, Duquesne, were destroyed by fire early yesterday morning, causing a loss estimated at $25,000. The flames started in the store of George Wintner. The Duquesne volunteer fire department responded, and McKeesport was asked to lend assistance. By the time the McKeesport firemen reached the scene five houses were burned to the ground. Wintner lost all his furniture, a horse, cow and two valuable dogs. His loss is $3,000. The families of John Kronak, John Mascak, John Miller and Mrs. Lyon were also burned out.

CHAMBERS WILL AGAIN ENTER THE GLASS TRADE

Former President of American Window Glass Company, With Leopold Mambourg, Purchases Big Coxey Factory at Mt. Vernon.

James A. Chambers, who has been considered the greatest of window glass manufacturers and who was forced out of the presidency of the American Window Glass Company, has again entered the business. Mr. Chambers and Leopold Mambourg of Middletown, O., formerly secretary of the Federation Window Glass Company, yesterday bought the immense plant erected by Gen. Jacob S. Coxey at Mt. Vernon, O.

The sale was made by the receiver, and Messrs. Chambers and Mambourg won only after hot competition. New York, Cleveland and Cincinnati representatives were all after the property. The price paid was $75,000.50.

The deal includes everything that belonged to the Coxey glass interest. The main building is one of the largest ever constructed for this work, being 1,000 feet long by 510 wide. The company has also closed a contract with a Mt. Vernon gas company for a supply for 10 years.

It was announced that work will be started at once on the erection of a 96-blower window glass factory, designed to be the largest and most complete plant of the kind in the United States. It is hoped to have the enterprise in operation by January 1, when employment will be given to 700 men with a pay roll of $50,000 a month. The new concern will erect 700 houses for homes for employes. The plant is to operate by hand-blowing machines, it is said, not being considered for the operations.

The glass plant "broke" Gen. Coxey after he had expended $300,000. It has been four years since the buildings were erected.

The re-entrance of Mr. Chambers into the window glass trade means much. His ability not only as a factory operator, but in maintaining friendly relations with the employes and in marketing his product are well known. His plant will be the largest with which the American company will be brought into competition.

Enchanting evenings. The poet-artist, Damrosch, opens the Expo tonight.

KLEBER
64 Years in Pittsburgh.
221-223 Fifth Avenue.
PIANO MAKERS
FACTORY: GREENSBURG.

PICKERING'S

CLOSED MONDAY, LABOR DAY

CARPET, RUG AND DRAPERY DEPT'S.

Clean-up week in CARPETS RUGS and CURTAINS. In order to make room for our new fall stock, we have concluded to offer you at a great sacrifice the Odds and Ends in these Departments. The following will give you some idea of what you can save, viz.:

8 Patterns of Heavy Ingrain Carpets	(was 65c yd.)	Clean-up Price	49c
10 Patterns of Best Wool Ingrain Carpets	(was 85c yd.)	Clean-up Price	69c
7 Patterns of Good Tapestry Carpets	(was 85c yd.)	Clean-up Price	69c
8 Patterns of Best Tapestry Carpets	(was $1.10 yd.)	Clean-up Price	90c
9 Patterns of Good Velvet Carpets	(was $1.25 yd.)	Clean-up Price	98c
10 Patterns of Extra Axminster Carpets	(was $1.65 yd.)	Clean-up Price	$ 1.29
20 9x12 Body Brussels Rugs	(was $35.00)	Clean-up Price	$29.50
25 9x12 Wilton Velvet Rugs	(was $32.00)	Clean-up Price	$27.50
25 9x12 Royal Wilton Rugs	(was $60.00)	Clean-up Price	$49.50
20 Rolls China Matting, 40 yds. to roll	(was $ 7.50)	Clean-up Price	$ 5.50
25 Rolls Japan Matting, 40 yds. to roll	(was $14.00)	Clean-up Price	$11.00

Ask to see our Odd Pairs in Lace and Portiere Curtains.....
Ask to see our remnants of Oilcloths and Linoleums..... AT HALF PRICE

REMEMBER WE MAKE, LAY AND LINE ALL CARPETS FREE OF CHARGE

YOUR CREDIT IS GOOD

TENTH AND PENN

We trust people out of town, and pay the freight anywhere. WRITE FOR CATALOG.

EXPOSITION VISITORS ARE CORDIALLY INVITED TO VISIT OUR MAMMOTH STORE—LARGEST IN THE WORLD.

COMMENCING SEPTEMBER 1, OPEN DAILY UNTIL 6 P. M. SATURDAYS UNTIL 10 P. M.

AMUSEMENTS.

TONIGHT ...AT THE... EXPO DAMROSCH

THRILLING SPECTACLE "FIGHTING THE FLAMES" MACHINERY HALL.

NEW EXHIBITS: Electrical Wonder—Creation; Chamber of Commerce Relief Map; Miracle Oil Painting; Immense Ferris Wheel; Game and Fish Exhibit; Canadian Agricultural Exhibit; "In and Around New York;" Gallery of Notables; Pennsylvania Railroad Exhibit.

ALL CARS TRANSFER. DOORS OPEN 7 P. M.

NIXON Popular 50c Mat. Wednesday. Regular Matinee Saturday
LAST WEEK SIMPLE SIMON SIMPLE
Best Seats 25c, 50c, 75c, $1.00 and $1.50.
NEXT WEEK Henry W. Savage Offers for a Return Engagement
THE KOREAN COMIC OPERA,
THE SHO-GUN
By GEORGE ADE and GUSTAV LUDERS
Pretty, Witty and Tuneful. Brilliant Cast. Beautiful Chorus. Magnificent Production.
SEAT SALE TOMORROW.

ALVIN Special Price Mats. Tues., Thurs., Sat. Best Res'd Sats, 25c & 50c.
THIS WEEK
GEORGE EVANS
In the New York Casino Success
THE RUNAWAYS.
Next Week, Nat. M. Wills in Duke of Duluth.

Bijou Bargain Mats. Mon., Wed and Sat. Best Res. Seats 25c and 50c. This Week—
JOE WELCH IN THE PEDDLER
NEXT WEEK—"King of the Opium Ring."

GAYETY—Every Afternoon, Every Evening.
ROSE SYDELL'S LONDON BELLES
Olds Exposed at Every Performance.
Next Week—THE FAMOUS BON TONS.

EMPIRE THEATER.
Up Town, Collins Ave.
Reached By All Car Lines.
This Week: THE WHITE CAPS
A Matinee Wednesday and Saturday.
NEXT WEEK—A WIFE'S SECRET.

MANUFACTURERS.

OLIVER
Iron & Steel Company,
ESTABLISHED 1863.
MANUFACTURERS OF
Soft Welding Steel and Iron.
Bolts for Railways, Wagons and Agricultural Implements.
Telegraph and Telephone Pole Supplies.
General Offices at
SOUTH TENTH STREET WORKS, PITTSBURGH.

HARRY W. WILLIAMS Academy "THE HOME OF BURLESQUE"
2-SHOWS A DAY-2
IMPERIALS—HARVEY PARKER.

KENNYWOOD PARK ALWAYS FREE
GILMORE'S AERIAL ARTISTS
THRILLING STUNTS IN MID-AIR.
All Kinds of Up-to-Date Amusements.

LUNA 2 and 8 P. M. Daily. Military Band and
BLANCHE MEHAFFEY
SOPRANO SOLOIST.
ADMISSION.....10 CENTS

SOUTHERN PARK. 8:30 P. M. Heywood, ½ man ½ woman. Vodvil. Pittsburgh Pictures.
OAKWOOD PARK. 8:30 P. M. Wm. Josh Daly's MINSTRELS

RIVER PACKETS.

Pittsburgh and Cincinnati Packet Line

"The Waterway of the World."

Str. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Huntington, Ironton, Portsmouth, Cincinnati, Louisville and way landings. Leave wharf-boat foot of Wood st., as follows: Str. Keystone State, every Monday at 4 p. m. Str. Queen City every Wednesday 4 p. m. Str. Virginia every Saturday at 4 p. m. Fare—Fgh. to Cin., $7, round trip, $14, meals, berth included; down by boat return by rail, $14. For freight or passage apply to Jas. A. Henderson, Gen. Mgr., Tel. 1762 Court, Pittsburgh, Pa.

KANAWHA RIVER PACKET.

Side wheel steamer GREENLAND, M. B. Greene, Master; Chas. Stalder, Clerk, leaves Patterson's wharfboat every Friday at 4 p. m. for Wheeling, Marietta, Parkersburg, Gallipolis, Charleston and all way points, making direct connections to Cincinnati Route 170 to Charleston, Elk, Pinest, Passenger and freight accommodations. S. B. Patterson & Co., Geo. R. Chetlet, Agents, 207 Water st.

RAILROADS.

BESSEMER & LAKE ERIE R. R.

Trains leave B. & O. depot, Allegheny (Eastern Standard time), for Conneaut, O.; Erie, Girard, Meadville and Conneaut Lake at 8:15 a. m. and 1:25 p. m.; for Greenville, Mercer, Grove City and Butler at 8:15 a. m., 1:25 and 4:50 p. m. All trains daily except Sunday.

E. D. COMSTOCK, G. P. A., Pittsburgh, Pa.

RAILROADS.

Pittsburgh Union Station
Pennsylvania Lines.
By Central Standard Time.

TRAINS. LEAVE. ARRIVE.
Chicago, Cincinnati and St. Louis * 1.10 am * 1.40 am
Fort Wayne and Chicago * 8.10 am * 11.30 am
Indianapolis and Louisville (St. Louis) * 8.10 am * 11.30 am
Columbus and Cincinnati * 8.10 am * 3.35 pm
Akron and Cleveland * 8.10 am * 3.30 pm
Cleveland and Buffalo * 8.10 am * 3.35 pm
Wheeling and Cleveland * 8.10 am * 3.35 pm
Akron and Cleveland * 8.10 am * 3.35 pm
New Castle and Erie * 8.40 am * 3.30 pm
New Castle and Erie * 3.30 pm * 11.30 am
Youngstown and Ashtabula * 3.30 pm * 11.30 am
Ohio Valley Express * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Akron and Akronet * 4.30 pm * 10.45 pm
Fort Wayne and Chicago * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Wheeling and Cleveland * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Wellsville and Bellaire * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Mercer and Oil City * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Jamestown and New Castle * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Youngstown and Ashtabula * 5.30 pm * 8.30 pm
The Cleveland Express * 8.00 am * 8.30 pm
Columbus and Cincinnati * 8.00 am * 8.30 pm
The Limited Special * 12.00 nn * 11.30 pm
Akron and Toledo * 11.30 am * 8.30 pm
Columbus and Chicago * 11.30 am * 8.30 pm
Youngstown, Ashtabula & Jamest'n * 11.30 am * 8.30 pm
Jamestown and Ashtabula * 11.30 am * 8.30 pm
Cleveland and Bellaire * 1.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Alliance and Akronet * 1.30 pm * 8.30 pm
East Liverpool and Steubenville * 1.30 pm * 8.30 pm
The Cleveland Express * 4.00 pm * 8.30 pm
Mercer and Oil City * 4.30 pm * 10.30 pm
Kinsman and Youngstown * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Jamestown, Youngstown and Niles * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
The St. Louis Express * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Youngstown and Chicago * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
The Cleveland Special * 4.30 pm * 11.30 pm
Westerfield and Bellaire * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
Akron and Cleveland * 4.30 pm * 8.30 pm
The Chicago Special * 5.00 pm * 8.30 pm
Cincinnati, Indianapolis, Louisville * 5.00 pm * 8.30 pm
Columbus and Indianapolis * 5.00 pm * 8.30 pm
The St. Louis Express * 5.00 pm * 8.30 pm
The Pennsylvania Limited * 5.40 pm * 8.30 pm
Toledo and Detroit Express * 8.00 pm * 8.30 pm
Beaver Falls and New Castle * 8.00 pm * 8.30 pm
Akron and Cleveland * 8.00 pm * 8.30 pm
The Pennsylvania * 11.40 pm * 7.40 am
Leave for Washington, D. C. 12.00 am, 7.40 am, 9.00 am, 11.40 am, 1.30 pm, 3.30 pm, 4.30 pm, 5.40 pm, 7.00 pm, 11.40 pm. Arrive from Washington, D. C. 12.00 am, 7.40 am, 9.00 am, 11.40 am, 1.30 pm, 3.30 pm, 4.30 pm, 5.40 pm, 7.00 pm.
Leave for Monongahela, 8.40 am, 12.55 pm, 4.30 pm, 11.40 pm. Arrive from Monongahela, 8.10 am, 12.30 pm, 4.00 pm, 11.30 pm.
Leave for Castleton and Allerton, at 10 pm. *Every day. †Week days. ‡Sundays only.

RAILROADS.

PENNSYLVANIA RAILROAD.
Trains leave on Eastern Standard Time
From Union Station, Pittsburgh,
FOR PHILADELPHIA, NEW YORK, BALTIMORE AND WASHINGTON.
The Pennsylvania Special, daily, for North Philadelphia and New York 12.05 a. m.
Manhattan Limited, daily, for North Philadelphia and New York 1.00 a. m.
Keystone Express, daily 1.40 a. m.
The Pennsylvania Limited, daily 2.00 a. m.
New York Limited, daily 7.20 a. m.
Atlantic Express, daily 7.30 a. m.
Main Line Express, daily 8.30 a. m.
Eastern Day Express, daily, for Philadelphia 9.00 a. m.
Day Express, daily 12.05 p. m.
Mail Express, daily, for Baltimore and Washington 12.45 p. m.
Buffalo Special, daily, for Buffalo, Through Sleeping Car to Niagara Falls 1.25 p. m.
Chicago Mail, daily, for Baltimore and Washington 4.20 p. m.
Eastern Express, daily, for Philadelphia and New York 4.35 p. m.
New York Express, daily 5.25 p. m.
Philadelphia and Washington Express, daily 7.00 p. m.
New York Special, daily, for New York, Baltimore and Washington 10.00 p. m.
Philadelphia Special, daily, for Philadelphia only. Sleeping cars only 10.00 p. m.
Buffalo Night Express, daily, for Buffalo 11.00 p. m.
For Oil City, 6.25, 9.00 a. m., 1.15, 1.30, 4.05 and 11.00 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m., 1.30, 4.05 and 11.00 p. m.
For Titusville and Corry, 9.00 a. m., 1.15 and 11.00 p. m. daily. For Titusville only, 1.30 p. m. week days.
For Du Bois, 6.25, 9.00 a. m., 1.15 and 4.05 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m. and 5.05 p. m.
For Atlantic City (via Delaware River Bridge), 10.00 a. m. daily. For Cape May, 10.00 a. m. daily, except Sunday.
For Atlantic City (via Delaware, Maryland and Virginia Railway), 8.00 a. m. daily, except Sunday.
For Cape May, 10.00 a. m. daily. "The Pennsylvania Limited," 8.00 a. m. week days. "New York Limited," 7.20 a. m. week days.
For Asbury Park, Ocean Grove and Long Branch, 10.00 a. m. week days, 10.00 p. m. daily.
For Connellsville and Uniontown, 8.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.10 and 5.05 p. m. week days. 4.35 p. m. Sundays.
For Monessen, 9.00 a. m. and 12.10 p. m. week days and 4.35 p. m. Sundays.
For Greensburg, 6.25, 8.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.10, 4.05, 5.05, 8.00 p. m. week days. Sundays, 8.00 a. m. and 5.05 p. m.
For Derry, 6.25, 9.00 a. m., 1.15, 4.05 and 11.00 p. m. week days. Sundays, 9.00 a. m. and 5.05 p. m.
For Latrobe, 6.25, 8.00, 9.00 a. m., 12.10, 4.05, 5.05, 8.00 p. m. week days. Sundays, 8.00 a. m. and 5.05 p. m.
For Mount Pleasant, 8.00 a. m., 4.35 p. m. week days.
For Mount Pleasant, Scottdale and Connellsville, 9.00 a. m. week days.
For Somerset, 4.35 p. m. week days.
For Ligonier, 8.00 a. m. week days.
For Butler, 1.00 and 6.10 p. m.
FROM ALLEGHENY.
For Butler, 6.20, 8.25, 10.35 a. m., 3.30 and 6.45 p. m. week days. Sundays, 7.00 a. m., 1.30 p. m.
The Exclusive Passage Express Carriage will call for and check Baggage from Hotels and Residences. Time Cards and full information can be obtained at the Ticket Offices—639 Fifth avenue, corner Fourth avenue and Try street, and Union station.
W. W. ATTERBURY, J. R. WOOD, General Manager. Pass'r Traffic Manager.
GEO. W. BOYD, General Passenger Agent.

RAILROADS.

BALTIMORE & OHIO RAILROAD
(Eastern Standard Time.)
Leave Station, Smithfield and Water Sts.

LINES EAST. Depart. Arrive.
Cumberland Accommodation * 4.30 pm * 9.35 pm
Connellsville & Mt. Pleas. † 8.00 am † 10.05 am
Wash., Balt. & New York * 8.00 am * 7.40 pm
Cumber., Oak. & Fairmont † 8.00 am † 6.40 pm
Cumber., Oak. & Fairmont † 1.30 pm † 10.00 pm
Cumb., Wash. & Balt. * 2.00 pm * 7.40 pm
Cumber., Oak. & Fairmont † 5.00 pm † 10.00 pm
Connellsville & Mt. Pleas. † 5.00 pm † 10.05 am
Connellsville Accommoda. * 4.30 pm * 9.35 pm
Morgantown, Cumberland and Western * 8.00 am 11.30 pm
Philadelphia & New York (Day Express Limited) * 8.00 am * 7.40 pm
West Newton Accommoda. * 4.30 pm * 7.30 pm
Wash., Balt. & Phila. * 11.30 pm * 7.40 am
LINES WEST VIA WHEELING.
Wash., Balt. & Wheel. Ex. * 1.30 am * 3.30 am
Kenova Parkersburg (Ohio) * 7.00 am * 7.40 pm
Ohio, Ch. & St. L. Ex. * 7.00 am * 7.40 pm
Wheeling & Kanawha * 7.00 am * 7.40 pm
Wheeling & Parkersburg * 7.00 am * 7.40 pm
Wash., Ch. & Wheeling * 7.00 am * 7.40 pm
Wash., Ch. & Wheel. Ex. * 11.30 pm * 3.30 am
Ohio, Ch. & St. L. Ex. * 11.30 pm * 3.30 am
LINES WEST VIA ALLIANCE.
Akron, Akron & Lorain * 7.00 am * 3.30 pm
Chicago & Cleveland * 7.00 am * 3.30 pm
Chicago Limited * 7.00 am * 3.30 pm
(Leave Allegheny.)
Butler * 7.00 am * 8.40 am
Butler, Tarentum * 8.30 am * 10.40 am
Butler, Parnassus, Kane * 8.30 am * 10.40 am
Butler, Oakdale, Lake, Erie * 8.30 am * 10.40 am
Butler * 12.00 nn * 1.40 pm
Butler, Oakdale, Lake, Erie * 3.30 pm * 5.40 pm
Butler, Oakdale, Greenville * 3.30 pm * 5.40 pm
Butler, Slippery Rock * 3.30 pm * 5.40 pm
Butler * 5.30 pm * 7.40 pm
Butler, New Castle * 5.30 pm * 7.40 pm
Butler, Tarentum * 5.30 pm * 7.40 pm
Butler * 8.30 pm * 10.40 pm
*Daily. †Daily except Sunday. ‡Sunday only.

BUFFALO, ROCHESTER AND PITTSBURGH RY.
Ticket Office, 504 Smithfield St. Trains Leave B. & O. Station, Pittsburgh, Pa.
Eastern Standard Time. Leave. Arrive.
Buffalo and Rochester Express (Cafe-Observation) * 8.00 am * 3.05 pm
Day Express (Cafe-Buffet-Parlor Car) daily * 9.00 am * 3.05 pm
Dubois Accommodation * 4.05 pm * 11.30 am
Buffalo & Rochester Night Express (Pullman Sleepers) * 10.00 pm * 7.45 am
*Daily. †Week days.

WABASH SYSTEM
Station, Corner Liberty Ave. and Ferry St.
Central Time—*Daily. † Depart. ‡ Arrive.
Wheeling Express * 7.00 a m * 3.20 p m
Toledo, St. L., Kan. City * 8.00 a m * 6.00 p m
Wheel. Ex. except sun. † 4.30 p m † 3.45 p m
Wheeling 9p.m. Mon. only ‡ 5.30 p m ‡ 3.45 p m
St. L., Chi., Kan. City * 10.30 p m * 8.00 a m
Pullman Sleepers and Free Reclining Chair cars on through trains. Cafe Parlor Car on Wheeling trains.
City Ticket Office, 350 Fifth Avenue.

MR. ANDREWS SAYS VICTORY IS SURE

Philadelphia Situation Does Not Complicate Matters in the State.

ROUNDING HIS HALF CENTURY

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
Press Building,
PHILADELPHIA, PA., Aug. 29.

Col. W. R. Andrews, Republican state chairman, made his first official prediction today. Chairman Andrews is more widely known for the things he does, rather than for the things he says he is "going to do." For this reason his political forecasts always carry weight, if not conviction.

There was a large number of prominent up-the-state Republicans at headquarters today, and all of them assured the chairman that the Wanamaker insurgents were making no headway in their respective counties. It was stated that the insurgents were trying to put the knife into J. Lee Plummer, Republican candidate for state treasurer, and urging voters to support Berry, the Prohibition candidate. That this was the insurgent program has been known to the Republican leaders for months. Discussing this phase of the fight Chairman Andrews said:

Mr. Plummer will be elected state treasurer by the usual off-year Republican majority. The Philadelphia situation will not have the slightest effect on the ticket outside of the city. As a matter of fact, I expect to see a larger vote polled than usual in the year following a presidential election. The reason for this is not hard to find. In at least half the counties of the state there will be local contests for judge, sheriff, prothonotary, coroner, county commissioners and other such officers, and as a result the vote polled will help the state ticket materially by increasing the interest among Republicans in the country districts.

Although we only opened the state headquarters here today, we have been in touch with the leaders of all the counties for months, and know whereof we speak. I say to you absolutely that the people up the state are not taking more than a passing interest in the Philadelphia situation. They are taking the view that it is an exaggeration to say that they are as keenly alive to the developments as the people of the city. The up-state voters are taking the stand that their representatives in the legislature take in regard to legislation affecting the cities. They believe that the city members know what is best for their districts, and so do not interfere.

One of the signs that most strongly shows that there is no wavering along the Republican line is the fact that already we have been swamped with offers from solid men in all parts of the state to take the stump in behalf of the ticket. They are anxious to serve the party without a particle of compensation, and this condition has never been known to exist whenever the ticket has been seriously threatened or there is any widespread dissatisfaction.

Next year I shall have rounded out an active career in politics of half a century. In the 49 years that I have been in the saddle I have seen many a hard-fought campaign. It is upon that experience which I base the predictions that I have made, and I repeat that Mr. Plummer will win without trouble. Election day will show that this is correct.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

CORPORATION ISSUES FIVE PER CENT BONDS

SHARON, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—The Mahoning & Shenango Railway and Light Company, the new corporation which includes all of the merged street railway and light plants in this section, has provided for an issue of $10,000,000 10-year 5 per cent bonds of which $3,000,000 will be available for extensions and improvements. The company's stocks are divided into $4,000,000 4 per cent cumulative preferred stock and $6,000,000 common stock.

Record a Large Mortgage.

UNIONTOWN, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—A mortgage was left for record here today from the Monongahela Water Company in favor of the Union Trust Company of Pittsburgh for $450,000. The paper states that on July 20 the stockholders voted to increase the bonded indebtedness to the sum named. Thomas H. Lynch is president and D. H. Coble secretary of the company which furnishes water to many Frick plants in Fayette county.

The Death Roll.

James Preston.

James Preston, aged 54, died Monday night at his home, 4217 Hatfield street. He was born in this city and was formerly connected with the Allegheny Valley railroad and later with the Keystone Bridge Company. He was injured several years ago and retired. He was a member of Golden Rule council, Jr. O. U. A. M. Two sons, James and William Preston, and two daughters, Mrs. Jennie Shearer of Tarentum and Mrs. Blanche Rittenbach of this city, survive.

Obituary Notes.

James M. Donaldson, aged 58 and single, of Rice's Landing, who was admitted to the McKeesport hospital on August 9 suffering from heart disease, died there yesterday. He was a river pilot. One brother, Steven, survives him in Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Sarah J. Johnston died yesterday afternoon at Canonsburg at an advanced age. She was the widow of Robert Johnson, and leaves four children. Two sons are missionaries in Africa.

Caleb A. Steck, a well-known resident of Greensburg, died there yesterday, after a long illness. He leaves four children. Two sons—Amos and Horace—are residents of Pittsburgh.

Mrs. Martha S. Gieger, widow of Capt. B. F. Gieger, died yesterday morning at the home of her son-in-law, Edward H. Eaton, in Latrobe. She was born at Somerset, and was 74 years old. Six children survive her.

Hammel H. McClean, Jr., president of the National Packing Company, died suddenly in Chicago yesterday. He was stricken during the night with acute indigestion, coupled with heart disorder.

Hugh White, aged 78 years, and one of the pioneers of Beaver county, died Monday. He was prominent in politics. He is survived by his wife and seven children.

MARRIAGE LICENSES.

The following marriage licenses were issued yesterday: J. C. Brown, Bertha Jackson; Edward Forbes, Sadie Christopher; Thomas R. Edwards, Freda Burger; Charles F. Paulan, Amanda Kempf; M. J. Winkler, Mary A. Birmingham, all of Pittsburgh.

Patrick Sharp, Margaret Lyons, Allegheny. Thomas J. Fay, Susan M. Carroll, Wilmerding.

Harry W. Johnston, Myrtle E. Bryant, Turtle Creek.

Peter Wagner, Ellen Price, Braddock.

Sampson Peacock, Susie Lusin, Carnegie.

A. F. Van Patten, New York, Ivora Stauffer, McKeesport; Patrick F. Nestor, Youngstown, O., Mary Coyne, Pittsburgh; Jessie Stimmel, Wilkinsburg, Ann M. Snyder, Pittsburgh; Derr B. Neagley, Edgewood, Louisa McKain, Avalon; E. G. Howard, Pittsburgh, Emma Lehman, York, Pa.; W. S. Close, Rankin. Minnie Ormes, Homestead; George B. Eller, Sheraden, Mary Joyce, Pittsburgh; Barry Stewart, Sharpsburg, Mary M. Morrow, Bakerstown.

Chautauqua Lake and Return.
for Only $3.00,
Via Pennsylvania Railroad.

On Friday for afternoon and evening trains and Saturday for all trains, via Pennsylvania Railroad. Tickets on sale for trains leaving Pittsburgh, Union Station at 1:10 P. M. and 11:00 P. M. Friday, and 9:00 A. M., 1:10 P. M. and 11:00 P. M. Saturday, good to return until the following Monday, inclusive. On sale at Pittsburgh and East Liberty.

Why be bothered with coal when you can burn gas in your range at a cost of from 75c to $1.00 per month.
See Peoples Natural Gas Co.,
Columbia Bank Building.
No charge for service connection or setting meters.

$3.00 to Cumberland and Return,
Sunday, September 3rd.
Special train leaves Baltimore & Ohio Station, Pittsburgh, 7 A. M.

The Man Out of Work
should read The Gazette want pages. Hundreds of situations appear daily.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

NEWS OF THE NEARBY TOWNS AND COUNTRY

RUINS OF PENN TRAFFIC CO.'S STORES AT JOHNSTOWN

JOHNSTOWN, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—The Penn Traffic company of this city, despite its $500,000 fire of this morning, is not out of business. Already plans are being perfected for the construction of a temporary frame building to house a few of the many departments until the company can rebuild permanently on the site of the old building. The fire is still burning in the ruins. The walls of the last wing fell this afternoon, injuring John Dorian. An agitation has been started for a paid fire department. The department at present consists of 13 volunteer companies and about 1,500 men.

LINCOLN PARTY FILES PAPERS

Insurgents Pre-empt Use of Name by Move in Dauphin County Courts.

TO ENDORSE WILLIAM H. BERRY

THE PITTSBURGH GAZETTE BUREAU,
HARRISBURG, PA., Aug. 29.

The "insurgent" ticket this fall is to be nominated under the name of the Lincoln party. Application for the exclusive right to use that name was filed this afternoon with the Dauphin county court.

The signers to the application are Col. George E. Mapes, one of the editors of the Democratic Philadelphia Record; Henry C. Niles, who was recently turned down by the York county Republican convention in his attempt to put through a resolution denouncing Senator Penrose and the Republican state organization; Lewis Emery, Jr., of Bradford, conspicuous in every independent Republican movement the past 25 years; Jacob F. Leisenring, who has repeatedly fought the Republican ticket in Blair county, and James Bateman, a member of the City party in Philadelphia.

It is said the new party will nominate William H. Berry, the Democratic-Prohibition candidate for state treasurer, and then try to disguise its true purpose by nominating the Republican candidates for supreme and superior courts, against whom even the straight-out Democrats have no candidates.

Headquarters of the Lincoln party are to be established in Philadelphia. While the party will endeavor to put up a fight against J. Lee Plummer, the Republican candidate for state treasurer this fall, the real object of its leaders is believed to poll enough votes to entitle them to nominate a ticket by state convention next year, when Mayor Weaver of Philadelphia may be a candidate for governor.

WILL BUILD ON RUINS OF BURNED FACTORY

NEW CASTLE, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Work was begun today in rebuilding the plant of the New Castle Forge and Bolt Company's works, which was partly destroyed by fire, with $100,000 loss. The company carried $70,000 insurance on the plant and secured a settlement at $65,000, after several conferences with the insurance adjusters. The burned building was a frame structure, and will be replaced with one of iron and steel. The plant employs about 200 men.

Glass Factory to Reopen.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—The Shenango glass factory, owned by the American Window Glass Company, will begin operations this week with eight automatic blowing machines, after being idle for 18 months. Over 200 men will be employed.

Family Fatally Stricken.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—One dead and three critically ill from typhoid fever is the plight of the family of Benjamin Johnson of Mahoningtown. Both mother, father and a 4-year-old daughter are lying ill while a 13-year-old daughter died today. Only one member of the family, a 15-year-old daughter, has so far escaped the fever.

LEVERMAN SAVES TRAIN BY DITCHING A FREIGHT

New York and St. Louis Express Saved by Presence of Mind of Man in Switch Tower.

[SPECIAL TELEGRAM TO THE GAZETTE.]

ALTOONA, PA., Aug. 29.—At the risk of his own life today Joshua Thompson, a Pennsylvania railroad leverman at the tower near Tyrone, saved a New York and St. Louis express from a head-on collision, but in doing so he was obliged to ditch an eastbound freight train, running 30 miles an hour.

The freight had been ordered stopped at Thompson's tower to permit the express to pass. For some reason the engineer did not obey orders. The express was about due, and knowing a wreck was certain Thompson threw a switch and ran the freight train in on a siding, at the end of which was a bank of earth.

The engine of the freight ploughed through the tower, and went over into an excavation, remaining on its wheels with the engineer at his post. Ten cars were wrecked. Thompson escaped by fleeing from the tower.

MAN EVIDENTLY MURDERED.

Police of East Liverpool Dealing With a Mysterious Case—Body Found on Street Car Track.

EAST LIVERPOOL, O., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Local police are dealing with a supposed murder mystery. Last evening a Wellsville car ran partially over an object, which afterwards proved to be the body of a man. This morning the body was identified as that of James Griffin, a Wellsville steel worker. Griffin was last seen in company with two companions, and the three were violently quarreling.

After the body was found the police arrested Ferdinand Ash, who was partially concealed in some bushes nearby. A hat belonging to some one else besides Griffin or Ash was also gotten near the scene, but its owner cannot be found. It is believed that Griffin was killed by a blow on the temple and his body placed on the track in a spot where the light was dim. Ash is being held on suspicion of complicity.

Thrown from Horse and Killed.

WAYNESBURG, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—John Johnson, a school director of Perry township, was killed by being thrown from his horse today. He was riding to the house of a neighbor when his horse broke through a culvert in the road throwing Johnson to the ground. One rib was broken and it penetrated his lung causing death. He was 45 years of age and leaves a widow and family.

White Ribbon Women to Meet.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—The 21st annual convention of the Lawrence County Women's Christian Temperance union will be held at the Reformed Presbyterian church Thursday and Friday, September 21 and 22. Mrs. R. W. Skinner, county president, and Mrs. Charles W. Foulke, county secretary, are arranging the program.

Dropsy at Last Proves Fatal.

SHARON, PA. Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Mrs. Harry Jones died this morning at her home in North Water street from dropsical trouble. Two months ago Mrs. Jones apparently died. An undertaker was called, but when he came she showed signs of life and physicians revived her. Telegrams had been sent to relatives notifying them of her death.

BOY SEES MOTHER KILLED.

Woman at Irwin Crushed by Locomotive in Sight of Six-Year-Old Boy. Dies Instantly.

IRWIN, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Mrs. L. A. Churchfield was killed today at the Pennsylvania railroad station, in sight of her 6-year-old son and a crowd of waiting passengers. With her boy she started to cross the eastbound tracks to take a train. At this moment an empty engine was going through rapidly.

The boy first saw the danger and screamed to his mother. He just cleared the track, but the woman was too late. She was crushed and killed instantly. Her home was at Shafton. Mrs. Churchfield was 32 years of age, and leaves a husband and the child who was with her when the accident happened.

Nominate Ticket in Hurry.

WILKESBARRE, Aug. 29.—The Luzerne county Democratic convention was held in this city today. It took just eight minutes to nominate the county ticket at the afternoon session: For treasurer, R. S. Patterson of Newport township; for register of wills, Frank Battle of Pittston; for commissioners, William Penn Kirkendall of Dallas and Silas E. Jones of Hazleton.

$10 to Atlantic City August 31st,
Via Baltimore & Ohio Railroad.
Tickets good 15 days. Secure in advance at city ticket office, 405 Fifth avenue. Last excursion.

DIED.

BAKER—On Monday, August 28, 1905, at 11:45 a. m., MARGARET A., beloved wife of Andrew Baker, Jr. (nee Hughes), at her residence, 18 Belonda street, Mt. Washington, aged 29 years.

Funeral service this afternoon at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment at Homewood cemetery.

(Cleveland and Erie papers please copy.)

CASE—Suddenly, on Tuesday, August 29, 1905, at 1:20 p. m., at the family residence, 7505 Bennett street, JACOB CASE, in his 63rd year.

Notice of funeral later.

[Philadelphia and Allentown (Pa.) papers please copy.]

DICKSON—On Monday, August 28, 1905, at 11:30 p. m., NEGLEY MARTIN DICKSON, son of John N. and Dora Hofmeister Dickson, aged 5 months, at 140 Black Hawk street, Twenty-second ward.

Funeral services this afternoon at 2:30 o'clock.

JOHNSTON—At her home in Canonsburg, Pa., August 29, 1905, Mrs. SARAH J. JOHNSTON, widow of Robert Johnston.

Funeral Thursday, August 31, at 12:30 p. m., from her late home, 224 West College street, Canonsburg. Interment at Bethel cemetery, Upper St. Clair, Pa.

KENNEDY—On Sunday morning, August 27, 1905, PAUL, infant son of William F. and Laura B. Kennedy, aged 6 months.

Funeral from his parents' residence, 1208 Fayette street, Allegheny, today at 10 a. m. Interment private.

MROBERTS—On Tuesday, August 29, 1905, at 5 a. m., CLIFFORD A., son of David W. and Minnie McRoberts (nee Neudorfer), aged 17 years.

Funeral from his late residence, 12104 Webster avenue, Thursday, August 31, at 2 o'clock. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend.

MILLIGAN—On Monday, August 28, 1905, at 6:10 a. m., FRANCES GRAHAM, widow of James Milligan, in her 80th year.

Funeral services at her late residence, No. 324 Penn avenue, on Wednesday at 2 p. m. Friends of the family are respectfully invited to attend. Interment private.

MUNTZ—On Tuesday, August 29, 1905, at noon, CHARLES MUNTZ, aged 80 years.

Funeral from his late residence, West Deer township, on Thursday, August 31, 1905, at 1:30 p. m. Friends of family are respectfully invited to attend. Carriages will leave H. W. Flick's office, Tarentum, Pa., at 11 a. m.

RESSLER—Suddenly, on Tuesday, August 29, 1905, at Pitcairn, HOWARD WILLIAM, son of William F. and Maud C. Ressler of 7204 Idlewild street, in his 20th year.

Funeral services at Columbus, O.

WILLIAMS—At Atlantic City, August 24, 1905, ALEXANDER REYNOLDS, son of the late Hon. Thomas Williams of Pittsburgh, Pa.

JAMES M. FULLERTON,
FUNERAL DIRECTOR,
Will remove to 2007 Fifth Avenue, July 20.

FLORAL EMBLEMS.
A. M. MURDOCH,
Court 2222. 250 Fifth Avenue.

MUSICIAN DROPS DEAD BEFORE VAST AUDIENCE

Oboe Player in Military Band Expires in Luna Park. Was Man of Wealth and Son of Steel Magnate.

With his instrument to his mouth awaiting the signal of Conductor Robertson to begin an encore, George D. Dean, familiarly known to the musical profession throughout the country as "Denny" Dean, dropped dead from his seat in the midst of his fellow musicians in Robertson's Military band in Luna park last night, expiring in sight of an audience of 6,000 people.

Dean, who was oboe player in the band, which is a Cleveland organization, had just concluded the lengthy overture from "William Tell," in which his instrument is prominently used, and during which he exerted himself considerably. He had just taken up his instrument again to begin the rendition of "Tammany" as an encore, when he fell from the chair.

The portion of the audience seeing Dean fall, believed he had fainted and little excitement prevailed, while Conductor Robertson immediately gained control of his men by the vigorous use of his baton, and the encore was played. Dr. Paul H. Franklin, the emergency physician of the park, and Drs. E. W. Willetts and J. C. Ralston, who were in the audience, rushed to the aid of the man and carried him to the emergency hospital in the park, where an examination showed that death had been instantaneous and due to heart failure.

Dean lived at 76 Miles avenue, Cleveland, and was married. He is the son of one of the officers of the United States Steel Corporation in Cleveland, and was himself for a time in the treasurer's office of that concern in that city. He was a man of considerable wealth and was reputed as owning $75,000 worth of real estate in Cleveland, but devoted himself to music because of his sincere love for it. He was about 40 years old and was a prominent member of the Cleveland Musical union.

This organization was notified of Dean's death over the long-distance telephone by Manager Ingersoll of the park last night, and arrangements were made to ship the body back to Cleveland this morning.

Do You Know The SHIELD of QUALITY?
It makes the home cheerful

FREIGHT WRECK ON B. & O.

Several Cars Derailed and Wreckage Piled High Near Connellsville. Traffic Delayed.

CONNELLSVILLE, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Traffic on the Fairmont, Morgantown & Pittsburgh branch of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad was at a standstill during almost all of today as a result of an accident at 5 o'clock this morning near Outcrop. A heavily-laden freight, proceeding from the south, crashed into a half dozen cars which had been left standing on the main tracks by a shifter at the Smithfield Coal and Coke Company's work.

The locomotive, a caboose and several cars were derailed, and the wreckage was not cleared until late this afternoon. No one was seriously injured.

Lawrence County Fair Opens.

NEW CASTLE, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—The third annual county fair given by the Pulaski Fair association, opened today and will continue until Friday. The races will begin tomorrow, the events being a 2:40 trot and a 2:15 pace. The management has sold the privilege of selling pools and the tip has been given out that arrests will follow if pool selling is permitted.

Leaves Estate to Widow.

SHARON, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—The will of the late Hon. E. A. Wheeler was probated today. His estate estimated to be worth $500,000, is left to his widow. After her death it is to revert to his daughter, Mrs. James Paul and her two children of Uplands, Col.

W. M. LAIRD CO.

This Week Grand Final Sacrifice of Oxfords

A wonderful opportunity to secure Oxfords for balance of this and next season's wear at about Half Price.

$1.65

Buys Men's and Women's $2.50, $3.00 and $3.50

Oxfords now, in Patent Colt, Vici Kid and Tan Leathers, that will be just as good for next season. All sizes and all weights of sole are included.

It's your last chance to secure such bargains, and the saving is well worth your making.

Boys' and Girls' School Shoes

The kind that look and wear good—

$1, $1.50, $2

W. M. Laird Co.
404-6-8 Market Street.

Steamship Passage

On all leading lines at low rates—Direct agents for Bartlett's Foreign Tours.

Foreign money orders—Letters of Credit and Travelers' Cheques issued.

Foreign Department open from 8 A. M. to 6 P. M. Saturdays until 9 P. M.

ALL LANGUAGES SPOKEN.

The Union Savings Bank,
Capital $1,000,000.00.
FRICK BUILDING.

EXHAUSTED BRAIN

is a fruitful cause of paresis, paralysis, epilepsy, insanity, etc. The early symptoms are headache, sleeplessness, irritability, etc., and the prevention and permanent cure of all such disorders is Dr. Miles' Restorative Nervine. At druggists. If first bottle fails to benefit, money back.

There is no Disinfectant Just as Good as CRESOL

Pierce's Pleasant Pellets Dr. Pierce's Pleasant Pellets cure bad, foul stomach and constipation and so help to cure nearly every disease of mankind. They regulate, tone up and invigorate Stomach, Liver and Bowels.

YOUR NEXT SUIT ARNFELDS

B. WHITE OHIO AND SANDUSKY ST
THE BIG ALLEGHENY STORE.
Bear it in mind when you want Furniture or Carpets.

MUNDORFF'S EYE GLASSES
22 Fifth St., Pittsburgh.

Dr. Kilmer's Swamp-Root, the great kidney remedy, promptly cures. You may have a sample bottle by mail free, also pamphlet telling all about it. Address Dr. Kilmer & Company, Binghamton, N. Y.

B. & B.

school teachers

in attendance at the Annual Institute are invited to come and make themselves at home.

Take your own time to look around and see the pretty new things in all departments, for Autumn, 1905.

new autumn suits

The Grey materials that men affect so successfully, appear to possess a peculiar fascination for women.

This year women's Smartest Suits are made of men's wear woolens.

The consensus of feminine opinion, which is Fashion, has demanded them and so the makers, ever ready to invoke her favor, have provided them—lavishly.

And with an eye to the mutual appropriateness of material and model.

We are showing, now, fifty different Fall Models—not all in Men's wear Woolens—as Broadcloths, particularly the Reds—Wine, Garnet, Plum, Dahlia, etc.—have attained a separate and distinct vogue—which will be maintained and strengthened as the season advances.

The new Suits range in price from $15.00 to $65.00.

At this time, partly as an inducement to School Teachers now in town, we are making an exceptional offering of fine high class Coat Suits for women at $25.00.

We believe that those who see them will be conclusively convinced.

separate skirts

To show the earnestness of our intention we ask you to see the sixty separate models at $5.00 to $33.00.

All new—each with its own distinct merits.

We hope all who have interest in a new Skirt for Fall will make it a point to see our unusual showing at $5.00 and $10.00.

A dozen different models at each price and each a model of merit that will make an impression.

Special—Grey Men's Wear Worsted Skirts—plain and small quiet-toned Plaids, $10.00

Riding Skirts—of fine Blue and Black Serge for riding astride or side saddle, $10.00.

We are obliged to admit that as the demand is much greater for riding astride we have provided more largely of them than the side saddle styles.

misses' ribbons

—that is to say, Ribbons young School Girls will find peculiarly adapted to their stylish needs.

Advance Fall styles especially shown for that purpose.

5 and 6-inch metallique finish Taffetas, bright and lustrous, 25c.

6 and 7-inch Mousseline Taffetas, 25c a yard.

5-inch Satin Taffetas and Plaids, 25c.

White, Black and all colors.

Special lot 4-inch Taffeta Ribbons, 15c a yard—all colors.

exposition

This annual event which is of interest to nearly every one of the million or more people who live in the Greater Pittsburgh district begins tonight—with Walter Damrosch and his celebrated orchestra.

Out-of-town visitors who will remain over are cordially invited to make a visit to the store.

BOGGS & BUHL,
ALLEGHENY.

FOR THIS REASON:

When baby or some of the "grown-ups" take sick

Use the Bell

Brings doctor a-running. Saves life, perhaps—at least a lot of worry.

THE C. D. & P. TEL. CO.
Call Grant 5000.
Ask for Contract Dept.
Bell Telephone Bldg., 7th ave.

MICA Makes short roads.
AXLE and light loads.
GREASE Good for everything that runs on wheels.
Sold Everywhere.
Made by STANDARD OIL CO.

DIAMONDS

TERHEYDEN
WATCHES. JEWELRY.
530 SMITHFIELD ST.
50 YEARS IN ONE LOCATION

THE MOST REFRESHING DRINK IN THE WORLD!
Coca-Cola
At all Soda, Groceries, Cafes and Stands. 5c a Bottle.

When you think of fire insurance think of this oldest and strongest home company.
WESTERN INSURANCE CO.,
501-6 ARROTT BUILDING.

STIEFF Direct Branch of Factory
PIANOS. 518 Penn Ave.
EASY TERMS. LOW PRICES.

Typewriters Inspected
Write us for Typewriter Inspection Circular or Contract. We rent more than 2000 machines. Also Dealers in second-hand Typewriters. Rentals at from $1.50 to $4 per month. Y. & Webster, Carbons and Ribbons.
Pittsburgh Typewriter Inspection Co.,
F. S. WEBSTER COMPANY, Prop.
441 DIAMOND STREET.

AFTER VACATION
Have your clothes cleaned, pressed and repaired by
Dickson, The Tailor,
241-3 Fifth Ave., Second Floor.

PHILADELPHIA DENTISTS

Pay 25 Years of
229 FIFTH AVENUE

EVENTS IN THE WIDE WORLD OF SPORTS ARE COVERED THOROUGHLY

ATHLETICS TWICE BEAT THE NAPS

Waddell Shuts Out Cleveland and Seybold, With Homer, Wins Second Game.

NEW YORK TEAM IS BLANKED

AMERICAN LEAGUE SCORES.

Chicago	8	Washington	4
Philadelphia	6-4	Cleveland	0-2
Detroit	2	New York	0
Boston	2	St. Louis	0

HOW THE CLUBS STAND.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
Philadelphia	67	44	.604	Boston	54	54	.500
Chicago	64	45	.587	Detroit	52	60	.464
Cleveland	61	51	.545	Washington	47	64	.424
New York	55	51	.519	St. Louis	41	72	.363

TODAY'S CARD.

Boston at St. Louis.
New York at Detroit.
Washington at Chicago.
Philadelphia at Cleveland.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CLEVELAND, O., Aug. 29.—Philadelphia took two games from Cleveland today. The first game was a walkaway for Philadelphia, Waddell shutting the locals out with three hits, while Philadelphia knocked Donahue out of the box. The second game was won by Seybold's home run, he making one in each game, and the errors of Jackson, who took Bradley's place at third, Bradley being confined to his bed by illness. Attendance, 10,042. Scores:

Cleveland.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Philadel'a.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Bay, m	0	1	4	0	0	Hartsel, l	0	1	1	0	0
Flick, l	0	0	2	0	0	Hoffman, m	2	2	3	0	0
Rhoades, r	0	0	0	1	0	Davis, l	0	1	6	1	0
Lajoie, 1	0	1	10	0	0	Seybold, r	1	1	1	0	0
Stovall, 2	0	0	3	2	0	Murphy, 2	2	2	1	0	0
Jackson, 3	0	0	1	0	0	M. Cross, s	0	0	4	2	0
Turner, s	0	0	2	6	2	Schreck, c	0	1	8	1	0
Buelow, c	0	0	4	2	0	Waddell, p	0	1	1	2	0
Donahue, p	0	0	0	2	0						
Halla, p	0	1	0	2	0						
Totals	0	4	27	14	2	Totals	6	11	27	6	0

Cleveland	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—0
Philadelphia	1	1	0	0	0	3	1	0	0	—6	

Hits—Off Donahue, 3 in 6 innings; 2 off Halla in 3 innings. Three-base hit—Hartsel. Home run—Seybold. Sacrifice hits—M. Cross. Double plays—Turner, Stovall and Lajoie; Schreck and M. Cross. First base on balls—Off Waddell 2. Left on bases—Cleveland 4, Philadelphia 5. Struck out—Donahue 2, Waddell 6, Halla 1. Time—1:16. Umpire—Sheridan.

SECOND GAME.

Cleveland.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Philadel'a.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Bay, m	0	2	2	0	0	Hartsel, l	0	1	1	0	1
Flick, r-l	1	1	1	0	0	Hoffman, m	1	2	2	0	0
Hess, r-l	1	1	1	0	0	Davis, l	0	1	7	0	0
Lajoie, 1	0	2	15	0	0	L. Cross, 3	1	0	1	0	0
Stovall, 2	0	0	1	5	2	Seybold, r	1	1	5	0	0
Jackson, 3	0	1	2	5	2	Murphy, 2	1	1	2	3	1
Turner, s	0	0	1	2	0	M. Cross, s	0	1	3	1	0
Clarke, c	0	0	0	4	5	Schreck, c	0	0	7	1	0
Bernh'd, p	0	0	0	0	2	Coakley, p	0	1	1	1	0
*Carr	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	3	8	27	17	3	Totals	4	8	27	6	2

*Batted for Bernhard in ninth.

Cleveland	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0—2
Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	2	0	0	1	—4	

First base on errors—Cleveland 1, Philadelphia 2. Two-base hit—M. Cross. Home run—Seybold. Sacrifice hits—Flick, Stovall, M. Cross, Davis. Stolen bases—Turner, M. Cross, Coakley. First base on balls—Bernhard 2, Coakley 1. Left on bases—Cleveland 8, Philadelphia 7. Struck out—Bernhard 3, Coakley 7. Time—1:45. Umpire—Sheridan.

White Sox Hit Opportunely.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—By opportune hitting and costly errors by Washington Chicago won today's game, 8 to 4. Patterson was in rare form. Attendance, 5,312. Score:

Chicago.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Wash'ton.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Holmes, l	2	0	3	0	0	Cassidy, s	1	1	3	2	2
F. Jones, m	2	2	2	0	1	Hill, 3	0	0	0	1	0
Davis, s	0	1	1	3	1	Hickman, 2	2	3	2	3	1
Isbell, r	1	1	0	0	0	Anderson, l	1	1	3	0	0
Donohue, l	1	1	2	1	0	Knoll, r	0	0	0	0	0
Sullivan, c	1	1	4	1	0	Stahl, 1	0	1	12	0	0
Tannehill, 2	1	1	1	0	3	C. Jones, m	0	0	1	0	0
Dundon, 2	0	0	1	4	0	Kittredge, c	0	0	3	2	0
Patterson, p	0	1	1	2	0	Falk'b'g, p	0	0	1	0	0
						Jacobsen, p	0	0	0	1	0
						*Huelsman	0	0	0	0	0
						†Nill	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	8	9	27	12	6	Totals	4	7	24	9	4

*Batted for Kittredge in ninth.
†Batted for Jacobsen in ninth.

Chicago	2	1	0	0	2	0	0	3	*	—8	
Washington	3	0	1	0	0	0	0	0	0	—4	

Hits—Off Falkenberg, 3 in 1 2-3 innings; off Jacobsen, 5 in 6 1-3 innings. Two-base hits—Cassidy, F. Jones, Davis. Three-base hits—Hickman, Donohue, F. Jones. Sacrifice hits—Hill, Hickman. Stolen bases—Anderson, Donahue, Sullivan. Struck out—By Falkenberg 1, by Jacobsen 2, by Patterson 4. Bases on balls—Off Falkenberg 1, off Jacobsen 1. Balk—Falkenberg. Time—1:44. Umpires—Hurst and Connolly.

Killian in Rare Form.

DETROIT, Aug. 29.—Killian was master of the situation in the opening game of the New York series, and shut out the Metropolitan team, being cleverly supported. Two doubles and a triple gave Detroit its runs and led to the retirement of Newton. Yeager's fielding was sensational. Attendance, 1,200. Score:

Detroit.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	New York.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
M'Intyre, l	0	0	6	0	0	Fultz, m	0	0	0	0	0
Lindsay, 1	1	0	0	1	1	Keeler, r	0	0	1	0	0
Schaefer, 2	0	2	1	2	1	Hemfield, s	0	0	2	2	0
Crawf'd, r	0	1	1	0	0	Williams, 2	0	1	2	3	0
Lowe, m	1	1	0	1	0	Yeager, 3	0	0	0	1	0
Coughlin, 3	1	2	1	1	0	Hahn, l	0	0	2	0	0
O'Leary, s	0	0	3	2	0	Chase, 1	0	0	16	0	0
Warner, c	0	1	8	1	0	Deleh'ty, 1	0	0	2	0	1
Killian, p	0	1	1	2	0	McGuire, c	0	1	2	2	0
						Kleinow, c	0	0	3	6	0
						Newton, p	0	0	0	2	1
						Griffith, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	2	8	27	10	1	Totals	0	5	24	11	2

Detroit	0	0	0	2	0	0	0	0	*	—2	
New York	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	

Base hits—Off Newton, 7 in 4 innings; off Griffith, 1 in 4 innings. Two-base hits—Lowe, Warner. Three-base hits—Shaefer, Coughlin. Sacrifice hit—Lowe. First base on balls—Off Killian 1, off Newton 2, off Griffith 1. Hit by pitcher—By Killian 2. Struck out—By Killian 4, by Newton 2, by Griffith 3. Time—1:32. Umpire—O'Loughlin.

Young in Old-Time Form.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 29.—Boston shut out St. Louis today owing to the brilliant pitching of Young. Howell got a bad start, but pitched great ball after the first inning. Attendance, 1,200. Score:

St. Louis.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Boston.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Stone, l	0	0	1	1	0	Burkett, l	0	0	1	0	0
Roc'field, 2	0	1	5	2	1	Parent, s	0	1	2	1	0
Frisk, r	0	0	0	0	0	Stahl, m	0	1	1	0	0
Wallace, s	0	1	1	2	1	Collins, 3	0	2	1	2	0
Jones, l	0	1	11	0	0	Freeman, r	0	0	0	0	0
Goetsch, 3	0	0	0	0	1	Grimshaw, 1	0	1	11	0	0
Kuehl'r, m	0	1	1	0	0	Ferris, 2	0	0	3	3	0
Spencer, c	0	0	7	2	0	Criger, c	0	0	8	0	0
Howell, p	0	1	0	7	0	Young, p	0	0	0	1	0
Totals	0	6	27	16	3	Totals	0	6	27	12	0

St. Louis	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	
Boston	2	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—2	

Two-base hit—Stone. Three-base hit—Collins. Sacrifice hit—Frisk. Double plays—Ferris, Parent and Grimshaw; Collins and Grimshaw. Passed ball—Criger. Stolen base—Criger. Bases on balls—Off Howell 4, off Young 1. Struck out—By Howell 7, by Young 9. Left on bases—St. Louis 5, Boston 2. Time—1:35. Umpires—McCarthy and Connors.

Donora Walloped at Home.

DONORA, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Brownsville won a slow and uninteresting game from Donora today, 9 to 0. Meltvaine allowed hits with men on the bases. Poor base running cost Donora several scores. Score:

Brownsville	0	0	1	2	0	6	2	0	0	3	—9
Donora	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0

11 3-4 Hours Pittsburgh to Atlantic City Without Change of Cars.

Pennsylvania Railroad announces their last SEASHORE EXCURSION on September 7th. Trains of Pullman parlor cars and day coaches leave Union Station at 8:55 A. M. Evening trains at 4:55, 9:00 and 10:00 P. M. Tickets good 16 days. Rate $10.00 in coaches only, or $12.00 in Pullman cars when accompanied by usual Pullman charges.

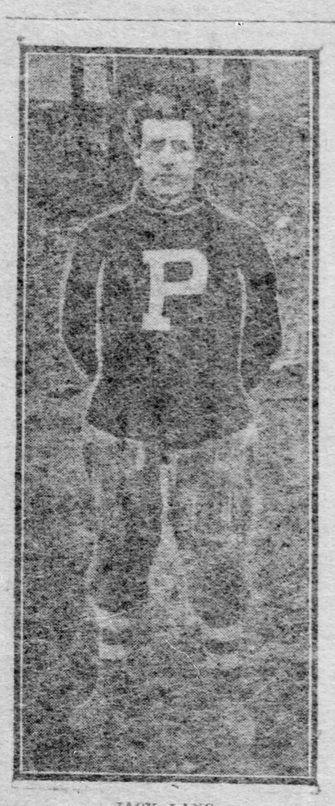
P. & L. E.
Cheap Excursion to Denver
Fare from Pittsburgh $29.50.

Account G. A. R. Encampment, excursion tickets will be sold from all stations to Denver & Return on Aug. 29 to Sept. 3 inclusive, valid returning until Oct. 7. Through cars to Chicago.

Notice to Housekeepers

Read the want pages daily and keep posted how to secure help.

THE PIRATES CAPTURE A DOUBLE-HEADER FROM THE PHILLIES, 3 TO 2 AND 6 TO 5



JACK LANG,
Who will coach the Westminster College football team.

Wagner Breaks Up First Game With Home Run Drive Over Right Field Fence.

ROY THOMAS' STAR CATCH

NATIONAL LEAGUE RESULTS.

Pittsburgh	3-6	Philadelphia	2-5
Chicago	10	Boston	2
New York	5	St. Louis	4
Cincinnati	7	Brooklyn	3

STANDING OF THE CLUBS.

	W.	L.	Pct.		W.	L.	Pct.
New York	83	33	.716	Cincinnati	61	57	.517
Pittsburgh	77	43	.642	St. Louis	48	74	.393
Chicago	70	48	.593	Brooklyn	37	80	.316
Philadelphia	62	55	.530	Boston	38	83	.314

GAMES TODAY.

Pittsburgh at Philadelphia.
Chicago at Boston.
Cincinnati at Brooklyn.
St. Louis at New York.

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 29.—Pittsburgh took two games from the Phillies this afternoon, 3 to 2 and 6 to 5. Wagner landed the first game for the Pirates with a home run drive over the right field wall, which brought in a man ahead of him in the eighth inning. In the second game there was also a home run in the same inning in which Wagner made his in the first game. Clarke sending the ball into the center field balcony, though there was no one on the bases at the time.

Pittsburgh knocked Corridon out of the box in the second inning, but Robertaille was also touched up lively, which accounts for the close score. Howard was unable to play today on account of an injured hand. He was hit by a pitched ball in yesterday's game. Howard wanted to play, but Manager Clarke decided not to take any chances and sent Hillebrand to first. The Pirates' hospital list was also swelled in practice today when Pitcher Case was hit on the leg by a batted ball and badly hurt. Flaherty will take his turn in the box tomorrow, and will have a new man opposed to him, the Phillies having decided to give Pitcher Brady of the Brandywine club of Chester a trial. Brady has won every game he has pitched this season among the semi-professionals of this section.

The Phillies got a lead of two runs in the fourth and sixth innings. In the fourth Bingles by Gleason, Courtney and Magee earned a run, the sixth a single by Thomas, Gleason's out and Courtney's single sent in a run.

Pittsburgh had the bases full in the sixth, with none out, but could not score. Lynch and Wallace got to base on errors, Clarke walked. Leach hit to Sparks, who threw to Doolin, and the latter got Leach at first. Sparks then gave Wagner an intentional pass on balls and Hilleband grounded to Doolin. In the seventh a single by Brain, an error by Doolin, Gibson's sacrifice and Lynch's out produced a tally. Clarke singled in the eighth, and Sparks made a mistake in not passing Wagner to first. Hans sent the ball over the fence and two runs—enough to win—came in.

The second game was full of action. Roy Thomas again demonstrated his superior fielding ability when, in the second inning, by a well-timed sprint he got up to Brain's drive near the club house. This remarkable play saved no end of trouble in this inning, as Hillebrand was on first at the time, with two errors to follow, Pittsburgh would have scored at least three runs and possibly more; instead they only got one.

Duggleby stopped a terrific line drive from Hillebrand's bat in the seventh, making the out his first. Bransfield also distinguished himself at first, his one-handed stop of Duggleby's wild throw to the ninth was a clever piece of work. Brain and Wagner each made some difficult chances, which they handled in fine style.

The way the Phillies opened up on Robertaille looked as though the little pitcher was doomed for a hasty return to the bench. Thomas and Gleason singled, and both moved up a peg on a wild pitch. Thomas got home on Courtney's fly to Wallace, and Gleason counted on Magee's single. Then more went to the Phillies' total in the second on Doolin's double, Munson's sacrifice and Corridon's out.

Pittsburgh got started in the second, when Hillebrand singled, took third on Courtney's flies of Ritchey's grounder, and came home on Ritchey's down to second. Bransfield made a late return to the plate.

The visitors tied the score in the third on Doolin's fumble of Clarke's grounder, Leach's single and Wagner's force and singles by Hillebrand and Brain, which sent in Leach and Wagner.

The Phillies got one to the good in the sixth, when Doolin's single was followed by a long drive from Duggleby's bat, enabling the shortstop to come home from first.

Pittsburgh got this run back again in the seventh, when Clarke hit for a "homer." Then, in the eighth, Brain reached second on an overthrow by Doolin and got home on two outs. The Phillies again tied it up in the ninth on Thomas' pass, Gleason's force hit, Courtney's single and an out.

Howard batted for Wallace in the ninth, and had the pleasure of bringing in the winning run. He reached first on balls, took second on Clarke's sacrifice and scored on Leach's single.

Gibson relieved Smith behind the bat in the nin. The scores:

FIRST GAME.

Pittsburgh	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Philadel'a.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Wallace, r	0	0	1	1	0	Thomas, m	1	0	3	0	0
Clarke, l	1	1	1	2	0	Gleason, 2	1	1	1	3	0
Leach, m	0	0	2	0	0	Courtney, 3	0	2	2	0	2
Wagner, s	1	2	2	3	0	Magee, l	0	1	2	0	0
Hille'b'd, 1	1	0	13	0	0	Kruger, r	0	0	0	0	0
Brain, 3	1	1	2	1	0	Bransfield, 1	0	0	10	1	0
Ritchey, 2	0	1	2	4	0	Doolin, s	0	0	2	5	0
Gibson, c	0	0	4	2	0	Donlin, c	0	1	4	1	0
Lynch, p	0	0	0	3	0	Sparks, p	0	0	0	3	0
Totals	3	5	27	15	0	Totals	2	5	27	13	2

Philadelphia	0	0	0	1	0	1	0	0	0	—2	
Pittsburgh	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	2	3	—3	

Two-base hit—Ritchey. Home run—Wagner. Sacrifice hits—Wallace, Leach, Gibson. Stolen bases—Wagner, Brain, Thomas. Double plays—Wagner, Ritchey and Hillebrand; Sparks, Doolin and Bransfield. Left on bases—Pittsburgh 6, Philadelphia 3. First base on balls—Off Lynch 4, off Sparks 3. First base on errors—Pittsburgh 2. Struck out—By Lynch 3, by Sparks 3. Time—1:20. Umpire—O'Day.

SECOND GAME.

Pittsburgh	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Philadel'a.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Wallace, r	0	0	2	1	0	Thomas, m	1	1	2	0	0
Clarke, l	1	2	1	0	0	Gleason, 2	2	3	1	4	3
Leach, m	1	3	3	5	0	Courtney, 3	0	2	2	1	1
Wagner, s	1	1	2	1	0	Magee, l	0	1	1	0	0
Hille'b'd, 1	1	2	10	1	0	Kruger, r	0	0	2	0	0
Brain, 3	1	1	1	5	0	Bransfield, 1	0	1	10	1	0
Ritchey, 2	0	1	1	3	0	Doolin, s	0	2	2	3	1
Smith, c	0	0	4	1	0	Munson, c	0	0	4	3	0
Gibson, c	0	0	0	0	0	Corridon, p	0	0	0	0	1
Robert'e, p	0	1	0	4	0	Duggleby, p	0	1	2	2	0
*Howard	1	0	0	0	0						
Totals	6	11	27	15	0	Totals	5	14	25	14	2

*Batted for Wallace in ninth.
†One out when winning run was scored.

Pittsburgh	0	1	2	0	0	0	1	1	1	—6	
Philadelphia	2	1	0	0	0	1	0	0	1	—5	

Two-base hits—Doolin, Wagner. Home run—Clarke. Hits—Off Corridon, 6 in 2 2-3 innings; off Duggleby, 5 in 6 1-3 innings. Sacrifice hits—Munson, Clark, Smith. Stolen bases—Magee, Bransfield, Hillebrand, Ritchey, Smith, Robertaille. Double play—Smith and Wagner. Left on bases—Pittsburgh 7, Philadelphia 9. First base on balls—Off Robertaille 2, off Duggleby 2. First base on errors—Pittsburgh 3, Philadelphia 1. Struck out—By Robertaille 3, by Duggleby 1. Wild pitch—Robertaille. Time—1:59. Attendance—5,472. Umpire—O'Day.

JACK LANG TO COACH WESTMINSTER ELEVEN

Jack Lang of South Fork, the well-known football and former baseball player, was yesterday secured by Manager L. Roy Deevers of Westminster college, to coach the Westminster football eleven this fall. Deevers went to South Fork and completed arrangements with Lang. Lang will take charge of the candidates at New Wilmington, September 10. Manager Deevers last night was enthusiastic over securing Lang, and he predicts a winning team for Westminster this fall.

"We will have many of our old players back this fall," said Deevers. "Locke, Marks, Scott and Laugle, last year's backfield, will return, and Eberhart, center; Clarke and Gordon, guards, are certainties again, and it is likely Calhoun and Tennent, the ends, will again be in college," concluded Deevers.

Muggsy Is Chased Again.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—A closely-played game here today between New York and St. Louis resulted in a victory for the locals, 5 to 4. Both McGraw and McFarland were put out of the grounds for disputing decisions. Attendance, 3,000. Score:

St. Louis.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	New York.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Dunle'vy, r	1	0	3	1	0	Browne, r	2	2	1	0	0
Shannon, l	1	2	2	1	0	Donlin, m	1	1	2	0	0
Smoot, m	0	1	1	0	0	P'nahan, c	0	2	9	1	1
Beckley, 1	0	0	10	0	0	Mertes, l	0	0	2	0	0
Shay, 2	1	0	1	4	0	Dahlen, s	0	1	3	4	0
McBride, s	1	1	0	2	0	Devlin, 3	0	0	0	1	1
Burke, 3	1	1	0	1	0	Strang, 2	0	0	0	0	1
Grady, c	0	1	7	0	1	Bow'man, 1	0	0	9	1	0
M'Far'd, p	0	0	0	3	0	Ames, p	0	2	1	5	0
Brown, p	0	0	1	0	0						
*Leahy	0	0	0	0	0						
Totals	4	6	24	15	1	Totals	5	9	27	12	3

*Batted for Brown in ninth.

St. Louis	1	0	0	0	0	0	3	0	0	—4	
New York	0	0	0	1	0	3	0	1	0	*—5	

Bases on balls—Off Ames 5, off McFarland 3, off Brown 2. Struck out—By Ames 6, by McFarland 2, by Brown 2. Home run—McBride. Three-base hit—Ames. Two-base hits—Bresnahan, Smoot. Sacrifice hits—Smoot, Beckley. Stolen bases—Browne, Bresnahan, Dahlen 2, Devlin, Dunleavy, Burke. Wild pitches—Ames 2. Passed ball—Grady. Hits—Off McFarland, 9 in 7 innings; off Brown, 0 in 1 inning. Umpire—Johnstone. Time—1:55.

AMONG THE AMATEURS.

The Wallaces of Millvale will go to Oakmont Saturday to meet the Wesley club.

The Perley A. C. went to Rock Point and defeated the Royal Arcanum team, 15 to 2.

The Wabash A. A. has September 2 open. Address C. T. Patterson, Wabash building, city.

The Osborne A. C. has Saturday and Labor day open. Call 855 Court between 7 and 7:30 a. m.

The Junilla A. C. has Labor day open. Any 15-year-old team address N. Carter, Wylie ave., city.

The Our Boys of Etna defy 14-year-old teams. Address George Buehler, 152 Washington street, Etna.

The Dwyer A. C. has Labor day open. Address J. W. Curfman, 5148 Carnegie avenue, Pittsburgh.

The Commercial A. C. is without a game for Saturday. Address H. H. Hall, 145 Fulton street, Pittsburgh.

The Hamilton Amateurs want two games for Labor day. Address Homer J. Beckett, 6021 Hamilton avenue, city.

The Belvedere has Saturday open. Address J. V. Corrigan, 1016 Windsor street, Allegheny, or call 2566-R Cedar.

East Palestine has Labor day open. Call central on Bell 'phone or address William Ashman, East Palestine, O.

The Glenshaw Juniors are without a game for Labor day. Any 17-year-old teams write George Kletter, Glenshaw, Pa.

Mestas would like to hear from all out-of-town teams for games in September. Address Mesta ball team, Homestead, Pa.

The Victoria A. C. has Labor Day open for two games out of town. Write John A. Thompson, P. O. Box 62, Pittsburgh.

The Harmer A. C. wants games for Saturday and Labor day with any 14-year-old team. Address S. J. Cyrocki, 816 Locust street, city.

The Ben Hur A. C. would like to hear from all 12 and 13-year-old teams for September 2, 9 and 16. Address 713 Penn avenue, Pittsburgh.

The Arsenal A. C. has Labor day open for some 16-year-old out-of-town team. Write William J. McClain, 115½ Forty-fourth street, city.

The Turtle Creek A. C. wants two games for Labor day with teams having grounds. Call 45 Turtle Creek or address Harry O. Waugaman.

The Dallas club wants a game for Saturday with any good 15-year-old team. Address James J. Brodburn, 8919 Kelly street, East End.

JOHNNIES WIN FROM YORK

YORK, Aug. 29.—York had a lead of five runs on Johnstown at the end of the fifth inning. Matthews weakened and the visitors won. The locals showed poor headwork on the bases. In the ninth Upp went in the air. With the bases full and two out McConnell went in and retired Wiltse, who batted for Matthews. Score:

Johnst'n.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	York.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Badel, l-l	2	3	0	0	0	Owens, s	1	1	4	5	0
Pleiss, m	2	1	1	0	0	Hayden, r	2	3	4	0	0
Lobert, 3	1	0	2	2	0	M'Cor'k, r	1	2	5	0	1
M'Con'l, l-p	0	1	0	1	1	Bagley, 1	1	2	6	1	1
Att'n'n, 2	2	1	0	4	2	Schaub, 3	1	1	3	0	0
Melchoir, r	1	2	0	0	0	Elliott, l	0	0	3	3	0
Burns, c	0	1	8	3	0	McGlynn, 2	0	0	2	2	0
Hagen, s	0	0	2	0	0	Smith, c	0	0	6	3	0
Martin, 2	0	0	2	2	1	Matthews, p	0	0	0	2	0
Upp, p	0	0	1	3	1	*Wiltse	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	7	8	26	13	3	Totals	5	14	27	8	2

†Owens out, batted third strike.
*Batted for Matthews in ninth.

Johnstown	1	0	0	0	0	2	0	4	6	—	7
York	3	0	1	0	1	0	0	1	0	—	6

Home runs—Hayden, McCormick, Badel, Melchoir. Sacrifice hits—Lobert, McCormick. Stolen bases—Pleiss, Bagley 2. Struck out—By Upp 6, by Matthews 3. Bases on balls—Off Upp 4, off Matthews 4. Time—1:40. Umpires—Smith and Gallagher.

LANCASTER, Aug. 29.—Lancaster today defeated Harrisburg, 4 to 0. Barthold worked best when Harrisburg had men on bases. Leary was relieved in the fifth by McNeeley after the home team had secured three runs and 11 hits. Score:

Lancaster.	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.	Harrisburg	R.	H.	P.	A.	E.
Rothfus, r	0	2	1	1	1	Benner, 2	0	0	2	1	0
Henn'sy, l	0	1	2	1	0	Hann'ton, m	0	0	1	1	0
Lord, 2	0	2	1	4	0	Vinson, l	0	1	3	0	0
Law, 1	1	2	11	0	0	Hartman, r	0	1	4	0	0
Barber, c	0	1	3	1	0	Sweeney, c	0	1	4	2	1
Baker, 3	1	1	2	1	0	Calhoun, l	0	0	3	2	0
Mauch, s	0	2	2	4	0	Broderick, 2	0	1	1	0	0
Farrell, m	1	0	4	0	0	Kennedy, s	0	0	4	0	2
Barth'd, p	1	1	1	1	0	Hafford, 3	0	0	2	2	1
						Leary, p	0	1	0	0	0
						M'Neely, p	0	0	0	1	0
						*Ernst	0	0	0	0	0
Totals	4	12	27	13	1	Totals	0	5	24	10	4

*Batted for McNeeley in fifth.

Lancaster	0	0	0	2	1	0	1	0	0	*—4	
Harrisburg	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	

WILMINGTON, Aug. 29.—Two errors and a hit in the ninth inning allowed Wilmington to win from Altoona, 1 to 0. Both Milnan and Pearson pitched excellent ball. Score:

Wilmington	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	1	—1	
Altoona	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	0	—0	

*One out when winning run was scored.
Two-base hit—Tibbitts. Sacrifice hits—Pearson, Bussey, Magie. First base on balls—Off Pearson 1. Struck out—By Milnan 3, by Pearson 6. Umpire—Black.

SHAMOKIN, Aug. 29.—Williamsport found Jackson for 17 hits today, winning from the badly crippled locals. Ritchie for the visitors succeeded Manning in the second inning, owing to the latter's wildness. Score:

William

RECEIVER FINDS STRANGE DOINGS

Methods of Financing Insurance Companies Brings Out Peculiar Condition of Affairs.

DUNBAR AND MARSHALL FREE

Investigation into the affairs of the Duquesne, Lafayette and North American Mutual Fire Insurance companies by the receiver, Frank E. Holman, and Attorney Frederick L. Kahle, who represents Silas Kunkle, the Westmoreland county man who brought the affairs of the companies to a close by his petition for a receiver on Saturday, in going over the books of the companies have discovered some wonderful financial transactions. So far neither A. G. Marshall nor Frank D. Dunbar, directors and officers of the companies, have been located, but those in charge of the affairs of the companies expect one of the fugitives will be arrested today. The offices of the companies in the Washington National bank building, Fifth avenue and Washington street, have been closed, and yesterday new locks were put on the doors.

In going over the books in the offices of the companies the receiver has found that on October 28, the year not given, the firm of A. G. Marshall & Co. was formed and that J. M. Buzard, C. H. Hayden, Frank D. Dunbar and A. G. Marshall each invested $50. Hayden is recorded in the book of the concern as treasurer of the company. The Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company was then organized and the $200 paid in by Buzard, Hayden, Dunbar and Marshall was expended as follows:

Little Money Goes a Long Way.

To Jennie Stroble, for notary fees, $1.75; to A. G. Marshall & Co. for charter, $12.50; to A. G. Marshall & Co., for securing charter and drawing up articles and attorney fees, $150; for drawing and reproducing man, $6.50; for book and stocks and seal, $6.35; for letter heads, envelopes and circulars, $19.50; for small envelopes, $1.50 and for recording the charter with the secretary of state on November 11, $10.75, making the expenditure $216.75. According to this the company was in debt $16.75.

Marshall and Dunbar promoted the Consolidated Lead and Zink Corporation of Arizona, with a capital of $1,000,000, full paid. This action is dated on the books as having taken place April 30, 1904. L. Z. Stone was made secretary. Marshall, the books show, sold 718 shares of the Consolidated company, par value $71,800, taking $4,000 in cash and the note of the Duquesne Mutual Fire Insurance Company, and 300 shares of the Gladys A. Mining Company stock, valued at $3,000, for the balance. At the same meeting A. G. Marshall & Co. were appointed exclusive agents and given a commission of 40 per cent on the cash or limited assessments. The company was also given 10 per cent on the renewal of policies.

Good Commissions to Be Paid.

On December 27, 1904, at a meeting of the North American Mutual Fire Insurance Company, James McCartney was elected agent for the company and his commission was made 35 per cent. A. G. Marshall & Co. at the meeting sold 200 shares of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company for $5,000 and 50 shares of the Consolidated Lead and Zink Company for $1,500, and the company gave its note for $6,500, to run one year from date without interest. They also bought two bonds for $500 each from the Rockwood Brick and Coal Company and paid for the bonds by giving the company's note for $1,000.

At a meeting of the Lafayette Mutual Fire Insurance Company on December 27, 1904, A. G. Marshall & Co. went through the same transaction as at the meeting of the North American company, and were made its general agents.

In the examination of the books of the fire insurance companies it has been found the losses of the Duquesne were $13,000; the North American, $8,000 and the Lafayette, $1,000, at the time the companies purchased the stock. The stock certificates of the Pennsylvania Coal and Coke Company show A. G. Marshall was vice president and F. D. Dunbar secretary.

Received a Monthly Salary.

Marshall, Dunbar and Stone, the books also show, received a salary of $100 a month each. The books show that the insurance companies purchased stock in the Crystal Palace Tower Company, a concern with a Missouri charter. The stock of all the companies is declared to be worthless.

The receiver for the insurance companies yesterday received from the companies' agents about $150, but when he examined the cash drawer he found it was empty. All the money received from the agents will be used to pay up the losses against the insurance companies.

The financial statement of the North American company shows that since its incorporation, May 3, 1904, $870,529 worth of insurance was written. The statement of the Lafayette company shows $807,145 insurance was written since July 15, 1904. The statements also show the Lafayette company held stocks and bonds to the value of $43,500, the North American $51,000 and the Duquesne company $95,800. All the stocks and bonds are declared to be worthless and the companies have no assets.

STETSON ON THE COMING AMERICAN

Interesting Addresses Heard at the Allegheny County Teachers' Institute.

HAMILTON SAYS HATS OFF

The transmigration of the Allegheny County Teachers' institute from luxurious Carnegie Music hall at Schenley park to a fourth-story auditorium, minus elevator equipment, reminded some of the fair instructors yesterday of certain lines in Lowell's Bigiow papers which one of them adapted to the situation as follows:

Four-story larnin's pop'lar now, I guess
We thriv' ez wal on jes' three stories less;
Fer it strikes me there's sech a thing ez sinkin'
By overloadin' schoolmarms' underpinnin'.

The Third ward school hall in Allegheny, however, proves to be much better adapted to the purpose than expected—the trouble is merely to get there. Yesterday Dr. Hamilton took a chair in the rear row of the balcony to test the acoustic properties of the hall and at the conclusion of Dr. Stetson's address, announced that all could hear very well. There was only one drawback, he said, and that was that too many of the women failed to comply with the request placarded on the wall, reading:

LADIES
WILL PLEASE
REMOVE
THEIR HATS
DURING THE LECTURE.

After this gentle reminder there was a very general doffing of millinery "wonders" and "creations," and, strange to say, the big audience as a whole looked better without the over-grown capital adornment.

Found It in the Gazette.

Under the strenuous baton of Musical Director Gibson the institute sang the selection entitled "Once in a While." He said he found these beautiful words in The Gazette and without knowing whether Nixon Waterman was a pseudonym or a real name, wrote to him and obtained permission to set the words to music, which now finds a place in the institute song book. This was followed by a bass solo by Robert Hunter of the choir of the Avalon Presbyterian church, who was obliged to respond to a vigorous encore with "When the Evening Sun Is Low."

Superintendent James L. Allison of Wilkinsburg presided at the afternoon session, and introduced Dr. James L. Coughlin of Wilkesbarre, who resumed his instruction on language. He emphasized his previous statement that language is a growth, illustrating his remarks by referring to the impossibility of placing a fully-developed leaf upon a tree or a rose upon the bush—they must grow. He paid a tribute to one of his old-time teachers, a patient, devoted, self-sacrificing woman, who taught the farmer boys and girls to write compositions without knowing that they were performing that much-despised school room task. This teacher made a story out of every word, and showed that a word may have a strangely interesting story. This he aptly illustrated by tracing the etymology or evolution of some common words, and took the word "halcyon" as a sample whose history and etymology would surprise the investigator. His reference to synonyms which mean nearly but not exactly the same, there always being some nice distinction that will prove interesting and profitable in tracing, was much appreciated, especially the illustrations.

Dr. Coughlin's talks on teaching, many of the teachers say, have proved a veritable revelation to them in regard to imparting language lessons to those pupils who are habitually "backward in the mind."

An innovation at the institute this year, which is, of course, extremely popular, is the lengthening of the intermission periods and the shortening of the talkfest. This, it is said, is no reflection upon the able instructors, but because the teachers, for the time being, are pupils, and do as pupils. The scenes at lunch time in East park are also a novelty to astonish the natives. The "marms" spread their napkins and themselves all over that section of the park, and the utter disregard they display for "Keep Off the Grass" is only equalled by the accidental display of variegated hosiery as they take their seats on the banquet table.

Following the recess Dr. Stetson spoke on "The Coming American." He said the past has its lessons, the present its duty and the future its hope. The modern Russian, when relieved from tyranny, is certain to become a large factor in the civilization of the far east. The future has hope for him and humanity.

Lessons from the Civil War.

"We would do well," he said, "to make more of the individual, of the event and of the place." This the speaker illustrated with some lessons from the Civil war, and closed by declaring that the coming American is the product of the ages.

At the morning session Dr. Stetson talked on the literary training of the teacher, which he deemed vastly important, and said in substance that the teacher should be familiar with the great domain of books. He told how Daniel Webster and Abraham Lincoln studied the Bible, Shakespeare, the Pilgrim's Progress, Blackstone and Caesar's commentaries for literary inspiration—not many books in number, but of rare quality. "Don't be worried," said the speaker, "because you cannot read all the books, good and bad, wise and otherwise, that come from the press, but be very discriminating as to quality."

Superintendent Coughlin continued his instruction in language, and showed some original charts illustrating the relative importance in the various grades of language as compared with the other studies in the course. These he took much interest in explaining to inquiring teachers during the intermissions.

At today's sessions Dr. Stetson will speak on "Some Essentials" and "Reading an Unprinted Page," which Dr. Coughlin will tell "How to Study" and discourse on what he thinks is a very fruitful topic, "Mistakes in Teaching."

The interest in the institute proceedings is almost unprecedented, and the enrollment of actual members is nearly 1,400. Many Pittsburgh and Allegheny teachers attended as visitors.

CHINESE MERCHANTS NOW REPENT BOYCOTT SCHEME

PERMANENT BOYCOTTING MACHINERY CREATED BY CHINESE GOVERNMENT

SHANGHAI, Aug. 29.—Chang Chein, who has been ordered by the Pekin ministry to commence to concert measures to settle the boycott, today met the Chinese chairman of commerce and the principal goods dealers. He began by fining certain dealers 4,000 taels together for alleged breaches of the boycott. He then ordered all to sign an agreement to buy no more American goods from foreign merchants of any nationality.

Regarding goods contracted for before the boycott was started, he stated his intention of opening an office and granting passes and stamping such goods, thus permitting their sale in the interior. He also announced his intention of opening offices in 36 principal trade centers in China, where goods so stamped will be passed. This will require an initial sum of 200,000 taels, which Shangahi dealers must pay, thus averting impending financial ruin.

This means the creating of permanent boycotting machinery, available against any branch of any foreign trade in China and the practical imposition of new taxation against all treaty tariffs.

Newspapers and Students Are Great Factors in Movement Against American Goods.

GOVERNMENT NOT IN EARNEST

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

PEKIN, Aug. 29.—The American boycott almost overshadows the peace negotiations as a topic of interest in China. Accounts reaching Pekin from trading centers indicate that the movement attained its greatest strength early in August and since then has been decreasing. Nowhere except in Changhai has American business received a serious blow. The boycott would have been equally successful at Tientsin, which is a distributing market for American goods second only to Shanghai, except for the determined repression of Yuen Shikai, who is almost the only Chinese viceroy really ruling his own province.

The Pekin government, in response to Minister Rockhill's representations, issued instructions to provincial officials which read well, but when the officials construe with the belief that the government sympathizes with the sentiment in favor of the exclusion of American goods, although obliged formally to oppose the method of its expression. Several minor officials are implicated in the movement in Shanghai, and its leader holds the rank of taotai. The government might punish them by depriving them of honors, according to the Chinese custom, if it were in earnest.

Many important merchants who embarked in the boycott, now repent of the scheme, but it has passed beyond their control into the hands of agitators, the majority of whom are students, many recently returned from Japan, and some from America, who relate at meetings and in newspapers lurid stories of outrages received at the hands of American immigration officials. The agitators are active principals in the central and southern cities. They have abandoned the original demand that Chinese students and merchants be admitted to America as freely as those of other nationalities, and now are demanding the unrestricted entry of all Chinese.

The native newspapers, which have become influential only since the Boxer uprising, are a powerful factor in fanning the agitation. The best informed foreigners believe that the boycott has passed its climax and will gradually subside; that the cessation of orders for American goods is merely temporary, and that a decrease of orders now will result in a corresponding increase later in the year.

The principal piece goods merchants of Shanghai telegraphed to Viceroy Yuan Shikai, proposing to have Tientsin consignments shipped directly to Tientsin instead of through Shanghai as heretofore, and requesting him to take measures to stop the boycott thereof, and Yuan's civil administrator issued a proclamation accordingly. The end of the Russo-Japanese war, by opening Manchuria, will give a great impetus to American trade. That country has been practically closed to imports throughout the war, largely because the armies monopolized all means of transportation.

LARKIN SAYS METERS WILL CAUSE TYPHOID

Claims People Will Use the Water Sparingly and an Epidemic of Disease Will Follow.

Controller Larkin declares that water meters will cause a continual epidemic of typhoid and other diseases in Pittsburgh. "I hardly think the people will rise in their wrath and start a revolution because water meters are not being put into their houses. They are not losing any sleep over the matter, and neither am I," said the controller yesterday.

My judgment is that a compulsory measurement of water will result in an epidemic of typhoid fever and kindred diseases, as there are persons living in every block who will strain every point to prevent the use of water. They will bathe sparingly; won't wash their pavements or keep their premises clean, and the board of health will be the busiest arm of the public service. A per capita tax, it seems to me, would be the proper way to make a water charge for domestic use, and then classify other consumers.

PLEASED WITH PLANS.

Visiting Officers of Pennsylvania State Editorial Association Confer With the M. and M. Committee.

Four members of the executive committee of the Pennsylvania State Editorial association spent yesterday in Pittsburgh with the convention committee of the Merchants' and Manufacturers' association looking over the arrangements made for the entertainment of the convention opening here September 26. The visitors were President A. N. Pomeroy, Chambersburg Repository; Secretary H. P. Habgood, Bradford Star; H. A. Thompson, Tyrone, and Oliver D. Schock, Harrisburg.

The editors were met at the Hotel Schenley by Chairman John G. Stephenson of the general entertainment committee, Secretary J. W. Wardrop, Marcus Rauh, J. A. Riley and R. S. Mitchell.

After a consultation on the arrangements a telegram was sent to Charles Emory Smith of the Philadelphia Press asking him to respond to a toast on the night of the banquet. It was stated that the party will number about 700. The visitors were greatly pleased with the plans.

J. W. Wardrop and John M. Hazlett left last evening for Philadelphia to try to secure the presence of Mayor Weaver at the banquet.

GOING INTO CAMP AGAIN.

Foreign Service Men Are Tenting in Calhoun Park.

J. J. Ward post, McKeesport, Foreign Service Men of America, yesterday opened its three days' encampment at Calhoun park. Scores of tents have been erected and the former soldiers were busy getting their camp into shape last night.

The McKeesport organization is to have the assistance of the Duquesne Grays and the Washington infantry, both of which have promised to take part in the sham battle tomorrow evening. One of the features of the camp is the curio tent, containing interesting relics of service in foreign countries.

Threatens Edlis' Lieutenant.

David Gorback, who has been assisting Adolph Edlis in his crusade against the men who live off the earnings of disreputable women, has received a letter signed "M. F." threatening that he "will be put six feet under earth, if any harm comes to the boys and girls," meaning the men and women whose traffic Edlis is trying to stop. Gorback is not frightened and Edlis says he himself will not cease his crusade because of the threat.

Crawford Refuses to Prosecute.

The hearings of James Webster, charged with assault and battery; Wash Walsh, larceny, and Ellsworth Massey and Richardson Anderson, keeping a gambling house, were postponed by Alderman Anderson yesterday until today at 1 o'clock. The men were arrested Saturday night on informations made by T. H. Crawford. Crawford, however, refused to prosecute them yesterday, and unless witnesses appear today to prove their guilt, they will probably be discharged.

Pair Parts After Wedding.

Alderman Langsdorf of McKeesport yesterday performed a marriage ceremony that united Joe Veenie and Mary Kravchik. The groom was brought from the lockup, where he had been for several days on an information made by the bride. The key to the handcuffs that Veenie wore was lost and the services of a blacksmith were necessary to bring about his release. After the ceremony the two parted.

Magisterially a Vagrant.

William Dubbs, aged 23, was sentenced to the workhouse for 30 days yesterday by Magistrate Moke, on a charge of vagrancy. Policeman Lemox told the magistrate Dubbs had not been working for a number of years and has been supported by a negro woman who is an inmate of a disorderly house in Second avenue.

MANY MORE CASES OF FEVER FOUND NEAR NEW ORLEANS

Cairo Board of Health Takes Active Steps to Shut Out the Infection.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW ORLEANS, Aug. 29.—The yellow fever report for the day is as follows:

Report to 6 p. m.: New cases, 45; total to date, 1,832; deaths, 7; total, 297; new foci, 9; total, 429; remaining under treatment, 174.

The most important development of the yellow fever situation today was the report of Dr. C. Milo Brady, who had been sent by the state board of health on a tour of inspection of the bayous and lakes in Jefferson parish, where there are many settlements of fishermen in constant communication with New Orleans. Without completing their investigation they turned up 35 cases of yellow fever, mostly along Bayou Barataria, learned that deaths had occurred and found much suffering.

The patients suffering with the disease are principally Portuguese and Spaniards. The sick were without medical attendance, without nurses and in most cases without medicines, the appearance of the fever forcing many of them to abandon their trips to the city. A relief party consisting of a physician and two nurses was organized at once. A large supply of medicines and provisions also will be forwarded and the state board will keep in constant touch with the situation in the effort to control the sickness. All these cases are in Jefferson parish.

NATCHEZ, MISS., Aug. 29.—Dr. Eugene Wasdin of the Marine hospital service arrived here today and after a careful study of 14 patients pronounced nine yellow fever and five suspicious. Seven of the pronounced cases are negroes and all are within a radius of a few blocks in the city. Surgeons Guiteras and Goldsberger of the Marine hospital service have been ordered here.

CAIRO, ILL., Aug. 29.—At a meeting of the board of health, held this afternoon, it was decided to add more inspectors to the force and thus prevent any possibility of anyone slipping through the lines. A large number of persons were turned back today because they were not supplied with permits, and a number of arrests were made.

FAVOR BIG MERGER.

Southern Pacific Stockholders Approve It and Vote Increase of Capital Stock.

SAN FRANCISCO, Aug. 29.—The stockholders of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company, represented mainly by proxies, at a meeting in this city, have voted their approval to the recent merger of the Southern Pacific Railroad Company of California with the Southern Pacific Railroad Companies of Arizona and New Mexico. Following their action the stockholders voted to increase the stock of the corporation to $250,000,000 and to issue bonds for that amount to meet requirements of the merger and the refunding of the old bonds.

The merger includes all the Harriman lines between San Francisco and El Paso, excepting the Southern Pacific coast road between San Francisco and Santa Cruz and the Central Pacific line in California, which extends from Lathrop to Goshen and includes the ferry system between this city and Alameda county.

CRIPPLE CARNEGIE PLANTS.

Independent Concerns Paying Big Prices to the Best Men.

Independent iron and steel concerns which have recently completed plants throughout the country, are seriously crippling the old Carnegie plants of the United States Steel Corporation. The independents are offering greatly increased salaries to the flower of the Carnegie men, and the latter are accepting the offers. In many cases it is very difficult to replace the deserters, who have become experts in the peculiar lines of work.

In several instances superintendents have gone over to the independents and taken with them the best men in the departments.

Jumps in Front of Train.

HUNTINGTON, W. VA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Hayes Patterson of Ceredo, W. Va., a baggagemaster on the Norfolk & Western train, No. 3, leaped from the door of his car at Kenova this afternoon directly in front of a train going in the opposite direction. His head was severed.

Pink-Eye in Braddock.

Braddock and Turtle Creek children are victims of an epidemic of pink-eye. The disease appears to be contagious and the doctors are much worried. They believe that unsanitary homes and general uncleanliness are responsible for the epidemic.

THE THREE RIVERS

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

CINCINNATI, O., Aug. 29.—At 6 p. m. the Ohio river was 11 feet and stationary. Departures—Virginia, Pittsburgh; City of Cincinnati, Louisville. The Queen City was due to pass up late Monday night on her way from New Orleans to Pittsburgh. She arrived at the Mill Creek landing after dark. The commander of the boat decided that it would not be wise to make a run of the bridges in the dark and laid over and made some repairs and left this morning with a big tow for headwaters. She will go as far up the stream as possible. The Josh Cook and George Mathieson passed up with empties from Louisville. Several towboats are being repaired here. Clear and warmer.

MARIETTA.—Seven and a half and falling. Clear, warmer. Ben Hur up 5 p. m.; Keystone State down 4 p. m.

LOUISVILLE—Falling. In canal 4.8 on falls 2.6, below locks 5.8. Clear.

MORGANTOWN—Six feet 6 inches and falling. Fair.

OIL CITY—Seven inches and falling. Clear.

WARREN—Three feet. Fair and warm.

GREENSBORO—Seven feet 9 inches and falling. Fair and warm. Columbia down Wednesday; Woodward up.

POINT PLEASANT—Seven feet 2 inches and rising. Clear. Down, Tacoma. Up, Greenland.

GALLIPOLIS—Eight feet 6 inches and rising. Clear and warm.

PARKERSBURG—Eight feet 5 inches and stationary. Clear and cool. The Valley Belle left at noon for Middleport, the French for Creston, the Ben Hur for Pittsburgh and the Keystone State for Cincinnati.

WHEELING—Six feet 4 inches and falling. Cloudy and warm. Departed: Queen City, 4 a. m.; Keystone State, Cincinnati, 7 a. m.; H. K. Bedford, Parkersburg, 11 a. m.

The stage of water at Davis Island dam at 9 o'clock last night was 4.2 feet and the river was falling.

RIVER TO BE CLOSED.

Repairs on Lock No. 1 Will Cause Suspension of Navigation.

Navigation on the Monongahela river below Lock No. 1 will probably be closed for a couple of weeks while repairs are being made to the lock. The old gates are to be removed and replaced by steel ones. While the repairs are in progress the Monongahela packet company will run the Rose Hite between the wharfboat at the foot of Wood street and the dam and transfer there to the up-river boats. No coal will be locked through during that time, and coal companies and manufacturing concerns are getting ready for the shutdown. Notices have been sent out by Maj. Sibert that navigation through the lock will be suspended.

All the towboats in need of repairs are being given a general overhauling. There has been little time for this kind of work this year, as the season has been unusually favorable to the navigators.

The W. W. O'Neil is tied up at Sewickley awaiting water enough to get into the harbor.

The Queen City will get in this morning from Cincinnati and leave on her return this afternoon.

The Kanawha left for Charleston yesterday afternoon.

The Columbia was the Morgantown boat in and out yesterday.

MAYOR WEAVER INDIGNANT AT REPUBLICAN COMMITTEE

Says It Has No Right to Assist in Purging the List of Fraudulent Voters—Director Potter Is Doing It Satisfactorily.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 29.—Mayor Weaver returned today from his Canadian vacation. He did not appear pleased at the result of the registration canvass made at the instance of the Republican city committee. His indignation reached white heat when he was told that the Republican leaders had invited the chairman of the Democratic organization and the Committee of Seventy to sit with the assessors and assist in the correction of the lists.

The mayor takes the ground that no one but Director Potter has the right to purge the lists, and he resents, as an intrusion, the action of the Republican city committee. Here is what he said in part:

Whether with or without the efforts of the Republican city committee, the voting lists of the city of Philadelphia will be purged of their bogus names. Director Potter has the work well in hand, and there is no doubt that it will be satisfactorily accomplished.

I do not expect the administration or the department of public safety to get very much assistance in purging the assessors' lists from the Republican city committee, as it is at present constituted, said the mayor. Director Potter will doubtless go on with the work. He has it in good shape, and will undoubtedly carry it through, anyhow.

Of course, assistance will be welcomed, but I confess I should not have looked for assistance from this source. The city committee, of course, must have known of the fraudulent registration, say a year ago, and that would have been a very good time to have cleaned it up. Director Potter has now been at it several months, and in that time there has been plenty of opportunity to aid if there had been any desire to really assist in cleaning up.

As I say, Director Potter has this work in hand, and he will carry it through to completion, regardless of any other effort.

In defense of his action in delaying the completion of the filtration plant, and stopping all other public improvements, the mayor said his plan of retrenchment, generally speaking, was for the purpose of placing the city's finances on a basis that would permit the municipality to take over the gas works at the expiration of the present lease in 1907. This will require from $18,000,000 to $20,000,000, the sum expended for improvements by the United Gas Improvement Company.

CHESTER D. POTTER.

½ Off JACKSONS ½ Off

A Parting Shot

Prior to our fall opening we intend clearing out every

½ Off OUTING SUIT ½ Off

about 200 Suits, all colors, all sizes and all prices.

The Man at the Helm

has been through the stock and ordered this sweeping edict—they must go, so here's your opportunity:

$ 7.50 Outing Suits for.....$3.75
$ 9.00 Outing Suits for.....$4.50
$10.00 Outing Suits for.....$5.00
$12.00 Outing Suits for.....$6.00

And so on all along the line, just ½ the marked price. Sale starts this Wednesday morning, Aug. 30, and closes Saturday, Sept. 2.

Be quick. Get your size.

½ Off ½ Off

JACKSONS

954 and 956 Liberty Street

On Wednesday and Thursday.
A Recent Purchase of Embroidered Silk Organdies, 25c per yard.
Value 50c.
(Main Floor.)

An opportunity to buy at the manufacturer's loss, extremely attractive new goods appropriate for house and evening gowns. Showing represents six distinct printed designs in several colors with embroidered silk dots.

McCreery and Company,
Wood Street at Sixth Avenue,
PITTSBURGH.

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The Beer That Made Milwaukee Famous.

Phone: P. & A. Main 1778, or Bell, Grant 1113. Paul Wiesthoff Co. 14th & Pike Sts., Pittsburg

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Get the right Policy—
NATIONAL UNION FIRE INSURANCE COMPANY
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The Best Hot Weather Medicine
SALE TEN MILLION BOXES A YEAR
Cascarets
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10c, 25c, 50c. THEY WORK WHILE YOU SLEEP All Druggists
PREVENT ALL SUMMER BOWEL TROUBLES

CASTORIA
For Infants and Children.
The Kind You Have Always Bought
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher

Selected grains and perfect fermentation make
Old Quaker Rye
Pure and stimulating. Least reactive effect, due to its perfect aging.
Worth your while to get it.
Phone 1189, Wm. J. Friday, Co., 630 Smithfield St., Pittsburg.

Coronet Old Tom and Dry Gin

A Shoe for Men of Brains
The Carter Shoe
Sole Exclusively at Griswold Shoe Parlor, 317 Smithfield St.

Windows Cleaned
BY CONTRACT
NATIONAL WINDOW CLEANING CO.
Both Phones. 245 Third Ave.

Marriage Licenses.

Allegheny county marriage licenses were issued today to the following:

Name and residence. Age.
Joseph Kaminski, Pittsburgh 21
Mary Kaminski, Pittsburgh 19
Frank Kaminski, Pittsburgh 23
Mary Kaminski, Pittsburgh 21
Joseph Kaminski, Pittsburgh 21
Mary Kaminski, Pittsburgh 19
Frank Kaminski, Pittsburgh 23
Mary Kaminski, Pittsburgh 21

MRS. TAGGART IS A GOOD WITNESS

Her Story of Husband's Abuse Is Strong Feature of Case for Defense.

KIMONO INTRODUCED IN CASE

[Special Telegram to The Gazette.]

WOOSTER, O., Aug. 29.—Resuming the witness stand this morning, Mrs. Grace Elmore Taggart took up the thread of her narrative where it was dropped when court adjourned yesterday.

Describe your drinking at Fort Leavenworth, Mrs. Taggart was directed as she settled in the witness chair this morning.

I drank a little at parties, and at our meals we had light wines, but I never drank high balls.

Is there any truth in the allegation that you got drunk and had to be put to bed?

No, sir; came the emphatic answer as she shot an indignant glance at Capt. Taggart, who did not flinch.

What was the extent of the captain's drinking?

It increased at Fort Leavenworth.

What was the effect of his drinking?

It made him nervous and irritable, and he seemed to imagine things.

The witness then described the events of the cotillion and told how a small party of the guests went to the Taggart house about 4 o'clock in the morning after the dance was over and how champagne had been drunk over the success of the cotillion.

Charged Champagne to Mamma.

Where did the champagne come from that you hand in the house? was asked.

We couldn't afford to buy at the fort, so the captain told me to get some when I went to Chicago. I got a dozen quarts and a half-dozen pints and charged it up to mamma.

Mrs. Taggart then told of the night she went into the cellar for ice with Fortesque.

Fortesque and I were at the bottom of the cellar steps, just opening the ice chest, when Mr. Herabler came down and helped us get the ice. They both returned to the kitchen.

Speaking of the time when Taggart says he ordered Fortesque from the house, Mrs. Taggart said that the captain made some remark that was intended as a joke, but that Fortesque took it seriously and left the house. The next day, she said, Capt. Taggart went to Fortesque and explained that the words were spoken jocularly. Mrs. Taggart described the incidents of the Sunday morning when she went to the Poore house to watch the guard mount against the wishes of her husband. The Poores returned to her home with her without being asked, and Mrs. Taggart had to coax her husband to come downstairs. He refused to come down until Mrs. Taggart had promised to have nothing more to do with the Poores or Fortesque.

That afternoon, added the witness, while returning from a ball game, Capt. Taggart invited the Poores to the house, after having made me a promise to have nothing more to do with them.

What was the captain's reason for this?

I don't know, but it was just about as reasonable as he ever was.

Kimono Exhibit Gets in.

What about 83 quarts of whisky being drunk in your house in 100 days?

It was an impossibility. It never happened.

Describe the events of the night Capt. Simmons escorted you home from the hop.

I went upstairs and as I entered my room the captain grabbed me and threw me across the room, and I struck my head on the chiffonier. He knocked me down and beat and kicked me.

When the accusation that Mrs. Taggart had received Fortesque while dressed in a kimono was the subject of testimony, Mrs. Vose was pressed into service, and in the presence of the court donned the kimono for the purpose of showing that there was nothing improper in appearing in public in that garment. Mrs. Taggart in reply to a question said that she had sent "Billy" Taggart a suit of clothes in June, 1904, from Mill Valley, Cal. She also identified several letters that had passed between her and "Billy." Returning to the night of June 30, 1903, she told of going to the concert in the evening and then going to the Poores' house.

Her Story of Assault.

Capt. and Mrs. Poore and Fortesque later took me home, but, unable to get in, I returned with the Poores to their home. Lieut. Fortesque going to his quarters. Capt. Taggart telephoned to the Poore house for me, and Capt. Poore took me home. When I entered the house the captain came down stairs and made a spring for me, grabbed me by the hair and batted my head against the wall, pulling some hair out. Then he tore all my clothes off—every stitch except my shoes and stockings. He opened the door and shoved me out on the porch, saying: "Go to the gutter, where you belong." Then he pulled me back into the house, threw me on the floor and kicked me until I was black and blue all over. He sat on me a while and then kicked me every step of the way upstairs and into my room, where he threw me on the bed and beat and choked me until I was almost gone. Culver came into the room and said something. Capt. Taggart then left me alone and went into his room and in a few minutes was sleeping soundly. The next day I had Capt. Poore appeal to Col. Miner for protection. When Miner came to see me I told him I wanted him to take steps to keep Capt. Taggart away from the house because I was afraid of him and would not live with him again.

She Loaned Husband Money.

The witness then told of leaving Fort Leavenworth with the captain and going to San Francisco. At her hotel in San Francisco she had an interview with Taggart in which both said they did not desire a divorce. They made an agreement that she should stay there and keep the children and he would see them whenever he returned from his trips on the transport. She then told of the captain abducting the children on the pretense of taking them to lunch on the transport, and bringing them to Wayne county, where he applied for a divorce. She told how she located and followed him and filed her cross-petition for divorce. She denied that she had ever squandered the captain's earnings, but on the contrary, had loaned the captain $800 for the purchase of a farm in Orrville for the captain's sister, which money had never been paid back to her. At 4 o'clock Attorney Sterling began the cross-examination with:

"Mrs. Taggart, do you know what perjury is?"

"It is lying under oath," was the prompt answer.

The cross-examination will be continued in the morning.

READY TO BUILD NEW ROAD.

Southern Traction Company Will Unite Several Towns About Altoona With 18-Mile System.

Plans have been perfected and the contract will be let inside a month for the construction of the line of the Southern Traction Company, 18 miles long, reaching Altoona, Hollidaysburg, Roaring Spring and Bedford on the south, and Johnstown, Ebensburg and Gallitzin on the north and west. About $450,000 will be required to build the road.

The capital is partly subscribed in Pittsburgh and partly in Altoona. Frank C. Patterson of Pittsburgh is president and F. J. Thompson, secretary-treasurer. The other members of the board are Dr. A. W. Ardary, John G. Burns, H. E. Haller, Thomas Maxwell and George W. Burke.

The Real Estate Title and Trust Company of Altoona will act as trustee for the mortgage securing the bond issue. The power house, car barn and general operating offices will be at Duncansville.

POWERS CASE UP AGAIN.

Attorney-General of Kentucky Asks for Speedy Hearing and a Mandamus.

FRANKFORT, KY., Aug. 29.—The record and briefs of the commonwealth in the appeal from the ruling of United States District Judge Cochran assuming jurisdiction in the case of Caleb Powers, were today forwarded to the clerk of the supreme court of the United States at Washington.

Attorney General Hays of Kentucky will appear before the court October 9. He will ask a speedy hearing and will ask that a writ of mandamus be issued, returning the case to the Kentucky courts.

CASTORIA.
Bears the Signature of Chas. H. Fletcher. The Kind You Have Always Bought

EXPO IS READY FOR THE OPENING

Seventeenth Season of the Big Annual Display of Pittsburgh Products Starts Tonight.

DAMROSCH IS THE FEATURE

All is ready for the opening of the seventeenth season of the Pittsburgh Exposition. Walter Damrosch and his New York Symphony orchestra will arrive this morning to be the opening musical attraction for the big show at the Point. The exhibits are in place, the sideshows—larger and finer than ever before—have been arranged, the electric lighting has been made perfect in every detail, the decorations are in place, the street car arrangements have been revised to fit the needs of the thousands that will go—in fact everything is complete except the crowds.

The only question now is: Will tonight's crowd break all the records for first-night attendances? If the character of the musical attraction, the number of exhibits, and the excellence of the sideshows will bring it about, a new record can be expected.

Damrosch and his orchestra come to Pittsburgh to fill a 10-day engagement. They have been playing to large crowds in Philadelphia and have attracted much favorable notice.

Fine Orchestral Program.

For tonight Mr. Damrosch has arranged an array of pleasing numbers by Wagner, Beyer, Berlioz, Wormser, Widor, Dvorak, Massenet and Waldteufel. This evening's program will include two notable selections, one from "Samson and Delilah" by Saint-Saens, during the first part of the evening, and a solo, "Under the Trees," by Mr. Leroy. This is the full program:

7:30 P. M.

Overture, "Rienzi".....Wagner
Waltz, from "The Doll's Fairy".....Bayer
Procession of Pilgrims, Chanting Their Evening Prayer, from the "Harold" Symphony.....Berlioz
(a) Flute Solo, Madrigal from "L'Enfant Prodigue".....Wormser
(b) "Scherzo".....Widor
Monsieur Barrere.
Selections from "Samson" and "Delilah".....Saint-Saens

(New, first time.)

9:30 P. M.

Overture, "Tannhaeuser".....Wagner
Prize Song from "Die Meistersinger"..Wagner
Two Slavonic Dances.....Dvorak
"Under the Trees" (first time).....Massenet
Clarionet Solo, A. Leroy; 'Cello Solo, Mr. Schultz.
Waltz, "Gayety".....Waldteufel

Only One Fare to Expo.

The following arrangement of street car service was announced last evening by the Pittsburgh Railways Company:

Beginning tonight and continuing every evening during the Exposition season, all Allegheny cars except Charles street and Spring Garden will run via Duquesne way to the Exposition and back to their regular routes via Water street, Penn avenue and Liberty street from 10 o'clock until 10:55. It has been the custom in past Exposition seasons to run all the Manchester cars to the Point after 10 o'clock in the evening, but this year the service has been extended to include all the Allegheny lines except the two noted above. Perrysville avenue, Avalon, Bellevue, West View and Brighton Road cars beginning at 10 o'clock p. m., will come to Pittsburgh via Federal street and the Sixth street bridge. Instead of across the Ninth street bridge. Persons using the Charles street and Spring Garden cars can board any Allegheny car at the Exposition and will be transferred to the Charles street cars at Ohio and Federal streets, or to the Spring Garden cars at Ohio and Chestnut streets.

From 10 a. m. until 10 p. m. when the Allegheny cars are not running direct to the Exposition, all Manchester and East Ohio street lines will issue transfers to Exposition loop cars at Duquesne way and Fifth street, and will accept transfers from the Exposition loop cars at Liberty avenue and Market street. These loop cars will run on Duquesne way, Water street, Penn avenue, Liberty avenue and Sixth street. They will run every few minutes.

During the same hours—from 10 a. m. until 10 p. m.—all East End cars will give transfers at Sixth and Liberty. Sixth and Penn, Fifth and Wood, or Fourth and Wood. Liberty avenue cars will transfer at Sixth and Wood. Passengers transferring at Fifth and Wood can walk to Liberty and Market where they can get the Exposition loop cars. At Fourth and Wood passengers can transfer to the Second avenue Exposition cars going down Third avenue. These Second avenue transfer cars will come up Fourth avenue from the Exposition to Grant street and return via Third avenue. They will transfer to South Side cars at Fourth and Smithfield, and to Charleroi cars at Fourth and Wood. Passengers using the Carson street via Smithfield street bridge cars will transfer at Fourth and Market. People coming from the South Side and Charleroi divisions will get transfers at Third and Smithfield. Butler street cars inbound will give transfers at Penn and Sixth, and accept them at Liberty and Sixth streets. All Wylie avenue cars will give and accept transfers at Fifth and Wood. Atwood cars will give them at Fifth and Wood and accept them at Fourth and Wood.

DIRECTORS OF LUNA GIVE FLOWERS TO MISS MEHAFFEY

Miss Blanche B. Mehaffey, whose magnificent soprano voice is charming the thousands at Luna park, made another decided hit last evening, and an unusual compliment was paid her by the directorate of the park, composed of some of the best-known business men of Pittsburgh. It was decided that as an attestation of appreciation of the service Miss Mehaffey has rendered in entertaining the vast audiences at Luna, public recognition should be given her. Therefore an order was placed for the handsomest bouquet of Marechal Neil roses that could be procured, and it was presented to her when she concluded her first song. The presentation brought forth a storm of applause from the immense gathering.

Attorneys Reach Compromise.

BELLEFONTE, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Attorneys in the case of the Platt-Barber Company against John G. Platt, former secretary and treasurer of the company, met this afternoon and an agreement was reached without the case coming to a court trial. Platt gave the company a note for $20,169.87, which is considered as a compromise on the part of the firm. Platt plead guilty to the charge of misappropriating funds belonging to the company.

Thieves Profuse in Their Apologies.

NEW BRIGHTON, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—About 3:30 o'clock this morning John Borrett, a well-known business man better known as "Humpy," was awakened from sleep by the words, "Sorry, Humpy, but we must have that $100 you have hidden in this room." "Humpy" saw a glistening revolver, also two men near his bed and produced the $100. The men thanked him, apologized, and departed over the porch roof.

Polish Archbishop Ends Visit.

After participating last evening in services attended by an immense assemblage at St. Adelbert's Polish Catholic church, South Fifteenth street, Archbishop F. A. Symon, the pope's delegate to American Poles, completed his Pittsburgh work, and will leave this morning for Detroit. He expressed himself as greatly pleased with the conditions among his fellow countrymen in Pittsburgh.

MUSICAL HITS.

The big musical hits at seashore, mountain resorts and other vacation places are: Songs, "In Dear Old Georgia," "Tamamity," "Sweet Adeline," "Keep a Little Cosy Corner in Your Heart for Me," "In the Shade of the Old Apple Tree" and "Yankee Doodle Boy." New two-steps and waltzes:

"Yankee Grit," "Chicken Chatlie," "Moonlight Serenade," "Splivins Corners" (medley), "Dance of the Stars," "Lost Paradise" waltzes.

Any one 11c. Any three 30c.
(3c extra for postage.)
THE S. HAMILTON CO.,
531-533 Wood St., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Pittsburgh and Lake Erie.
Cheap Excursion to Denver
Fare from Pittsburgh $29.30.

Account G. A. R. Encampment, excursion tickets will be sold from all stations to Denver & Return on Aug. 30 to Sept. 3 inclusive, valid returning until Oct. 7. Through cars to Chicago.

SOCIETY

PLANS are now completed for the wedding of Miss Laura Curry of this city, and Charles Scott Estabrook of Syracuse, N. Y., which is scheduled for next Wednesday evening. The ceremony will be performed at 5 o'clock at the summer home of the bride's mother, Mrs. Henry M. Curry in Magnolia, Mass. The guest list will be a limited one, and the bride will have but one attendant, her sister, Miss Margaret Curry. Mr. Estabrook will have as his best man his fiancee's brother, Albert Curry. Plans for the wedding trip are being kept secret, but at its conclusion Mr. Estabrook and his bride will be at home in Comstock avenue, Syracuse, N. Y.

Kitchen Shower for Bride.

A kitchen shower was given yesterday afternoon in honor of Miss Mary S. Lambie of Glen Osborn, who will be married to Joseph F. Shannon of Edgeworth. The shower was given by Miss Katherine Kelley of Broad street, Sewickley, who will be one of the bridal party at the wedding. Thirty guests were present. The wedding will take place at 6 o'clock next Tuesday morning on the handsome lawn of the parents of the bride. The ceremony will be performed by the Rev. Albert F. Siebert of Germantown, an uncle of the bride, assisted by the Rev. E. M. Milligan, pastor of the Sewickley United Presbyterian church. The bridal party will include Miss Helen Lambie, maid of honor; Mrs. Ed Dithridge, matron of honor, and bridesmaids: Misses Annie Lambie, Mary McKinnie, Katherine Kelley, Mary Haines, Grace Davis, Carrie Siebert and Olive Denniston. William T. Shannon will be best man, and the ushers will be E. B. Dithridge, Simpson Musgrave, K. Schneider, Edward Boobyer, Wallace Scott, Charles Lambie, William and Donald Rose.

Pittsburgh Guests at Dance.

A party of young people from this city went out to Oakmont last evening to attend the dance given in the Boat club by Mrs. John Crockston and Mrs. H. Will Alexander. The party included Miss Marion Long, Miss Helen Long, Miss Olive Hunter, Miss Josephine Grimes, Miss Fanny Grimes, James Grimes, Jack Grimes, and William Ward. Miss Muriel Hope of Essex, England; Mrs. Isaac Wade's house guest, was also among the out-of-town dancers, as were Miss Elizabeth Marshall and Miss Martha Ward, both of this city, who were entertained at the Alexander home over the event. The honors of the occasion were shared by Miss Annie Alexander and Miss Helen Crockston, daughters of the hostesses, who will shortly resume their studies, the former at the National Park Seminary in Washington, D. C., and the latter at St. Xavier's academy in Latrobe.

Announcement of Wedding.

The marriage of Miss Sarah Agnes Shriver of Westminster, Md., and Mr. Joseph W. Schneiders of this city, will take place next Tuesday. The ceremony will be performed at St. John's Catholic church in Westminster, and will be followed by a breakfast at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. William Schriver. Mr. Schneiders is connected with the Pennsylvania lines west, and was recently transferred to Pittsburgh from Ft. Wayne.

In Honor of Bride-Elect.

Miss Mary Seibert Lambie, whose marriage to Joseph Fleming Shannon will take place next Tuesday, was honor-guest at a kitchen shower last evening by Miss Katherine Kelly of Sewickley, one of the bridesmaids. An entertainment for the guests there were shadow illustrations of popular songs, in which the hostess was assisted by her sister-in-law, Mrs. Samuel Beech Kelly, and the latter's sister, Miss Pauline Glefter of the East End. The decorations were carried out in the wedding colors, green and white. Miss Lambie will give her bridesmaids' luncheon tomorrow afternoon and on Monday evening the round of gaiety which has preceded the wedding will be concluded with the rehearsal.

Schedule Interesting Wedding.

An exceedingly interesting wedding scheduled for this evening at 6 o'clock is that of Miss Louise Elizabeth McKain and Dent B. Neagley, president of the Universal Incorporating Company of this city. The Rev. J. S. Hudson, pastor of the Beth Eden Baptist church of Allegheny, will perform the ceremony at the home of the bride's mother, Mrs. M. L. McKain, in Avalon, only the members of the two families being witnesses. The wedding will be very quiet, owing to the recent death of the bride's father. Miss Pauline Mc-Cray of Rochester, Pa., and George Neagley, brother of the bridegroom, will be the only attendants. After a trip to Washington, D. C., Mr. Neagley and his bride will be at home in Avalon, receiving their friends after September 1 in Belva avenue.

Notes from Watch Hill.

Among the recent hostesses at Watch Hill, R. I., were Mrs. John Moorhead, Jr., and Mrs. J. Walter Rhodes, both of Allegheny. Mrs. Moorhead gave a luncheon of 12 covers, while Mrs. Rhodes entertained with a smartly-appointed card party. Dallas C. Byers, also of Allegheny, entertained with an automobile party to Providence, Newport and Boston. His brother, Ebon M. Byers, was a participant in the recent golf tournament at the Misquamicut Golf club at Watch Hill.

Gives Large Box Party.

Mr. and Mrs. Clarence Van Dyke Tiers of Oakmont gave a large box party at the Alvin to see "The Runaways" on Monday evening. The guests were Miss Susan Paul, Edward V. Paul, Miss Susan Tiers, Miss Mary Lee Paul, Miss Ruth Johnston, Miss Maude Hunter, Mrs. William Hepburn Tinsman, William Armstrong, Howard Armstrong, Mr. Tinsman, R. W. Bauersmith, Tabor Johnston, Herbert Tiers and Dr. William H. Cameron.

Miss Hunter's Card Party.

Mrs. William Hepburn Tinsman, Mrs. Benjamin E. Hedding and Mrs. McManus won the prizes at Miss Maude E. Hunter's euchre in the Oakmont Boat club yesterday afternoon. Miss Susan Paul, an Oakmont bride-elect, was the principal guest of honor. Six hand euchre was the game played at nine tables.

Church Social Two Evenings.

St. Alphonsus' Roman Catholic congregation of McDonald will give a social this and tomorrow evening on the church grounds at Lincoln avenue and Third street. The program will include vocal and instrumental music and vaudeville.

Bride's Brother to Be Best Man.

Master George Macbeth, the bride's young brother, is to be best man at the wedding of Miss Helen W. Macbeth and Dr. William Benjamin Boggess on September 12. The Rev. M. D. Pendleton, pastor of the Swedenborgian church of this city, will perform the ceremony at noon at "Glenvie," the summer home of Mr. and Mrs. George Alexander Macbeth, the bride's parents, in Bethlehem, N. H. Dr. Boggess will leave for Bethlehem during the latter part of next week.

Recent Arrivals at Magnolia.

Miss Rebekah Collier of Washington, D. C., Mrs. T. De Witt Talmage's daughter, and a niece of Mr. and Mrs. Thomas Grant McCutcheon of this city, is stopping at Magnolia, Mass. Miss Errol Brown and her brother, also of the Capitol City, are other recent arrivals at the Massachusetts resort. It will be remembered Miss Brown was a bridesmaid at the wedding of Miss Elizabeth Burd Thaw and Henry Lafayette Collins of this city, two years ago.

Schwabs Going to Portland.

After spending part of the day here with friends and relatives, Mrs. Charles M. Schwab and a party of her family connections left last evening over the Pennsylvania lines for Portland, Ore., to visit the fair. Mrs. Schwab and her party came in early in the day from their mountain home at Loretto. They are traveling in Mr. Schwab's private car.

Smith-Streng.

LATROBE, PA., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Prof. A. A. Streng, principal of the Latrobe public schools, and Miss Erminie Smith, a former teacher in the high school here, were married at noon today at the home of the bride's parents, Mr. and Mrs. James H. Smith of Fort Palmer, in the Ligonier valley. Mr. and Mrs. Streng left for a brief honeymoon tour. Upon their return, after September 5, they will live in Latrobe.

Notes of Society.

The second in the series of outings being given under the auspices of the Harry A. McKee chapter, No. 54, Order of the Eastern Star of Homestead, will be held tomorrow afternoon and evening in Homestead park.

Miss Nellie Jones and Miss Inez Jones of Wilmerburg are the guests of Miss Georgia Treffinger of Bonfield, O.

The members of the Columbus club of this city have issued invitations for an old-time outing in Allisquippa park on Wednesday, September 6. Trains will leave the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie station at 9:10 a. m., 12:55 p. m., 3 p. m. and 4:30 p. m., city time, and returning will leave the park at 5 o'clock in the evening. The officers of the club are John Kelly, president; Frank P. Smith, secretary; Thomas A. Dunn, treasurer. The committee in charge of the outing includes A. V. D. Watterson, P. J. McNally, John R. Russell, H. F. McGrady, William Loeffler and John J. Garry.

Prof. J. H. Topham of the Pittsburgh College of the Holy Ghost and Richard T. A. Ennis, the boy soprano, of this city, arrived in New York on Monday aboard the Finland from a three months' tour of Europe.

Invitations were issued yesterday to more than 1,500 members of the Knights of Columbus in Greater Pittsburgh for a reception to be given by Chartiers council, No. 875, at Oakwood park next Tuesday evening. It is the first social affair of the Crafton council, and as the regular season at the park will close Monday, the council has secured exclusive control of the park for the evening. The following committees has the affair in charge: W. L. Danaher, W. F. McGervey, Dr. J. M. McCue, J. J. Boyle, J. A. Roney, J. J. Breen, Sr., W. C. Mullen, P. C. Schlicker, Dr. R. A. Walsh and J. J. Breen, Jr.

Mrs. B. E. Hedding of Oakmont will entertain at euchre this evening at the Oakmont club in honor of Mrs. Grant of Melrose, who is Mrs. Hedding's guest.

Mrs. L. W. Bier has issued invitations for a fancy work party to be given at her home, Elgath street, Oakmont, this evening.

Midshipman Harry Campbell, who arrive on his honey in Oakmont next week on a furlough from Annapolis, and a series of social affairs is being planned for him.

Miss Susan Paul, whose engagement to Robert W. Wentworth has been announced, was honor guest yesterday afternoon at a card party given by Miss Maude Hunter, who is spending the summer in Oakmont. Five-hand euchre was played. Autumn flowers were used in the decorations.

WEE MITE OF A BABY MAKES POLICEMAN WEARY

Wrapped in a bundle of cotton, which was held in place about the tiny form by the weight of two silver dollars, and lying in a chip basket on a pile of bricks near the new addition to the Homewood car barns at Frankstown and Braddock avenues, a male infant, apparently about two days old, was found by passing pedestrians last night at 10 o'clock. The babe was taken into a nearby drug store and word sent to the police. When Lieut. Welsh reached the place a crowd had gathered, all indulging in surmise as to whose baby it was. The child was first taken to the East End hospital by Wagonman Joseph Pearson. At the hospital Pearson was told to take the infant to the Homelia foundling asylum, which he did, attracting great attention from the street car passengers, as he bore his squirming burden on a pillow carried at arm's length.

HAMILTON'S

Our stock of Mandolins, Guitars, Banjos, etc., is large and composed of such famous makes as

MARTIN, HAMILTON, BRANDT, MAYFLOWER, KEYSTONE STATE MANDOLINS.

MARTIN, BRUNO, HAMILTON, WEYMAN AND BAUER GUITARS.

STEWART AND KEYSTONE STATE BANJOS.

PRICES—

Mandolins from $3.00 to $100.

Guitars from $2.50 to $125.

Banjos from $8.00 to $100.

CASES for all instruments ranging in price from 60c to $35

The S. Hamilton Co.

Hamilton Hall, 531-533 Wood St., Pittsburg, Pa.

"The Home of the Angelus"

MELLIN'S For the Baby FOOD

Many of your neighbors have used Mellin's Food for their children. Ask them what they think of it; look at their children and see the result of using a proper food. Mellin's Food will give the same good results if you will use it with your baby.

Send for a sample, we will send it free of charge.

Mellin's Food is the ONLY Infants' Food, which received the Grand Prize, the highest award of the Louisiana Purchase Exposition, St. Louis, 1904. Higher than a gold medal.

MELLIN'S FOOD CO., BOSTON, MASS.

MAJOR'S CEMENT

IS THE BEST for Repairing Broken Articles. Mends wood, iron, tinware, glass, crockery, leather and rubber. Cement same price.

LEADER DEPARTMENT STORE
(FORMERLY GUSKY'S.)
Largest Co-operative Store in America.
Market St., Fourth and Third Aves

P. B. CO. SPECIAL
PITTSBURGH BREWING CO.

To Cure All Skin Diseases Use Dr. T. Felix Gouraud's Oriental Cream, or Magical Beautifier. It Purifies and Beautifies the Skin. FOR SALE AT DRUGGISTS.

MYSTERY ARISES OVER A PRISONER

Alleged Assailant of Michael Lynch Seems to Have Joined the List of Missing.

AT MANY PLACES DURING DAY

Where is "Gus" Long?

The officers at Central police station had him in custody for a time yesterday, but his absence from any of the official places of detention late last night has thrown a mystery about Long's whereabouts. Long, so far as could be ascertained, has not been released by due process of the law, yet he is among the missing so far as those know who ought to know.

In the meantime Michael Lynch, aged 40, of Sewickley, whom the police suspect was murderously assaulted by Long under the trainshed of the Baltimore & Ohio railroad Monday night, is hovering between life and death at the Homeopathic hospital. The physician attending Lynch stated last night that the man's condition is so critical that he did not care to venture an opinion as to the outcome.

Lynch, at 9:45 o'clock Monday night, walked out from under the trainshed at the station and fell prostrate before a crowd of passengers who had come in on one of the trains. He had a razor cut on the left side of his face extending from the ear to the mouth. Another cut, which the doctors say was probably made by a knife, was found in his left breast and penetrated the left lung. If complications set in Lynch cannot recover.

Lynch Will Not Tell.

Lynch either cannot or will not give the police information which will aid them in capturing his assailant. At 4:30 o'clock yesterday morning, according to the police records at Central station, Policeman Frank Lynch arrested "Gus" Long at No. 2 Try street, and locked him in Central station on a charge of being a suspicious person. Long is said to answer the description the police have received of the man who cut Lynch.

At the police hearings before Magistrate Moke yesterday morning Long was given a hearing, but denied he was implicated in the assault on Lynch. In spite of his protests, Magistrate Moke committed him to jail, to be held while the police investigate the assault on Lynch and pending the outcome of the latter's injuries. On hearing the magistrate's decision, Long protested vehemently that he was innocent, but was placed in a cell, anyhow.

At 1 p. m. Dr. A. E. McCandless, the police surgeon, was called by the cell sergeant to attend Long, who had become ill suddenly. Dr. McCandless, after making an examination, stated that the man was threatened with congestion of the brain and ordered him taken to the Homeopathic hospital.

Turned Back to the Police.

At the hospital last night it was stated that after Long had been there a short time the doctor declared he was on the verge of delirum tremens, and the police were notified and took him away.

At the police station it was stated Long had been committed to jail by Magistrate Moke's order. Inquiry at the jail resulted in the information being received that no one had been committed to that institution by the name of Long by Magistrate Moke.

After the effort to find Long proved fruitless, it was said the name of the man detained by the magistrate on suspicion of being Lynch's assailant went by the name of William Fleming. A search for the whereabouts of Fleming failed to discover him, for so far as the officers at Central station seemed to know, the alleged assailant of Lynch is in jail. At the jail the deputy warden said the same as in the case of Long, no man by the name of Fleming had been received yesterday at the jail on a commitment issued by Moke.

The mystery surrounding the case is unusual, and there is no hint that the alleged assailant has been let go or has escaped, but, where is Long?

PARTIAL ECLIPSE OF SUN DUE AT 5:45 THIS MORNING

At sunrise this morning only a part of the sun will be apparent, and for a couple of hours this section of the world will witness, in case the clouds do not obscure it, a partial eclipse of the sun. When the sun rises at 5:45 a little of the upper right hand corner will be obscured. The shadow will grow larger and larger, until at 6:30 two-thirds of the sun will be hidden.

Why be bothered with coal when you can burn gas in your range at a cost of from 25c to $1.00 per month.
See Peoples Natural Gas Co.,
Columbia Bank Building.
No charge for service connection or setting meters.

The Man Out of Work should read The Gazette want pages. Hundreds of situations appear daily.

Among the Clubs

Fall Meeting of State Federation.

The first and exclusive announcement of the arrangements made for the annual meeting of the State Federation of Pennsylvania Women, which will be held in Cambridge Springs from Tuesday until Friday, October 17 to 20, is made. The meetings of the federation will be conducted in the ballroom of the Hotel Rider, which will be the headquarters for the convention, and the transportation committee is securing excursion rates on the Lake Erie railroad for the period of the meeting, the tickets being good from October 15 to 25. The committee is composed of Mrs. W. P. Price, chairman; Mrs. Alfred Clark and Mrs. Levi Bird Duff.

A very interesting program is being arranged for the meetings, which will commence at 2 o'clock on Tuesday afternoon, October 17. The most important matter of business will be the election of officers, and the ticket which was nominated by the nominating committee in Harrisburg last May, is now for the first time fully announced as it will be presented to the federation in October. There have been changes from the original ticket due to declinations, the vacancies being filled as provided for by the committee when it met in session in Harrisburg. The ticket as it stands reads: For president, Miss Kate Cassatt McKnight, Allegheny; vice presidents, eastern district, Mrs. W. H. Cockran, Media; central district, Mrs. Lyra Lloyd Dock, Harrisburg; western district, Mrs. Ida M. Houghton, Bradford; secretary, Miss Mary Knox Garvin, Philadelphia; treasurer, Mrs. Wilbur Fisk Litch, Ardmore; directors, Miss Suzanne Beatty, Pittsburgh; Miss Jane Pressly, Erie; Mrs. O. T. Eidor, Chambersburg; Mrs. W. B. Beltzel, Carlisle.

A year ago the State Federation of Pennsylvania Women was composed of 156 clubs, with a membership of 12,679 women. Since that time 12 clubs have been added to the federation. Among the important subjects which will be given a place on the program for convention will be child labor and the necessity for laws framed to better meet the urgent cases of flagrant violation of such laws as do exist, which are found daily. Forestry, the care of dependent and delinquent children, libraries and other forms of social and mental upbuilding will be discussed by eminent speakers and by the representative club women from all parts of the Keystone state.

G. A. R. Ladies Going West.

A large delegation of women belonging to the Society of the Ladies of the G. A. R. will leave this evening for Denver, Colo., in company with the veterans who are going to the annual encampment of the Grand Army of the Republic. In the Pittsburgh party a number of the local circles of the Ladies of the G. A. R. will be represented, among the circles being Mrs. Elizabeth Clark, No. 64; Col. Griffin, No. 41; Col. O. H. Rippey, No. 41, Col. Ellsworth, No. 42; Col. Garfield, No. 15; Gen. U. S. Grant, No. 145; the Mary Humbert, No. 23, and the Lieut. James Lysle, No. 6. Among the women, all of whom are delegates from their respective circles, are Mrs. Martha Brasherly, Mrs. Elizabeth Irwin, Mrs. Edward A. Jones, Mrs. Lucy B. Waiz, Mrs. Anna Smith, Mrs. Bert F. Shereiner, Mrs. Jennie Hays, Miss Mary Whitehouse, Mrs. James C. Kennedy and Mrs. Matchett.

The national organization of the Ladies of the G. A. R. will meet in Denver, holding its annual meeting during the encampment of the veterans. The body is the general executive head of the organization throughout the country, but the vast charitable work which the order does is carried on only through the state societies and the local circles. The officers of the national body include: Mrs. Mary R. Hager, Chicago, president; Mrs. Emma R. Pierce, Massachusetts, vice president; Mrs. Longfield, secretary; Mrs. Lulla M. Gordon, Topeka, Kan., treasurer.

PHIPPS BOYS DISCHARGED.

Edinburgh Jury Decides Pittsburgh Boys Meant No Harm When They Shot at Salmon Fishers.

EDINBURGH, Aug. 28.—(Special.)—J. S. and H. C. Phipps, sons of Henry Phipps of Pittsburgh, Pa., who were tried here today on the charge of shooting at and wounding three salmon fishermen on July 5, on the Beaufort Castle estate, Invernesshire, which is leased by Mr. Phipps from Lord Lovat, were discharged by the grand jury, which tried them today, and a verdict of not guilty was returned.

During the trial one of the fishermen admitted he had not answered the call of the Phipps boys when he should have done so, and said he had been treated nicely since his injury and that an allowance of $8 a week had been settled on him. The head fisherman who was with the party on the night, said they made a mistake by shooting at night, and not notifying the Phipps family. The case attracted attention throughout the country on account of the prominence of the Phipps family, which is known throughout Europe.

OHIO WINS RIFLE VICTORY.

SEA GIRT, N. J., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Ohio won a clean-cut victory today in the first four stages of the National rifle team match, scoring 1,547 to the 1,535 by New York, which has won the match both times it has been shot. New Jersey took third place, with 1,504. Best work for Ohio was done by Lieut. C. S. Benedict, who made 198 out of possible 150.

On the Pennsylvania team members of the Fourteenth regiment put up the best scores, the leaders being Sergeant John Gray, who made 199. Next to him was Capt. G. P. Shields, with 198. Sergeant John H. Hessian of the Eighteenth regiment, was high, at 200 yards slow fire with 44. The scores of Western Pennsylvania members of the Keystone State team were:

	Slow Fire. 200 yds.	Rapid Fire. 200 yds.	500 yds.	Total.
Corp. Shields	43	44	42	129
Sergt. Gray	43	44	42	129
Sergt. S. R. Dugan	39	41	40	120
Sergt. Hessian	44	46	32	122

Pennsylvania's range totals were respectively, 491, 508 and 495, total 1,493.

TELEGRAPHERS PRAY FOR PEACE

Operators of First Government Lines Hope no more War Messages Will Be Sent.

OLD TIMERS GET TOGETHER

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Men who operated the war department telegraph lines during the civil war, who met in convention here today in conjunction with the Old-Time Telegraphers and Historical association, sent the following message of greeting to operators now in the war department service:

Gen. A. W. Greeley, Chief Signal Officer, United States Army, Washington, D. C.:

The members of the United States Military Telegraph corps, who operated the first telegraph and cable lines built and owned by the United States government, in annual reunion assembled, send you cordial greetings to you and through you to Maj. Glassford and the operators at Seward and other points on the Alaska line just now opened to the world.

We express the hope that while the first government telegraph lines were used for war, the latest lines may never be used for the transmission of any message but those of peace, and we pray that they may soon signal the happy news of the treaty of Portsmouth between Russia and Japan.

(Signed)

WILLIAM B. WILSON,
EDWARD ROSEWATER,
CHARLES A. TINKER,
DAVID HOMER BATES,
Committee.

Operators in the war department telegraph office during the civil war.

A motion was made to perpetuate the joint association of the Old-Time Telegraphers and Historical association with the United States Military Telegraph corps, but the proposition was voted down. The military telegraphers then elected officers as follows:

President, William B. Wilson, Philadelphia; vice president, W. L. Ives, New York; secretary and treasurer, J. E. Pettit, Chicago, Ill.

The Old-Time telegraphers meanwhile made nominations for their society as follows:

President: W. H. Young, Washington, D. C.; vice presidents, Charles Adams, Washington, D. C.; G. W. Ribble, Washington, D. C., and J. B. Teakle, Baltimore, Md; secretary and treasurer, John Brant, New York.

Washington, D. C., was decided on for the next reunion place at a date to be set later.

A letter was sent to President Roosevelt by the convention advocating that pensions be paid to the operators who served in the field sending telegraph messages during the civil war.

O'LEARY IN HOSPITAL.

Friends Remove Him to an East End Institution and Condition Is Serious.

Timothy O'Leary was yesterday released from jail, where he was committed on a charge of false pretense, by an Esplen justice, Monday night.

Early yesterday morning when O'Leary's friends learned of his misfortune a bondsman was speedily found for him. It was then discovered he was in a serious physical condition. He was removed to the East End hospital.

Governor-General Resigns.

WARSAW, Aug. 29.—According to a private dispatch received here from St. Petersburg, Governor Gen. Maximovitch

For Reliable Help

Use Gazette Want Ads

—They never fail to bring just what is wanted and the cost is only a penny a word.

WANTED.

Pupils.

RENO SHORTHAND SCHOOL.

A high-grade school making a specialty of preparing young men and young women for first-class shorthand positions and verbatim reporting; call or send for literature.
539 WOOD ST.

THE MARTIN SCHOOL,
Liberty ave. and Fifth st., Pittsburgh, Pa.
A high-grade, wide-awake and reliable shorthand, and commercial school. It solicits and receives patronage strictly on its merits. Call or send for catalogues.
We do not employ solicitors.

LEARN bookkeeping, shorthand, typewriting, engineering, electricity, drafting, telegraphy and English branch at CATON TECHNICAL SCHOOL, ALLEGHENY, opposite postoffice. A thoroughly modern school. Day and evening sessions constantly. Large catalogue free.

MATHEMATICS—Higher and elementary; Latin, French and rhetoric. M. Francis Dolan, Keystone Bldg.

COACHING IN MODERN AND ANCIENT LANGUAGES. Berlitz School, Nixon building.

Students.

The school that gets positions for students.
THE ACTUAL BUSINESS COLLEGE,
310 Fifth ave., Pittsburgh. (Ten-Cent-Store Building).
Commercial, shorthand, typewriting, penmanship and English departments. Free employment bureau. Telephones: 2259 Court; 2167 Main. Day and night school for young and middle-aged men and women. Visit the finest, equipped and most successful commercial and shorthand school. Established over a quarter of a century.

Agents.

AGENTS—Sickness, accident and death; one of the best combines wants agents; they can make from $50 to $100 per week. Address box 3455, Boston, Mass.

WE can prove agents are making over $200 monthly selling our Fruit Jar Holder and opener. WOLVERINE CO., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Real Estate.

WANTED—To BUY for CASH at once, a 50-ft. lot in EAST END to build a nice home. MUST have EASTERN or NORTHERN exposure. CORNER preferred. Address, giving location, size, lowest all cash price, S 2, The Gazette.

Manufacturing Sites.

FACTORIES seeking advantageous location should investigate offer now being made by growing western city; land furnished free and capital supplied, at moderate rates for new industries; labor and fuel cheap; for full particulars address L 99, Gazette Office.

Houses.

WANTED—To rent, comfortable furnished flat in nice neighborhood, prefer East End; no children; highest references. Call or write 1003 Diamond bank.

Business Opportunities.

WANTED—A BRICK PLANT for the manufacture of high-grade vitrified brick. Must be modern and within 40 miles of Pittsburgh. Address Brick W 2, The Gazette.

Apartments.

WANTED TO RENT—Furnished flat or house of 4 to 6 rooms by man, wife and daughter. Must be in good location. Will rent for the winter or longer. Address Box 463, Pittsburgh.

Miscellaneous.

Wanted to rent for a short time 12 large men's clothing tables. Answer at once, stating terms, to V 2, The Gazette, or 'phone No. 11 Grant.

A LADY of means would adopt a six to eight-year old girl, if bright, healthy and fine-looking. Address, X 2, The Gazette.

WANTED—At once, a good pair of strong goats; a good price paid for same. Ray & Sheppard, 1128 Beaver ave., Allegheny.

H. C. KNAPP, commercial job printer, 8621 Butler st. Both telephones.

FOR RENT.—FURNISHED ROOMS.

East End.

RURAL AVE., 5645—Two well furnished rooms, single or together, for gentlemen; all modern conveniences; reasonable.

SHADY AVE., 434—Large, elegantly furnished room, second door; select neighborhood.

SHADY AVE., 305—Well furnished second floor room; all conveniences; suitable for gentleman.

SOREL ST., 144, East End—Furnished front room; all conveniences; $10.

TIOGA ST., 7355, Brushton—Furnished room; all conveniences; Frankstown and Hamilton cars, 680-L, Wilkins.

WALNUT ST., 5935—Pleasant furnished rooms, all conveniences; second door from Highland; private family.

WALNUT ST., 6332—Pleasant furnished rooms, all modern conveniences; in private family; gentlemen only.

Allegheny.

ANDERSON ST., 204, Allegheny—Nicely furnished clean rooms, $2.00 week up; also one housekeeping room.

ARCH ST., 415—Large, well-furnished front room; also gentleman roommate wanted; modern conveniences.

ARCH ST., 517—Nicely furnished room to gentlemen; every convenience; private family.

ARCH ST., 600—Nicely furnished rooms; all conveniences; near Ohio st.

BEECH AVE., 825—Two furnished rooms for light housekeeping; all conveniences; also front room first floor.

CEDAR AVE., 508—Two nicely furnished front rooms; modern conveniences, facing park.

EAST STOCKTON AVE., 18—Two nice front rooms for light housekeeping; also furnished parlor.

FEDERAL ST., 1529, Allegheny—Nicely furnished rooms.

FEDERAL ST., 1314—Nicely furnished second-floor rooms; bath, both gases; near parks.

MONTEREY ST., 5204—Well furnished front room; also one other furnished room for woman; private family.

NORTH AVE., 6, West—Very desirable furnished rooms, overlooking park; every convenience.

OHIO ST., WEST, 205—Handsomely furnished rooms; all conveniences.

REFINED, educated middle-aged widow wishes respectable business gentleman to make home with her; walking distance business center Pittsburgh and Allegheny. Address F 91, The Gazette.

SHERMAN AVE., 620—Two connecting housekeeping rooms, 2d floor; all conveniences.

SOUTH NEGLEY AVE., 715—Second floor, front room, bath, both gases, electric lights.

WEST STOCKTON AVE., 112—Large, well-furnished front rooms, modern conveniences, near Federal st.

ROOMS AND BOARD.

City and Suburban.

BAILEY HOMESTEAD, grove 7 acres, overlooking city, neighborhood excellent; head Castle Shannon incline; board, rooms, bath; terms reasonable.

FAIR OAKS INN, Fair Oaks, Penna. Summer or regular boarders; 40 minutes from city on Ft. Wayne Road. Modern conveniences; rates right; Bell phone 3051 Sewickley. J. A. Brown, proprietor.

NEGLEY, 731, S.—Nicely furnished second-floor front; choice location; good table; private family; reasonable.

East End.

ALDER ST., 5943—Alcove room, second floor; also small room; good table board.

ALDER ST., 6801, cor. College—New and elegantly furnished rooms; first-class board. Tel. 2115-J Highland.

EMERSON ST., 216—Well furnished rooms; all modern conveniences; good boarding; near station; will board in room $3.25 week.

FORBES ST., 3441—Well furnished room on second floor; all conveniences; fine location; first-class board.

FRIENDSHIP AVE., 4748—Well furnished rooms with boarding; all modern conveniences, beautiful location, reasonable rates for summer; all cars.

HIGHLAND AVE., 239—Desirable room and board for two; references.

HIGHLAND AVE., NORTH, 810—Furnished or unfurnished rooms; board if desired.

KENTUCKY AVE., 5918, second floor front; board optional; instantaneous hot water; bath and every up-to-date convenience.

"OAKLAWN,"—Corner Center and Negley aves., East End—Furnished front room; first-class table; billiard room, tennis court; one minute to Roup station. 'Phone 679 Highland; references.

PRINCETON PLACE, 340—Desirable rooms, newly furnished, with or without board; reasonable; near station.

SHADY AVE., 435—Handsome large rooms in modern house, with every convenience; beautiful location; first-class table.

SOUTH HIGHLAND AVE., 406—Desirable rooms, board; references required.

"THE FRANKLIN," Sheridan and Hoeveler—Large well-furnished rooms, $5.00 week; breakfast and 6 o'clock dinner, 5062-J, Highland.

Allegheny.

FEDERAL ST., 1307, Allegheny—Second floor front room with board.

LOCUST ST., 309—Large front room, with alcove, and one smaller; all conveniences; reasonable.

Atlantic City.

FURNISHED ROOMS—Modern conveniences, with or without board. Bowman Cottage, 16 South Connecticut ave., Atlantic City.

FOR RENT.—UNFURNISHED ROOMS.

City and Suburban.

BLAINE ST., 38, near Frazier st.—Three nice unfurnished rooms, water, cellar, yard; Atwood car.

CENTER AVE., 2321—Apartments of three rooms, bath and all conveniences.

PENN AVE., 534, Wilkinsburg—Two large front rooms; $12; all conveniences; porch; on car line.

East End.

LOWELL ST., 525—3 or 4 unfurnished rooms; all conveniences.

MT. VERNON ST., 7016—Two large, light unfurnished rooms; rent $10 month.

RURAL AVE., 5642—Three well-lighted unfurnished rooms, newly papered and painted; housekeeping; reasonable.

SIMEN ST., 6829—Three unfurnished rooms light housekeeping; all conveniences.

WINTHROP ST., 4625—Three or four rooms, all conveniences; private porch; near all cars.

WANTED.—ROOMS.

LADY wishes two unfurnished rooms with quiet private family in good location, East End or Wilkinsburg, convenient to street cars, or would take small flat with another lady; references given and required. Address M 5, The Gazette.

WANTED—Two rooms with board by man, wife and 5-year-old daughter; East End or Perrysville ave. districts. Will pay good price if suited. Address L 91, The Gazette.

WANTED—Three unfurnished housekeeping rooms, with bath, Allegheny, Mt. Washington, Bloomfield or Shadyside; state price. Address J 3, The Gazette.

TWO single gentlemen desire two connecting rooms, with bath; 15 minutes' from court-house; widow lady preferred. Address B 2, The Gazette.

WANTED—Private boarding place in Esplen or Mefkes Rocks; state location and price. Address Z 84, The Gazette.

WANTED.—BOARDERS.

WANTED—Boarders by private family through September. Reasonable rates. Address Shady Lawn Farm, Espyville, Pa.

FOR RENT.

City and Suburban Residences

ALLEGHENY—Modern 4-room flat..... $21.00
CARRICK, BORO'—6 rooms, large lot..... 16.00
SHERADEN, PA.—5 rooms..... 18.50
SHERADEN, PA.—7 rooms..... 22.00
SHERADEN, PA.—6-room flat..... 22.00
SHINGISS ST., city—2 rooms..... 9.00
BELTZHOOVER—6-room flat..... 15.00
Bath, gas, etc., in above houses.
J. N. KIDNEY & CO., 491 Grant st.

FOR RENT.
$20.00—CARSON STREET.
Twenty minutes' ride from city; second floor flat, containing five rooms and bath; with gas, water, etc.
J. J. M'ALLISTER,
504 Times Bldg.

East End Residences

HOUSE, 7 rooms, all conveniences; 7315 Hermitage st. Inquire 7206 Hermitage st., corner Homewood.

FOR RENT.

East End Residences.

TO LET.
EAST END RESIDENCES.
$23 month; 7433 Hermitage st., new brick house of 5 rooms, hall, bath room, porches; immediate possession.
$27.50 month; 7442 Monticello st., new brick house of 6 rooms, hall, bath, furnace, water heater, porches; immediate possession.
$60 month; Donniston ave., near Fifth ave., brick house 10 rooms, bath, laundry, furnace, porches; immediate possession.
H. R. SCOTT, AGENT,
1411 Farmers bank bldg.

TO LET—DESIRABLE EAST END DWELLINGS.
$50 to $75 per mo.; send for printed list.
Murray Hill ave.—8 rooms, modern fixtures.
Millvale ave.—Modern, 10 rooms.
North Negley ave.—8 rooms, modern fixtures.
Wightman st.—Modern, 9 rooms, stable.
Browne st.—Modern, 12 rooms.
Rebecca st.—Modern, 12 rooms.
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

FOR RENT.
$20.00—DENNISON AVE.
Convenient to three street cars and East Liberty station; brick house of 10 rooms, bath, instantaneous water heater, with nice corner lot; stable in rear.
J. J. M'ALLISTER,
504 Times Bldg.

$50.00 PER MONTH.
514 Ivy st., near Ellsworth ave., fine 6-room apartment, with all conveniences. Heat and hot water furnished. Janitor service for halls.
COYLE BROS.,
506-508 Keystone Bldg.
324 Fourth ave.

COMPLETE LIST OF EAST END HOUSES AND APARTMENTS, with map, sent free upon request.
S. H. LLOYD, Real Estate,
No. 6024 Penn.

Modern dwellings at greatly reduced rent. Get our list.
DAVIES & GREEN, Penn & Shady Aves., E.E.

Allegheny Residences.

ARCH ST.....$40.00
Two-story brick, 8 rooms, bath, range, hot and cold water.
PENNSYLVANIA AVE.....$24.00
Two-story brick, 6 rooms, hall, water, both gases.
M'CAUSLIN ST.....$20.00
Three-story brick, 8 rooms; water; in good condition.
For others and a complete list see
PEARSON & FRIES,
209 Ohio st., W.,
Allegheny, Pa.

TO LET—ALLEGHENY HOUSES FOR COLORED PEOPLE.
HOME PLACE.....$11
5-room brick dwellings.
ARCH ST. EXTENSION.....$13
2-story brick, 5 rooms, water.
ELLSWORTH ST.....$11
2 rooms, water.
PEARSON & FRIES,
209 Ohio st., W.,
Allegheny, Pa.

TO LET—Boyle st., 1412.
Frame house, 6 rooms, both gases. Rent $25.00.
W. L. SCOTT & CO.,
300 Federal st.,
Allegheny.

Storerooms.

SOME EXCEPTIONALLY LOCATED STOREROMS FOR RENT CHEAP.

If you're looking for a good storeroom at a price that's a big inducement, you'll find just exactly what you want if you investigate the following opportunities:

$540—144 Frankstown ave., near Berlin st., storeroom and good cellar.

$600—1741 Fifth ave., near Dinwiddie st., 2-story brick storeroom and 3 rooms; natural gas.

$660—55 Eighteenth st., near Penn ave., 2-story and cellar brick, about 15x50; suitable for produce business.

$900—4628 Penn ave., near Thirteenth st., 2-story and attic brick storeroom and 5 rooms; natural gas.

$1,800—538 Penn ave., near Seventh ave., storeroom 17x40 feet, with small room in rear, and cellar.

FREEHOLD REAL ESTATE CO.,
334 Fourth ave., 1st floor Times Bldg.

DOWNTOWN STORE ROOMS.
TO BE LET.
At 236 Fourth ave., large store room, well adapted for financial institution; heat and light furnished. Rental $3,600 a year.
At 120 Fourth ave., corner store room, opposite Wabash depot; large plate-glass show windows. Rental $75 a month.
At 494 Ferry st., store room, opposite Wabash depot; plate glass show windows, steam heat, etc. Rental $110 a month.
At 653 Third st., store room with basement. Rental $50 a month.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

STOREROOM in fine location, Oliver ave., near Wood street. Apply D. B. SMITH, Office of this paper.

FOR RENT.
Storeroom, 242 Fifth ave., formerly occupied by Leader Department Store. For further information address
JOHN R. CAVANAGH & CO.,
710-711-712 Keystone Bldg.,
324 Fourth ave., Pittsburgh.

EAST END STORES.
TO BE LET.
At 612 Herron ave., store room 20x50 ft.; $40 a month.
At 652 Herron ave., store room and 10 living rooms; $50 a month.
At 6302 Penn ave., nice store room; $35 a month.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

FOR RENT—Downtown storeroom, in fine location for retail business (20 Fifth st., near Horne's). Alexander Bros., 108 Sixth st.

Apartments.

FOR RENT.
UPPER FOURTH AVE. FLOORS.

$25.00—420 FOURTH AVE., near Grant st., 3 rooms on second floor; natural gas and water.

$15.60—432 FOURTH AVE., near Grant st., 3 rooms on third floor; gas and water.

$11.50—518 FOURTH AVE., near Grant st., office rooms, 303, and half of 305; heat, light included.

FREEHOLD REAL ESTATE CO.,
324 Fourth ave., first floor Times Bldg.

TWO SUITES VACANT IN THE DENSLOW.
You who have been waiting for a good apartment opportunity: Two suites are vacant in "THE DENSLOW," new modern apartment building at Arthur and California avenues, Allegheny. Five rooms and bath; front and rear porches; new wall paper; $35 a month.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

ATTRACTIVE OAKLAND APARTMENTS.
$35 to $40 for suites of 4 and 5 rooms with bath in the McKee Place apartments, corner McKee place and Bates st. Take any Forbes st. car to McKee place or Atwood st. car to Ward st.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

FINE ALLEGHENY APARTMENTS.
In the "Lindmore" apartment building, Ridge avenue and Walker st., near West park, flats of 5 rooms and bath each. Steam heat furnished for entire apartment. Elegant light and janitor service for halls. $37.50 to $42.50 a month.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

HIGHLAND DISTRICT APARTMENTS.
Suites of 3 and 4 rooms with bath in the "Homer" apartments, Homer, near Negley ave. Will decorate to suit tenants. $25 to $30.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

"CALVIN APARTMENTS."
In the Calvin apartments, 907 Sandusky st., Allegheny, apartment of 4 rooms on fourth floor. Steam heat and other conveniences.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

SEVEN-ROOM APARTMENT, EAST END.
Every modern convenience; all floors hardwood; light, heat, hot water furnished; newly papered; $50 month; four car lines.
A. H. CLARKE, 309 Fourth ave.

Beautiful apartments of 4 to 8 rooms each; steam heat and janitor service. Get our rent list.
DAVIES & GREEN, Penn & Shady Aves., E.E.

ELEGANT FLAT—RENT $17.00.
Four rooms, bath, gas, second floor, in Madison ave., Allegheny.
W. F. WHITERSHAUSEN,
717 E. Ohio st., Allegheny.

Manufacturing Property.

TWO FLOORS, 48x80, with light and power; new modern building. Inquire 224 Third ave.

FOR RENT.

Business Properties.

TO LET.
BUSINESS PROPERTY.
$100 month; Penn ave., new store and basement, 20x100.
$125 month; Penn ave., new store and basement, 20x100.
$200 month; Liberty ave., 4-story building, 22x80.
H. R. SCOTT, AGENT,
1411 Farmers bank bldg.

TO BE LET.
Building will be remodeled or new building erected to suit tenant, in Penn avenue, near Jos. Horne Co. Lot is 22x160 feet to an alley. Will give long lease. Apply at once to
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

WILL REMODEL TO SUIT TENANT.
To Be Let—Store building remodeled to suit, near Jos. Horne Co., and Dewar, Clinton & Co.; 22x160 feet to alley; long lease. Apply to
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

Offices and Desk Room.

FURNISHED OFFICE, $25.
ACT QUICK.
Beautiful outside office room in first-class downtown office building, with every convenience; elevator and cold water, electric light; telephone installed. Present lessee leaves to get ground-floor location; will leave table, chairs, carpet, blinds and curtains; an excellent opportunity. Address P 5, The Gazette.

Warehouses.

TO BE LET.
At 1511-13-15 Liberty ave., warehouse building 60x140 ft. Electric light and other conveniences. Possession at once. Rent $1,260. Suitable for commission, produce, warehouse or manufacturing purposes.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

Desk Room.

DESK ROOM in prominent office building; rent, including stenographer, telephone and desk, from $10 to $15 per month. Room 407, Arrott bldg.

FOR SALE.

City and Suburban Residences
BELLEVUE HEIGHTS

The Chance of a Lifetime.

FOR YOU KNOW BELLEVUE.

6 acres of ground a

divided into 12 large building lots, each lot averaging 100x175 feet, and all fronting on a beautiful 50 foot street.

Bellevue cars run right through the plan, and yet no lots front on the car line. Privacy. Farthest lot only 250 feet from car line.

Bellevue Water and Gas

and Bellevue water is the best in the county.

This is strictly first-class residence property, limited to one house on each lot, and only $20 per foot front. Will accept part cash and a mortgage for the balance.

Property within 300 feet is now selling at $30 to $40 per foot front, and is not nearly so well situated.

Do you want one of these lots? If you do, you must act quickly, as six of the 12 are already taken. Write or call at once.

IRA C. HARPER,
857 Lincoln Ave. 'Phone 326-R, Bellevue.

Office open until 8 p. m.

YOUR OWN HOME EASY.
$4,250—$50 down makes this home yours; 10 minutes from P. O.; on a fine paved street, delightful, clean and healthful location; level lots; in the built-up part of the city and near the city schools; convenience: we mean the following exactly: in just 10 minutes from the time you leave the P. O. you are at this house (no car; downtown noon lunch cut out. Notice: A private party is improving his own property with a number of neat little homes of various styles and prices, and on the start will offer a few to desirable people only on specially easy terms, $50 down and $200 later and the balance easy monthly payments. The above house has six rooms, besides vestibule, hall, with open hardwood stairway, nice bathroom and large finished attic; large cellar with solid stone foundation; automatic water heater; large front and rear porches; good slate roof; sliding doors between hall and parlor and parlor and dining room; china closet; kitchen with two cupboards; 1st floor has three bedrooms, besides bathroom, which has bathtub with hot and cold water, stationary washstand and inside closet; hardwood cabinet mantels, with tile hearths and brass burners on both floors; large, roomy closets throughout the house; both gases; the very best work and material throughout; entire plan will be built up by owner, who will vigilantly guard the neighborhood, hence none but the best people need apply and best references required. For full particulars address
OWNER, P. O. BOX 477.

$2,000—Six-room frame.
$2,500—8-room frame.
$3,000—6-room frame.
$3,000—8-room frame; stable.
$4,000—8-room brick.
$4,500—8-room brick.
$4,700—7-room brick.
$4,800—Two 7-room brick.
$5,000—9-room brick.
$6,500—8-room brick.
All of the above properties will be of interest to those contemplating a home or an investment, from the fact they are all below actual value, for the reason they are forced to sell for leaving the city. So when you call we shall take care of your interests. Come and investigate. Make an offer. Small payment, balance to suit. All desirable locations with conveniences.
ALLISON & STEVENSON,
617 Homewood Ave., E. E.

CRAFTON—New 12-room solid brick dwelling, stone foundation, cement cellar and laundry; 3 heaters, water heater, 2 porches, cost $5,000; h. w. floors, china closet, large butler's pantry, beautiful bathroom, fine billiard room, all ceiled in y. p., extra large closets, plumbing and combination chandeliers best that money can buy; art windows, transoms and artistic entrances. The whole house finished in h. w. Corner lot, 67x150, on paved street, 1 square from trolley. Cannot be duplicated for less than $11,000. Our price only $10,000, as owner is going to California. (202)
VERNER REALTY COMPANY,
504 Frick Bldg.

COZY SHADYSIDE HOME FOR $6,950.
TO BE SOLD—House containing 8 rooms, reception hall and bath; laundry; cemented cellar; lot 50x100 feet, with fine lawn, trees, shrubbery, etc.; flagstone pavement and steps, paved street; house rents for $50 a month. Immediate possession.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth Ave.

INVESTMENT PROPERTY
For $23,500.
To Be Sold—Nine new solid brick houses in one of the best-renting sections of the city. Yearly rental of $3,120, making income of 9 per cent on investment.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 Fourth ave.

A FINE HOME
AT A GREAT SACRIFICE.
Located on one of East End's best residence streets; large lot; stone house, 11 rooms, etc.; stable; OWNER will CONSIDER ANY REASONABLE OFFER for quick sale. This is worth investigating, as it is an opportunity for someone.
ARONSON REALTY CO.,
Aronson Bldg. 846 FIFTH ave.

FOR SALE
ON EASY TERMS.
New six-room frame dwelling, parlor, dining-room, kitchen, three bedrooms and bath; all conveniences; only 100 feet from car line.
C. B. LAWTON, 324 Fourth ave.

HOTEL.
Only license in growing town near Pittsburgh; receipts from bar alone average $100 per week; real estate, furnishment and all for $25,000.
CHARLES W. TURNER,
415 Fourth ave.

Fast End Residences
HIGHLAND AVE. DISTRICT.
New 10-room reception hall brick dwelling; all the very latest conveniences; now ready for occupancy.
C. B. LAWTON, 324 Fourth ave.

$4,000—7-room house and barn for 10 head of horses; lot 25x150; paved street; 20 ft. alley; elegant location for teamster or expressman; easy terms. J. K. Wyszard, 925 Gerrit st.

FOR SALE.

East End Residences.

FOR SALE.
New Shadyside residence.
Prominent location, attractive appearance, 12 rooms.
Price reasonable—$25,000. For permit to examine and full information see
COMMONWEALTH REAL ESTATE CO.,
327 and 329 Fourth ave.

SPECIAL VALUE.
Model home, 8 rooms, buff brick, all modern, on fine street in E. E.; built by owner for home; leaving city cause of sale; lot 25x150, nice garden in rear; $6,000; think of it.
ALLISON & STEVENSON,
617 Homewood Ave.

NEW CENTER HALL RESIDENCE.
12 rooms, 2 baths, breakfast room, billiard room, laundry, hardwood floors and finish; large corner lot; only short distance from North Highland avenue and parks. Price reduced $2,500 in order to effect sale by October 1. Greatest bargain in Nineteenth ward. Possession at once. For keys, see
JOHN K. EWING CO., 248 Fourth ave.

WANT to sell my 8-room brick house; located prominent street, E. E., near car lines; all modern conveniences; newly papered; everything in good repair; rents $36 a month; $4,000; positively no agents. Address M. T., The Gazette.

SQUIRREL HILL BARGAIN.
Ten-room brick house; paved street, handy to cars; hardwood finish; tiled bath, furnace, fine laundry, water heater, etc.; only $7,000.
KECK, HEILS & DASCHBACH,
205 Diamond Bank Building.

Allegheny Residences.
$5,500.
COLONIAL HOME.
DUNLAP PLACE.
A beautiful colonial frame house of 8 rooms, attic, bath, laundry, cemented cellar, beautifully papered throughout, cabinet mantels, combination chandeliers, front and back porches; lot 40x100; beautiful view of Riverview park.
REAL ESTATE SAVINGS AND TRUST CO.,
323 Federal st.,
Or Agent on Plan.

FRAME HOUSE, 3 rooms, hall, vestibule, front porch, etc.; finely finished throughout. Rural ave., Allegheny. Price $2,500.
STEWART & YOUNG, 906 Wylie ave.

Lots.

OWNER leaving city will sell at your price corner lot, 122x165 to alley, Lincoln place; lot 25x129 to alley, Sheraden; lot 25x120 to alley, South Sharon; business lot, 25x150, Trafford City. Address O 2, The Gazette.

SQUIRREL HILL BARGAIN.
Must be sold—Building lot 50x115 feet in Marlborough st., near Murray ave.; street improvements. Price $4,000.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

Farms.

17-ACRE FARM, one mile from P. R. R.; 12-room house, newly papered; good water; near Johnstown, Pa.; underlaid with Freeport coal; everything in good repair; $5,000; no agents. Address M 2, The Gazette.

FOR SALE—12 good lots. If you want to build will take second mortgage for lots. M. 7148 Monticello st., E. E., city.

Stables.

GOOD DOWNTOWN
STABLE FOR SALE.
On Locust street, near Magee, near one-story brick stable, with cement floor, water, gas, and sewered. Price $4,500.
FREEHOLD REAL ESTATE CO.,
First Floor Times Bldg., 324 Fourth ave.,
Pittsburgh.

Real Estate.—Special.

IN what other way can you account for the fact that last year Edgewood school district received $2,800 in tuition from pupils living outside the borough, except that we have the best school in the county?
We have it all from Kindergarten to High school. School opens Monday, Sept. 11.
Now give your kids a chance.
I have a nice 10-room house at $40.00 per month, or will sell it for $6,500 on easy terms.
I have other houses in Edgewood.
Why not build yourself a home? I have beautiful lots in the Gordon plan, $1,000 each, and easy terms.

F. G. CRAIGHEAD,
Insurance and Real Estate,
7705 Edgewood ave., Swissvale.
'Phone Wilkins 62.

FOR SALE—An attractive, modern home; 6744 Baum st., on lot 50x120 feet. Inquire
THE SAFE DEPOSIT & TRUST CO. OF PITTSBURGH,
Fourth ave. and Wood st.

For Sale or Exchange.

FOR SALE OR EXCHANGE—Farm of 226 acres near Burgettstown, Washington county, Pa.; large brick dwelling of 8 rooms; water in house; two slate roof barns, with water in them; large granary; other good outbuildings; coal under farm; will take good city property in exchange or sell on liberal terms.
H. M. BLACKLEY,
813 Diamond Bank Bldg.

I HAVE improved property that I can exchange for clear vacant. What have you to offer?
FRANK B. MILLER, 811 Penn ave.

GET list of PA. and OHIO farms.
R. H. NEILL, OAKMONT, PA.

Mortgage Loans.

MONEY ON REAL ESTATE. Mortgages wanted on improved real estate in city or suburbs.
REAL ESTATE TRUST CO.,
311 FOURTH AVE.

MONEY TO LOAN ON MORTGAGES.
Bring deed. No delay. Money waiting.
H. A. LAPPE COMPANY,
407 Peoples Bldg., 307 Fourth ave.

BARRELS of 4½ per cent money to loan, long time. Quick loans our specialty.
JOHN R. EWING & CO., 248 Fourth ave.

$500,000 to loan, 4½ to 5 per cent; mortgages or collateral; private party. P. O. box 963.

PLENTY 4½% MORTGAGE MONEY.
DAVID EVANS & CO., 240 FOURTH AVE.

MONEY TO LOAN.
R. B. Black, 240 Fourth ave., second floor.

Business Opportunities.

GROCERY STORE—Located in Wilkinsburg; doing a business of $1,600 a month; stock and fixtures will invoice about $900. For a quick sale will take $700. ANOTHER GROCERY in Wilkinsburg; doing a business of $600 a month. Stock and fixtures will invoice about $400; for sale this month will sacrifice for $250.
GEO. DIEFFENBACH CO.,
1112 Peoples Bldg. 307 Fourth ave.

ROOMING HOUSE—Centrally located in Allegheny; 11 rooms and bath; three-story brick building; rent $50 per month, very nicely furnished; nothing reserved; house always filled with best-paying people; clearing at least $70 per month; furniture would cost at least $1,000. Price .....
S. V. THOMPSON COMPANY,
Third Floor, 209 Times Bldg., 336 Fourth ave.

HOTEL—Licensed country hotel, 6 miles from Pittsburgh, on prominent highway; doing a business of $600 monthly; 2 acres land, large barn and carriage shed; stable for 15 horses; low rent; license 1905. Price $4,500; sickness compels owner to sell immediately; no agents. Address B 4, The Gazette.

INCORPORATE YOUR BUSINESS.
Limited Liability. Perpetual Existence.
Corporate Furniture Furnished.
Write for FREE BOOKLET.
UNIVERSAL INCORPORATING CO.,
Keystone Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

MEAT MARKET.
Good location in Crafton, first class equipment, rent of shop $22; cash business of over $250 per week; good reason for selling to prompt buyer for $450 cash.
W. F. WHITERSHAUSEN,
717 E. Ohio st., Allegheny.

BEST-PAYING CONFECTIONERY fruit and cigar stand; busiest street, Allegheny; must be sold this week; $600.
STEWART & YOUNG,
906 Wylie Ave.

IF YOU SIDE to sell or buy a business place located anywhere you can
STEWART & YOUNG,
906 Wylie Ave.

GROCERY STORE—In town 20 miles from Pittsburgh doing business $250 week; rent $25 month, including 6 living rooms; price $1,400. CAVANAGH & CO., 121 Fourth ave.

BIG MONEY—413 boys nuts or calls each 10,000 bushels of wheat. No further risk. Many of 5 cents makes you $500. Write for circular. The Standard Grain Co., Cleveland, Ohio.

FOR SALE—Confectionery and Ice Cream Parlors; doing good business. Cheap to quick buyer. Sale including fixtures, 703 East st., Allegheny.

SPLENDID opportunity for gentleman with capital to enter stock brokerage business in New York city. Address Broker, 1052 Broadway.

IF YOU WANT to buy or sell any kind of real estate see CAVANAGH & CO., 121 Fourth ave.

LEADER STORE—Lot stock for sale cheap. Broker, General Delivery, Pittsburgh.

FOR SALE.

Business Opportunities.

GROCERY STORE—One of the best in Chartiers valley; one-half hour's ride from the city; stock $4,000; good horses and wagons; all necessary fixtures; brick building, 6 living rooms, rent $25 per month; annual sales average $7,000 to $8,000 per month; this is an exceptionally good opportunity, and, owning the good will, not dollar for dollar; investor price about .....
S. V. THOMPSON COMPANY,
Third Floor, 209 Times Bldg., 336 Fourth ave.

FOR SALE—Two valuable business properties on Braddock ave., Braddock, Pa., bringing in from $150 to $200 each per month; located in the very best business section of three rapidly manufacturing centers; the great Westinghouse electric works and allegheny works, employing thousands of men and women, reached in 6 to 10 minutes by trolley; property has not advanced by reason of the fact that it has been owned by estate and beneath the last five years, reaching $1,250 per front foot in the business.
J. D. SIMONS, REAL ESTATE,
211-213 Fourth ave. Bldg., Pittsburgh, Pa.

Stores, Hotels, Saloons, Etc.

Quickly sold for cash through our agency. No charge unless sale is effected. We have several good city real estate to exchange for stocks of merchandise. If you want to make quick deal and without publicity, see us.
H. R. FAULKNER & CO., INC'D.,
Business Established 1892.
1107 Arrott bldg., Fourth ave. and Wood st.

RARE BUSINESS OPPORTUNITY, WILKINSBURG, PA.
A bargain—On account of engaging in other business, owner has for sale cheap, his grocery business; fancy groceries, meats, vegetables, etc.; good clean stock; room 20x60, steam-fire warerooms; cement cellar. Counters and shelving belong to building. Location good. Rent $25. Five living rooms over the store. For particulars apply at once.
J. J. D. SIMONS, REAL ESTATE,
211-213 Ferguson Bldg., 339 Fourth ave.

CONFECTIONERY, CIGAR AND GROCERY—Store centrally located in business district of Allegheny; brick building; nice storeroom, three living rooms; stock and fixtures will invoice more than price asked; is under the management of a lady; does a business of from $20 to $25 per day, all cash; rent, $20 per month; only $25 per month; this is a snap. Price .....
S. V. THOMPSON COMPANY,
Third Floor, 209 Times Bldg., 336 Fourth ave.

SMALL CONFECTIONERY AND GROCERY located in Allegheny doing business of $100 week; rent only $15 a month, with two living rooms and store. This is an old-established stand and a bargain at the price stated, $350.
JOHN HOWICK & CO.,
Office 603 Times Bldg., 336 Fourth ave.

Machinery.

MACHINERY.
No. 4 Q. & C. power back saw, 22" water tool grinder.
Pipe machine, capacity ⅜ to 2".
1½" Abby bolt header.
Bolt cutter, capacity up to 1½".
⅝" radial drill.
24" boilermaker's wall drill.
25-lb. Bradley helve hammer.
Also boilers, engines, pumps, etc.
WICKES BROTHERS,
43d st. and A. V. Ry.,
Both 'Phones Pittsburgh, Pa.

FOR SALE—Boilers and engines, all sizes, from 3 to 125 H. P., stationary and portable upright boilers and engines; large assortment kept in stock; shafting, pulleys and hangers and large lot miscellaneous machinery; second-hand belting, leather and rubber; large stock of 4th sizes at low prices; machinery of all kinds bought and exchanged.
JOHN S. YOUNG,
208-210 Park way, Allegheny, Pa.

GAS ENGINES—GASOLINE.
Marine, double, single, stationary, horizontal, vertical. Send for catalogue. Engine Parts a specialty. The Fairbanks Co., No. 234-236 Second ave. Second-hand boats in stock; one 36-ft. with two h. p. engine; one 25-ft. with two h. p. engine; one 25-ft. with 4½ h. p. engine; one 20-ft. with 3 h. p. engine; all other sizes of engine. If you are looking for a launch do not fail to see us before you buy.

COME and see our 3½ H. P. Gas or Gasoline engine, skidded, ready to run, $110.
One second-hand double cylinder, Opposed Lambert Gas Engine, 10 H. P.
One 2½ and one 7 H. P. Brighton second-hand engine.
EMPIRE MACHINE CO.,
25 Third ave.

ONE single drum hoisting rig, iron frames, planers, shears, Bradley hammer, 4-inch radial drill, boilers, gas and steam engines; all sizes tanks on hand. Cashman M. & M. Co., 121 Rebecca st., Allegheny City.

VERTICAL GAS ENGINES.
High grade multiple cylinder, direct connected or belt, electric lighting plants a specialty; Dobbs one-fifth regulator gas engine.
BOLLINGER BROS., 126 First ave.

Engines.

Gas engines, steam engines, boilers, pumps, dynamos, motors, shafting, hangers, pulleys, etc.
TRANTER MFG. CO., 126 Water st.

FOOS GAS ENGINES.
Strictly high grade, over 200 in use in Allegheny county. One 40 H. P. second-hand.
FOOS GAS ENGINE CO., 126 First ave.

GAS ENGINES, new and second-hand. Have to do your repairing. BRIDGE MACHINERY COMPANY, 228 Second ave.

Horses and Vehicles.

HORSE—Family coach horse; sound; age 7; weight 1,300; broke to all harness. Price $150. 'Phone 942 J Cedar.

SEVERAL cheap truck horses; light grading wagon; double set harness; all sweeping. Bell Elk, 7847 Idlewild st.

FOR SALE — Barouche, a fine rubber-tired carriage, 220 Park ave., E. E.

Sewing Machines.

THE WORL

CONDITION OF NATIONAL BANKS AT THE CLOSE OF BUSINESS, FRIDAY, AUGUST 25, 1905

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

COMMERCIAL NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business August 25, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,375,031 31
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		84 42
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		17,941 70
Bonds, securities, etc		146,800 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		8,205 12
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$129,326 87	
Due from state banks and bankers	59,837 78	
Due from approved reserve agents	139,335 73	
		328,520 02
Checks and other cash items	$ 8,285 13	
Exchanges for clearing house	63,989 20	
Bills of other national banks	28,535 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	672 36	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	188,081 40	
Legal-tender notes	35,090 00	
		324,564 09
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		15,000 00
Total		$2,516,117 22

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 300,000 00
Surplus fund		150,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		74,370 20
National bank notes outstanding		300,000 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$ 186,257 94	
Due to state banks and bankers	28,526 77	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	148,000 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,274,393 51	
Demand certificates of deposit	10,112 42	
Certified checks	6,440 41	
Cashier's checks outstanding	67,915 67	
		1,691,746 72
Total		$2,516,117 22

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, H. W. Bickel, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. H. W. BICKEL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905.

CHAS. A. HECKMAN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

W. G. M'CANDLESS,
JOHN W. HERRON,
JAS. J. BOOTH,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

GERMAN NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, August 25, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,370,362 11
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		380 89
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		32,500 00
Stocks, securities, etc		330,937 01
Other real estate and mortgages owned		2,500 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$ 41,879 56	
Due from state banks and bankers	62,819 70	
Due from approved reserve agents	378,044 40	
Checks and other cash items	10,227 13	
Exchanges for clearing house	135,686 85	
Notes of other national banks	7,000 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	204 83	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	209,000 00	
Legal tender notes	164,000 00	
		1,068,361 67
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		25,000 00
Total		$5,276,301 18

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		188,840 85
National bank notes outstanding		500,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 530,102 81	
Due to state banks and bankers	167,164 89	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	653,272 42	
Dividends unpaid	858 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	1,920,734 12	
Demand certificates of deposit	2,400 00	
Certified checks	13,150 00	
Cashier's checks outstanding	90,278 09	
		3,377,960 33
Bills payable		210,000 00
Total		$5,276,301 18

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, W. W. Ramsey, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. W. W. RAMSEY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn before me, this 29th day of August, 1905.

H. T. MORRIS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

E. H. MYERS,
J. S. CRAIG,
H. B. BEATTY,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FORT PITT NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, August 25, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,522,935 08
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		736 96
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		21,000 00
Stocks, securities, etc		31,175 50
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		258,165 79
Other real estate owned		4,783 72
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		94,267 14
Due from state banks and bankers		19,374 52
Due from approved reserve agents		45,937 48
Checks and other cash items		14,254 01
Exchanges for clearing house		58,721 24
Bills of other national banks		6,781 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		185 05
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$247,853 50	
Legal-tender notes	110,000 00	
		357,853 50
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		25,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer other than 5 per cent redemption fund		12,000 00
Total		$4,974,150 20

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		1,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		48,013 81
National bank notes outstanding		500,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 227,402 16	
Due to state banks and bankers	50,642 38	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	283,039 69	
Dividends unpaid	24 50	
Individual deposits, subject to check	1,718,279 32	
Cashier's checks outstanding	143,736 34	
		2,426,121 39
Total		$4,974,150 20

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Charles S. Lindsay, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

CHAS. S. LINDSAY, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905.

I. M. FICKEISEN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

GEO. I. WHITNEY,
E. C. WEAVER,
ANDREW W. HERRON,
Directors.

LEGAL NOTICES.

G. E. JONES, Attorney-at-Law, No. 1215 Frick Building, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testimentary on the estate of Fred A. Campbell, deceased, late of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. Winifred B. Campbell, Executrix, No. 1215 Frick building, Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. A. HOPE, Attorney-at-Law, No. 424 Fourth avenue, Pittsburgh, Pa. Notice is hereby given that letters testamentary on the estate of Henry C. Rattelmann, deceased, late of Pittsburgh, Allegheny county, have been granted to the undersigned, to whom all persons indebted to said estate are requested to make immediate payment, and those having claims or demands against the same will make them known without delay. William Kemmler, Jr., Executor, No. 719 Grant street, Pittsburgh, Pa.

W. F. PETTY, 607 Bakewell bldg. State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss: In the court of common pleas No. 1, No. 184 June term, 1905. Sadie Sullivan vs. Joseph Sullivan. Libel in divorce, a vinculo matrimonii. To Joseph Sullivan, respondent: The alias and pluries subpoena issued in the above case having been duly returned non est inventus, you are hereby notified and required to appear in said court of common pleas No. 1 of Allegheny county on the first Monday of September, 1905, to answer the petition and libel filed in said case. James W. Dickson, sheriff.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

MONONGAHELA NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, August 25, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Investment securities	$ 245,000 00	
Loans and discounts	4,822,988 59	
		$5,067,988 59
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		951 89
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		200,000 00
Premium on U. S. bonds		14,437 50
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		264,013 46
Other real estate and mortgages owned		19,383 80
Due from national banks, (not reserve agents)	179,439 48	
Due from state banks and bankers	307,067 44	
Due from approved reserve agents	266,194 23	
Checks and other cash items	18,945 48	
Exchanges for clearing house	86,182 32	
Notes of other national banks	3,200 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	1,107 38	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	222,520 00	
Legal tender notes	205,278 00	
		$1,289,984 48
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		15,000 00
Total		$6,971,459 22

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$1,000,000 00
Surplus fund		1,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		226,728 02
National bank notes outstanding		200,000 00
Due to other national banks	$ 561,597	
Due to state banks and bankers	67,142 35	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	389,693 93	
Dividends unpaid	273 00	
Individual deposits, subject to check	2,378,474 49	
Time certificates of deposit	33,964 08	
Certified checks	5,701 35	
Cashier's checks outstanding	2,885 00	
		3,944,731 20
Total		$6,971,459 22

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, John D. Fraser, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. JOHN D. FRASER, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me, this 29th day of August, 1905.

G. L. RODGERS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

CHARLES A. JAMISON,
JAMES W. GROVE,
ALEXANDER M. SCOTT,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

UNION NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business August 25, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$7,420,318 86
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		4,674 69
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		110,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		40,026 81
Bonds, securities, etc.		982,698 20
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		148,449 71
Other real estate owned		10,467 22
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		186,837 67
Due from state banks and bankers		11,497 42
Due from approved reserve agents		882,129 50
Checks and other cash items		11,040 40
Exchanges for clearing house		63,817 60
Notes of other national banks		88,855 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		865 33
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie: Gold, $285,177.00; Silver, $87,515.00	$ 372,692 00	
Legal tender notes	317,000 00	
		689,692 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		25,000 00
Total		$11,075,861 31

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		3,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		269,194 04
National bank notes outstanding		499,997 50
Due to other national banks	$ 119,864 08	
Due to state banks and bankers	23,462 03	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	514,681 12	
Due to approved reserve agents	913 61	
Dividends unpaid	150 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	5,429,522 36	
Certified checks	11,580 18	
Cashier's checks outstanding	97,385 39	
U. S. deposits	110,000 00	
		6,306,669 77
Total		$11,075,861 31

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Geo. Seebick, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEO. SEEBICK, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905:

J. B. RICHARDS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

M. C. CAMERON,
C. W. RUNNETTE,
A. H. NELSON,
Directors.

LEGAL NOTICES.

NOTICE is hereby given that the business of Joseph Campbell & Sons, at Woodville, Allegheny county, Pennsylvania, is and always was under the sole control, ownership and management of Joseph Campbell; that no firm ever did or does now exist; that the interest of the sons of Joseph Campbell is that of employes only, and that all sums due under business heretofore contracted with Joseph Campbell & Sons are due and owing to, and will be collected by Joseph Campbell individually, and that hereafter said business will be conducted under the name of Joseph Campbell. August 1, 1905. Joseph Campbell.

DIVIDENDS.

QUARTERLY DIVIDEND.

Calumet and Arizona Mining Company has declared a dividend of $2 a share, being its eighth quarterly dividend, payable September 20 to stockholders of record September 2. Books close to transfers September 2, 1905, and open September 21.

GORDON R. CAMPBELL, Secretary.

Office of United States Glass Co., Pittsburgh, Pa., Aug. 10, 1905.

DIVIDEND—The directors of this company have today declared a dividend of ONE DOLLAR per share on its capital stock, payable September 15, 1905. Checks will be mailed. Stock transfer books will be closed from September 9 at noon, until September 16, at noon.

WM. C. KING, Treasurer.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

METROPOLITAN NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business August 25, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$1,144,147 13
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		5,006 90
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		400,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		12,511 52
Stocks, securities, etc.		42,100 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		84,729 66
Other real estate owned		42,849 62
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		44,814 20
Due from state banks and bankers		6,948 90
Due from approved reserve agents		95,855 95
Checks and other cash items		7,755 20
Exchanges for clearing house		3,347 67
Bills of other national banks		3,000 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		338 28
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$50,849 54	
Legal-tender notes	48,429 00	
		99,288 54
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		20,000 00
Total		$2,012,633 57

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 400,000 00
Surplus fund		400,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		80,073 94
National bank notes outstanding		400,000 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)		23,118 87
Due to trust companies and savings banks		70,128 88
Dividends unpaid		84 00
Individual deposits subject to check		755,936 14
Demand certificates of deposit		1,845 00
Cashier's checks outstanding		1,509 14
		852,619 62
Total		$2,012,633 57

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Geo. Seebick, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. R. S. SMITH, President.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905.

H. T. MORRIS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

J. R. M'CUNE,
DURBIN HORNE,
ROBERT A. ORR,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

DIAMOND NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business August 25th, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,660,343 36
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		118 57
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		300,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		5,083 76
Stocks, securities, etc.		53,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		923,190 28
Interest earned		5,195 71
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		222,750 35
Due from state banks and bankers		315,389 92
Due from approved reserve agents		853,851 87
Checks and other cash items		8,834 14
Exchanges for clearing house		202,795 04
Bills of other national banks		20,100 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		1,858 37
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$201,250 00	
Legal-tender notes	60,300 00	
		261,550 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		15,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		22,000 00
Total		$6,568,722 68

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 600,000 00
Surplus fund		1,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		122,537 86
National bank notes outstanding		296,900 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$ 251,815 75	
Due to state banks and bankers	120,634 80	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	610,300 75	
Due to approved reserve agents	96,807 42	
Dividends unpaid	584 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	2,763,001 51	
Demand certificates of deposit	187,212 45	
Certified checks	3,537 60	
Cashier's checks outstanding	151,422 25	
		4,137,777 03
Total		$6,468,722 68

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, D. C. Wills, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

D. C. WILLS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905.

JOHN F. SWEENEY, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

WILLIAM V. CALLERY,
A. M. STEWART,
JOHN W. ROBINSON,
Directors.

MEETINGS.

Pittsburgh, Pa., August 3, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the directors of the Ohio Fuel Supply Company, held on the 25th day of July, 1905, it was unanimously resolved that a special meeting of the stockholders of said company be held at the office of the company in the city of Columbus, Ohio, on the 6th day of September, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., to consider the advisability of increasing the capital stock of said company from $4,000,000 to $8,000,000. Transfer books will be closed from August 22 to September 5, inclusive.

H. C. REESER, Secretary.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

THE BANK OF PITTSBURGH—NATIONAL ASSOCIATION,

at Pittsburgh, Pennsylvania, at the close of business August 25, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$10,020,418 17
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		609 18
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		2,155,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		20,000 00
Other bonds to secure U. S. deposits		50,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		105,724 14
Stocks, securities, etc.		4,678,356 06
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		558,679 92
Other real estate owned		370,550 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	733,116 13	
Due from state banks and bankers	164,843 15	
Due from approved reserve agents	1,734,593 53	
Checks and other cash items	90,304 78	
Exchanges for clearing house	522,089 87	
Bills of other national banks	62,136 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	2,739 34	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	1,119,597 45	
Legal-tender notes	343,932 00	
		4,831,008 75
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		168,750 00
Total		$22,922,996 22

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 2,400,000 00
Surplus fund		2,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		637,610 13
National bank notes outstanding		2,177,200 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$4,166,713 17	
Due to state banks and bankers	1,546,106 11	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	2,276,358 22	
Due to approved reserve agents	483,063 26	
Dividends unpaid	3,020 50	
Individual deposits, subject to check	7,840 434 26	
Certified checks	15,423 14	
Cashier's checks outstanding	15,664 73	
United States deposits	70,000 00	
		15,718,786 00
Total		$22,922,996 22

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, W. P. Bickel, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. W. P. BICKEL, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905.

I. M. FICKEISEN, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

JOS. R. PAULL,
H. M. BRACKENRIDGE,
JOHN B. JACKSON,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

SECOND NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, August 25, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 5,415,026 37
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		511 72
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		600,000 00
U. S. bonds to secure U. S. deposits		240,000 00
U. S. bonds on hand		100,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		101,175 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		6,433,326 23
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		260,000 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$1,250,270 63	
Due from state banks and bankers	267,983 75	
Due from approved reserve agents	1,942,610 89	
		3,460,871 27
Checks and other cash items	$ 12,500 41	
Exchanges for clearing house	450,461 07	
Bills of other national banks	73,500 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	1,347 69	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	1,151,600 00	
Legal-tender notes	325,000 00	
		2,014,309 07
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		30,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		9,000 00
Total		$18,682,919 72

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 600,000 00
Surplus fund		2,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		764,946 65
National bank notes outstanding		600,00 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$4,454,143 34	
Due to state banks and bankers	754,558 60	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	709,738 89	
Due to approved reserve agents	247,428 97	
Dividends unpaid	2,084 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	7,765,441 31	
Demand certificates of deposit	16,320 34	
Certified checks	35,255 27	
Cashier's checks outstanding	15,996 29	
U. S. deposits	200,000 00	
		14,224,973 07
Total		$18,689,919 72

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, J. M. Young, cashier of the above named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. J. M. YOUNG, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905.

WILLIS L. CORNELL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

GEO. B. BARRETT,
JAMES H. WILLOCK,
FRANCIS J. TORRANCE,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

DIAMOND NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the State of Pennsylvania, at the close of business August 25th, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,660,343 36
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		118 57
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		300,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		5,083 76
Stocks, securities, etc.		53,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		923,190 28
Interest earned		5,195 71
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		222,750 35
Due from state banks and bankers		315,389 92
Due from approved reserve agents		853,851 87
Exchanges for clearing house		8,834 14
Bills of other national banks		202,795 04
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		20,100 00
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		1,858 37
Specie	$201,250 00	
Legal-tender notes	60,300 00	
		261,550 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		30,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		22,000 00
Total		$6,868,722 68

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 600,000 00
Surplus fund		1,500,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		122,537 86
National bank notes outstanding		296,900 00
Due to other national banks (not approved reserve agents)	$ 251,815 75	
Due to state banks and bankers	120,634 80	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	610,300 75	
Due to approved reserve agents	96,807 42	
Dividends unpaid	584 50	
Individual deposits subject to check	2,763,001 51	
Demand certificates of deposit	187,212 45	
Certified checks	3,537 60	
Cashier's checks outstanding	151,422 25	
		4,137,777 03
Total		$6,868,722 68

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, D. C. Wills, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true to the best of my knowledge and belief.

D. C. WILLS, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905.

JOHN F. SWEENEY, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

WILLIAM V. CALLERY,
A. M. STEWART,
JOHN W. ROBINSON,
Directors.

MEETINGS.

Pittsburgh, Pa., August 3, 1905.

Notice is hereby given that at a regular meeting of the directors of the Ohio Fuel Supply Company, held on the 25th day of July, 1905, it was unanimously resolved that a special meeting of the stockholders of said company be held at the office of the company in the city of Columbus, Ohio, on the 6th day of September, 1905, at 10 o'clock a. m., to consider the advisability of increasing the capital stock of said company from $4,000,000 to $8,000,000. Transfer books will be closed from August 22 to September 5, inclusive.

H. C. REESER, Secretary.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

NATIONAL BANK OF WESTERN PENNSYLVANIA

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business August 25, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$2,707,265 16
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		178 63
Investment securities		3,918,520 00
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		850,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		21,834 30
Stocks, securities, etc.		45,552 50
Banking house, furniture, and fixtures		173,800 00
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)	$130,562 67	
Due from state banks and bankers	22,539 75	
Due from approved reserve agents	358,009 25	
Checks and other cash items	3,902 21	
Exchanges for clearing house	44,782 93	
Bills of other national banks	33,515 00	
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents	356 10	
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	339,507 10	
Legal tender notes	41,470 00	
		1,035,347 02
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		25,000 00
Total		$4,815,401 89

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		400,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		82,788 53
National bank notes outstanding		850,000 00
Due to other national banks and approved reserve agents	$ 762,464 71	
Due to state banks and bankers	12,435 21	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	71,199 91	
Dividends unpaid	60 00	
Individual deposits subject to check	2,186,190 22	
Demand certificates of deposit	6,967 50	
Certified checks	1,943 85	
Cashier's checks outstanding	47,235 10	
		3,039,615 51
Total		$4,815,401 89

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, George S. Macrum, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. GEORGE S. MACRUM, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905.

H. T. MORRIS, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

JOSEPH WOOD,
D. G. STEWART,
H. C. FOWNES,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

LINCOLN NATIONAL BANK

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, August 25th, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$3,168,434 22
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		358 44
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		14,625 00
Stocks, securities, etc.		6,000 00
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		9,459 94
Other real estate owned		27,294 32
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		24,712 73
Due from state banks and bankers		18,682 07
Due from approved reserve agents		286,040 35
Checks and other cash items		781 26
Exchanges for clearing house		134,062 59
Bills of other national banks		9,700 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		1,318 16
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie and legal-tender		144,900 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		25,000 00
Total		$4,917,379 44

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		75,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		56,020 81
National bank notes outstanding		500,000 00
Due to other national banks	$12,448 03	
Due to state banks and bankers	26,554 26	
Due to trust companies and savings banks	80,583 85	
Individual deposits subject to check	3,834 14	
Time certificates of deposit	202,795 04	
Certified checks	20,100 00	
Cashier's checks outstanding	1,858 37	
		361,550 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		15,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5 per cent redemption fund		22,000 00
Total		$4,917,379 44

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, D. J. Richardson, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief.

D. J. RICHARDSON, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905:

WILLIS L. CORNELL, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

JOHN M'CLURG,
A. L. RICHMOND, JR.,
E. A. KITZMILLER,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FIRST NATIONAL BANK OF BIRMINGHAM,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business, August 25, 1905:

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts		$ 321,477 53
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		2,403 47
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		100,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		919 95
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		49,000 00
Due from approved reserve agents		93,197 71
Notes of other national banks		5,728 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		162 62
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz:		
Specie	$49,979 00	
Legal-tender notes	20,900 00	
		70,879 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5 per cent of circulation)		5,000 00
Total		$1,129,382 78

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 100,000 00
Surplus fund		100,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		88,774 21
National bank notes outstanding		100,000 00
Dividends unpaid		522 00
Individual deposits subject to check		746,534 61
Demand certificates of deposit		4,000 00
Cashier's checks outstanding		340 00
Total		$1,139,382 78

State of Pennsylvania, county of Allegheny, ss:

I, Daniel Beech, cashier of the above-named bank, do solemnly swear that the above statement is true, to the best of my knowledge and belief. DANIEL BEECH, Cashier.

Subscribed and sworn to before me this 29th day of August, 1905.

A. G. WALTER, Notary Public.

Correct—Attest:

JAMES W. SCULLY,
CHAS. FISCHER,
FERDINAND BENZ,
Directors.

REPORT OF THE CONDITION OF THE

FARMERS DEPOSIT NATIONAL BANK,

at Pittsburgh, in the state of Pennsylvania, at the close of business August 25, 1905.

RESOURCES.

Loans and discounts	$12,906,146 67	
Investment securities	3,918,520 00	
		$17,435,361 67
Overdrafts, secured and unsecured		2,114 44
U. S. bonds to secure circulation		500,000 00
Premiums on U. S. bonds		15,968 75
Banking house, furniture and fixtures		173,800 00
Other real estate owned		4,847,732 56
Due from national banks (not reserve agents)		32,256 47
Due from state banks and bankers		88,114 59
Due from approved reserve agents		2,203,373 01
Checks and other cash items		13,923 13
Exchanges for clearing house		299,450 64
Bills of other national banks		24,499 00
Fractional paper currency, nickels and cents		1,868 44
Lawful money reserve in bank, viz.:		
Specie	$1,827,340 00	
Legal tender notes	500,000 00	
		2,327,340 00
Redemption fund with U. S. treasurer (5% of circulation)		80,000 00
Due from U. S. treasurer, other than 5% redemption fund		50,000 00
Total		$29,907,204 13

LIABILITIES.

Capital stock paid in		$ 500,000 00
Surplus fund		4,000,000 00
Undivided profits, less expenses and taxes paid		3,184,803 28
National bank notes outstanding		450

STOCK MARKET ADVANCED ON THE PEACE NEWS

On the New York Stock Exchange Japanese Bonds Were Relatively Stronger Than American Railroad Shares—Money Remains Easy.

By JOHN O. BAGLIN, Financial Editor.

The New York stock market yesterday was dominated entirely by the peace news from Portsmouth. The tone at the opening was firmer, based upon the theory that the new proposition which it was reported would be submitted by Japan revived hope of a favorable settlement. Inasmuch as foreign markets did not display the same degree of confidence, the upward movement in Wall street halted, and a considerable reaction took place during the first half of the session. Then trading relapsed into dullness, the transactions for the first two hours amounting to only 330,000 shares. Shortly after noon the news came that Japan had finally waived all demands for indemnity. The market immediately responded, and not only recovered all the early loss, but something beside, and finally closed strong, at or near the best prices of the day. There was also an increase in the volume of transactions, the total sales for the day exceeding 950,000 shares.

An interesting feature of the dealings was the strength displayed by Japanese bonds after the peace news came out. The sales of all four issues foot up $4,340,000. The 4½s were quite active and advanced sharply, closing at a net gain of 2⅞ per cent. This was a much larger advance than the average improvement in American railroad shares. It also seemed to be illogical, for the reason that the speculation in these bonds and a certain factor of strength has been the possibility that Japan would receive a large cash indemnity, with which she would exercise her option of retiring her war issues at par before maturity. This factor is now removed, and the probabilities are that all the Japanese war issues, except possibly the 6 per cents, will be allowed to run to maturity. Of course with the declaration of peace there will be no necessity for weakening the Japanese financial position by additional war issues, and at current prices all the Japanese bond issues pay a very fair return.

Aside from the peace news the only incident of the day was a further advance of ⅜ cent a pound in the price of copper. Last week there were three successive advances in the price of the metal totaling ⅝ cents, and so far this week there have been two advances, bringing the present price up to the highest quoted for more than four years. There is no question about the strong position of the copper market, but these numerous and large advances are arousing suspicion, because they suggest that there may be as much speculation in the metal as in the stocks of the producing companies. Amalgamated Copper lost a point in the opening decline, selling down to 85⅞, but subsequently recovered all the loss and advanced to 87¾, the close showing a net gain of ¾ per cent. In the Boston market copper stocks were strong and higher, despite the dire predictions of a break that were repeated by Mr. Lawson.

The strongest member of the railroad group was Canadian Pacific, which ignored the early weakness, and led the advance in the late dealings, selling up to and closing at 164½, a new high price on this movement. Union Pacific, which was quoted ex-dividend of 2½ per cent, rallied to 135½, thus recovering part of the dividend. With the exception of Chicago & Northwestern and Reading, the railroad stocks selling over par closed strong and higher for the day, the net gain in Atlantic Coast Line being 2½ per cent. Erie common closed 1¾ per cent higher.

United States Steel stocks were notably strong, both common and preferred closing 1 per cent higher than on Monday. The minor iron and steel issues closed fractionally higher. American Smelting closed ½ lower.

The money market remained easy and unchanged, the final rate on call loans being 2 per cent.

The feature of the local stock market was the weakness in National Fire Proofing. On light transactions the common sold at 8 and 7⅞, and at the close was offered at 7½. The preferred opened ¾ lower at 28 and 575 shares sold at that price the market closing at 27½ bid, 28 asked. There was no explanation for the weakness, aside from the delay in any official announcement regarding the placing of the recently announced bond issue. American Sewer Pipe was active, a little less than 1,000 shares selling at 34¼ to 33¾, closing at 33¾ bid. United Copper sold at 36¾ to 37 and just at the close jumped to 37⅝ bid, the highest quoted on the local board. United States Steel stocks were moderately active and firm and closed at the highest. Crucible common was unchanged at 12⅝@12¾, but the preferred closed higher at 64⅝ bid. Westinghouse Air Brake sold at 148, a decline of 1¼ points from the last previous sale. There were no transactions in Electric. Pittsburgh Coal preferred sold at 52⅛, but subsequently rallied to and closed at 53 bid. The rest of the market was without important feature.

PITTSBURGH STOCKS.

Sales on the Pittsburgh stock exchange yesterday were as follows:

10:00 A. M. to 10:30 A. M.

10 Ohio Fuel .... 42¾ | 100 Crucible Pfd.... 64
100 U. S. Stl. com. 37 | 200 Tonopah Ext....5.50
10 P. Brew. com.. 26¼ | 50 Un. Switch pfd. 100
10 Crucible com.. 12⅝ | 290 F. Proof pfd.... 28

10:30 A. M. to 11:00 A. M.

100 Un. Cop. com. 37

11:00 A. M. to 12:30 P. M.

13 Mfrs. L. & H.. 37 | 25 Sewer Pipe 34
1 U. S. Stl. pfd.. 104 | 100 P. Coal pfd..... 52½
$4000 P., McK. & | 50 Crucible com... 12¾
Y. 5s ..... 102 | 35 F. Proof pfd.... 28
$4000 do..... 102 | 50 P. Plate Glass.. 118⅝
20 Sewer Pipe .... 34¼ | 25 F. Proof com.... 8
50 do..... 34 | 7 Ft. Pitt N. B.. 220
25 do..... 34

12:30 P. M. to 2:00 P. M.

25 Mfrs. L. & H.. 37½ | 15 F. Proof pfd... 28
100 U. S. Stl. pfd.. 104⅞ | 10 do..... 28
50 P. Plate Glass. 118⅞ | 10 do..... 28
50 Sewer Pipe .... 34 | 10 do..... 28
50 do..... 34 | 10 do..... 28
100 do..... 34 | 50 do..... 28
100 do..... 33¾ | 40 Ohio Fuel 42¾
100 do..... 33¾ | 100 F. Proof com... 7¾
20 do..... 33⅝ | 35 W. Airbrake .. 148
15 do..... 33⅝ | 3 do..... 148
10 do..... 33¾ | 7 do..... 148
1 do..... 34 | 5 do..... 148

2:00 P. M. to 2:30 P. M.

200 Sewer Pipe .... 33¾ | 10 U. S. Stl. pfd.. 105¼
10 do..... 34 | 37 do..... 105⅛
25 U. S. Stl. com. 37⅛ | 2 Mfrs. L. & H.. 37
100 do..... 37⅝ | 1 do..... 37
10 F. Proof pfd.... 28 | 50 Un. Cop. com.. 36⅞

2:30 P. M. to 3:00 P. M.

5 Crucible pfd.... 64¼ | 15 Ind. Brw. pfd.. 40½
10 do..... 64¼ | 10 Un. Cop. com.. 37
20 P. Brew. pfd.. 47¾ | 100 do..... 37
25 F. Proof pfd.... 28 | 100 do..... 37
100 do..... 28 | 600 Ohio Tonopah.. 30
15 Ind. Brw. pfd. 40½ | 40 P. Plate Glass. 118

Summary.

STOCKS. Sales.	High	Low.	Last Sale.	Chg.
60 Crucible Steel.....	12¾	12⅝	12¾	0
265 Do preferred.....	64¼	64	64¼	+¼
125 Fire Proofing.....	8	7⅞	7⅞	-¼
575 Do preferred.....	28	28	28	-⅜
30 Ind. Brewing pfd...	40½	40½	40½	+⅜

STOCKS. Sales.	High	Low.	Last Sale.	Chg.
41 M. L. & H.....	37½	37	*37	
50 Ohio Fuel.....	42¾	42¾	42¾	-¼
600 Ohio Tonopah.....	.30	.30	.30	-.02
10 Pitts. Brewing.....	26¼	26¼	26¼	0
20 Do preferred.....	47¾	47¾	47¾	-¼
160 Pitts. Coal pfd.....	52½	52⅛	52⅛	-⅜
140 Pitts. Plate Glass..	118⅝	118	118	0
976 Sewer Pipe.....	34¼	33¾	34	-¼
50 Union Switch pfd..	100	100	100	0
200 Tonopah Ext.....	5.50	5.50	5.50	0
420 Un. Copper com....	37	36¾	37	+⅛
535 U. S. Steel.....	37⅝	37	37⅝	+⅞
158 Do preferred.....	105⅛	*104	105⅛	+1⅝
50 West Airbrake.....	148	148	148	-1¼
BANKS.				
7 Ft. Pitt Nat. Bk..	220	220	220	0
4402				
BONDS.				
$8000 P. M'K. & C. 5s..	102	102	102	0

*Less than 10 shares.

Closing Bids and Offers.

STOCKS.	Par.	Bid.	Ask.
Pittsburgh Banks—			
Farmers Deposit National.....	$ 100	1000	....
First National, Pittsburgh.....	100	....	600
Fifth Avenue Bank.....	50	73	....
Fort Pitt National.....	100	215	225
Guarantee Title and Trust.....	100	....	190
Iron City Trust.....	100	....	125
Merchants Savings and Trust.	50	....	56
Second National, Pittsburgh..	100	....	700
Safe Deposit and Trust.....	100	....	410
Allegheny Banks—			
Dollar Savings Fund & Trust	100	....	205
Miscellaneous—			
American Window Glass pfd..	100	40	....
American Sewer Pipe.....	100	33¾	....
Consolidated Gas pfd.....	50	....	38
Crucible Steel.....	100	12⅝	12¾
Do preferred.....	100	64⅛	65
Luster Mining	10	37	39½
Manufacturers Light & Heat.	50	36⅝	36⅞
Marsden	100	4	4½
Monon. Incline Plane.....	50	62	....
Monongahela River Coal pfd.	50	24	....
National Fire Proofing.....	50	....	7½
Do preferred.....	50	27½	28
Ohio Fuel Supply.....	25	42¾	....
Pittsburgh Oil and Gas.....	100	....	86½
Philadelphia Company.....	50	46¼	....
P., Y. & A. R. R.....	50	111	....
Do preferred.....	50	101	....
P., B. & L. E. R. R.....	50	34½	35
Pittsburgh Brewing.....	50	26¼	26⅝
Do preferred.....	50	....	48
Pittsburgh Coal.....	100	....	14½
Do preferred.....	100	53	....
Pittsburgh Plate Glass.....	100	....	118¼
Tonopah Extension Mining....	1	5.40	....
Ohio Tonopah	100	.30	.31
United States Glass.....	100	59½	60½
United States Steel.....	100	....	37⅝
Do preferred.....	100	104⅞	....
Westinghouse Electric.....	50	85½	....
Westinghouse Airbrake.....	50	147½	....
Mt. Oliver Incline.....	50	....	50
Independent Brewing.....	50	....	16¼
Do preferred.....	50	40½	....
United Copper	100	37⅜	....
National Glass.....	50	....	2
BONDS.			
Monongahela L. & P. 5s.....	....	101	....
P., McK. & Conn. 1st 5s.....	....	102	102½
Philadelphia Company 5s.....	....	112	....
Pittsburgh Brewing 6s.....	....	111¾	112½
P. & A. Tel. 5s.....	....	82¾	....
Ohio C. & S. Pipe 6s.....	....	97	....
Independent Brewing 6s.....	....	106¾	107

The Cotton Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Spot closed quiet, 10 points decline. Middling uplands, 12.25c; middling gulf, 11.50c. Sales, none. The range of prices:

	Open	High	Low	Close
January	11.33	11.33	11.15	11.17
March	11.38	11.37	11.23	11.20
April	11.38	11.36	11.30	11.25
May	11.41	11.42	11.32	11.27
June	....	....	....	11.28
August	10 15	10 58	10 95	10.84
September	10.90	10.98	10.93	10.84
October	11.10	10.16	10.96	11.01
November	11.20	11.20	11.02	11.04
December	11.33	11.27	11.10	11.12

Pig Iron Certificates.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Pig iron quotations at the 11 o'clock call on the produce exchange:

	—Regular— Bid.	Asked.	—Foundry— Bid.	Asked.
Cash	15.75	....	....	....
August	....	15.75	15.40	15.75
September	....	15.80	15.40	15.80
October	....	15.90	15.75	15.90
November	....	16.00	15.80	16.00
December	....	16.00	15.85	16.00
February	....	16.00	18.00	16.25

Market dull.

First Mortgage Bonds.

Commonwealth Trust Company, No. 327 Fourth avenue, is offering to investors choice first mortgage bonds, yielding 5 to 5½ per cent.

FEATURES OF THE DAY

IN PITTSBURGH

National Fire Proofing and Sewer Pipe weak features of the market.

Fire Proofing common closed offered at 7½ and the preferred at 28.

Pittsburgh Coal preferred sold at 52⅛, but rallied to 53 bid.

Air Brake sold at 148, a decline of 1¼ points.

Steel stocks and United Copper firm and higher.

IN WALL STREET

Stock market dull and lower in the morning, but closed strong.

Sales included 963,200 shares stock and $7,020,000 bonds.

Japanese bonds made a strong rally on the peace news.

Copper metal again advanced and Amalgamated closed higher.

Canadian Pacific led the advance in the railroad list.

NOTES AND COMMENT.

The great buoyancy of the Japanese bond issues on the New York exchange was something in the nature of a surprise. Out of a total of $7,014,000 of all bonds dealt in, $4,340,000 consisted of Japanese issues. The sales were $329,000 first series 6s at 109¾ to 110; $253,000 second series 6s at 99⅜ to 100⅝; $3,127,000 first series 4½s at 85¾ to 92, and $631,000 second series 4½s at 85¼ to 91½. The 6s run to 1911, but are subject to redemption in 1907, and the 4½s, which fall due in 1925, are subject to redemption in 1910. Japanese bankers inserted these optional clauses in the bonds evidently with the view to a large cash indemnity at the conclusion of the war, although it is possible, as the Japanese are credited with the greatest cunning in finance as well as in war, that the optional clause was inserted for the purpose of giving the bonds a speculative value as well as an investment value. It is altogether improbable, however, now that peace will bring no cash indemnity, that these bonds will be redeemed before maturity. The London market was closed before the peace announcement was made, and it remains to be seen how foreigners will view the situation as bearing upon the stock market.

To those who expected a tremendous manifestation of bullish enthusiasm to follow the peace news from Portsmouth, the course of the day's stock market must have been somewhat disappointing. To be sure, the early announcement brought an upward spurt in which the greater part of the list participated, but this movement was not well sustained, being followed by periods of irregularity and hesitancy. Operations broadened later and the momentous event was received with satisfaction by the banking interests, relief being expressed at the elimination of a very disturbing factor. The attention of these same banking interests will now doubtless be engaged in figuring upon the peace loans which it is generally assumed both Russia and Japan will find convenient to negotiate. Preliminaries to this end have been in progress for several weeks in New York and abroad and while definite details as to the extent of the proposed loans are yet unobtainable, it is strongly intimated that American bankers will play an important part in what promises to be the greatest financial game of recent years. There are assurances also that any money required for such loans can be had without disturbance to conditions at home.

"Now that the goods news regarding the peace conference is out, what will the Wall street bulls do far a fresh argument for higher prices?" was a remark frequently heard yesterday in financial circles. Probably the answer will be that the immense cash credits which were piled up by the great foreign banks in anticipation of the financing of a large indemnity loan will now be available for investment in American securities. It is certain that these credits may now be safely released and some considerable proportion of them would no doubt find its way here if the level of stock values were not at the highest average ever quoted; but there is another outlet, which may offer greater inducements than American securities. It has been made plain on both belligerents within the past few weeks that the world's money markets were open to both Russia and Japan for loans the proceeds of which were to be applied to the arts of peace, but that no more funds would be available for continuing a destructive war. This no doubt had something to do with Japan's final concessions. It is therefore probable that large loans will be negotiated by Russia for the development of internal resources and for the purpose of replacing the wastes of war, and these loans are likely to be offered on more favorable terms than American railroad stocks, which are now quoted on a 2¾% per cent basis.

The statement of the Union National Bank of Pittsburgh was scanned with a great deal of interest yesterday because it furnished the first opportunity to approximate the amount of deposits acquired with the merger of N. Holmes & Sons last month. The statement of the Union National on May 29 last showed total deposits of $3,584,824, and the statement published yesterday, as of August 25, showed total deposits of $8,356,868. This is an increase of $1,621,863, the bulk of which may be set down as the acquisition from the merger. N. Holmes & Sons, being private bankers, never made a public statement, and when The Gazette stated at the time the deal was announced that it would mean an addition of between $2,500,000 and $3,000,000 deposits to the Union National, some bankers expressed the opinion that the amount of deposits of the private banking firm was largely overestimated at that figure. The official statement, however, confirms the accuracy of the estimate.

The Diamond National reports total deposits of $4,127,777, the largest in its history and an increase of $1,547,000 compared with the nearest corresponding date a year ago.

The current statement of the condition of the First National Bank of Pittsburgh shows a very gratifying increase in deposits. Their total now is $15,380,852 21, comparing with $15,649,501 at the time of the last report, May 29. In the same period the undivided profits increased from $601,606 to $605,332 21, after paying dividends on July 1 of $60,000.

Following is a comparative statement of the total receipts of some of the larger national banks of the city on the dates given:

Banks	Aug. 25, '05	May 25, '05	Sept. 6, '04
First	$15,380,852	$15,649,501	$15,061,859
Allegheny	4,360,648	4,057,128	3,622,747
Bk. of Pgh.....	15,719,196	15,727,351	13,306,307
Columbia	7,477,871	7,210,142	5,618,307
Diamond	4,127,777	3,547,440	2,672,782
Farmers	21,060,134	20,134,479	18,491,602
Mellon	25,040,629	25,251,324	22,171,900
Monon	3,944,731	4,181,124	3,626,631
W. Penn.....	3,624,613	4,010,556	2,994,215
German	3,877,990	3,215,901	3,094,158
Peoples	11,427,191	11,197,233	11,536,670
Second	14,724,972	14,268,953	12,074,314
Union	8,356,868	8,084,824	2,923,616

The wheat market declined to the lowest price on the crop. The world's visible supply increased 1,627,000 bushels during the past week.

A noteworthy feature yesterday was the strength of Americans on the London curb following the closing of the regular market there. German banking interests were reported to have purchased round amounts of Erie issues as well as Japanese bonds.

A reflection of existing mercantile conditions was found in the semi-annual statement of the Associated Merchants Company, which operates a number of dry goods stores in New York and adjacent cities. Its surplus for the period shows an increase of $225,000.

Another heavy transfer of cash to Chicago was reported yesterday, making a total of $5,000,000 shipped to that center during the month.

Since the first of the year permits for buildings representing a total of $154,706,000 have been filed in Manhattan, Brooklyn and the Bronx. Alterations aggregating $13,932,000. In the corresponding period of last year permits represented a valuation of $58,126,000, and alterations $11,014,000. This year beats all previous records in the building line. And yet the clay manufacturing industry quoted in the Pittsburgh market remain depressed.

The Erie issues, especially the common, exhibited unusual strength, the common making a new high record.

The movement in Louisville & Nashville was traced to buying by a commission house which operates for an interest once very prominent in that stock.

Gross earnings of Hocking Valley for July decreased $50,484 and net decreased $58,187.

The earnings of the Atchison system for the month of July exceed in gross those of any corresponding month in the history of the system, while in the matter of net the showing is better than the first month of any previous fiscal year, with the exception of 1903. As compared with last year, the statement is very favorable, but as the road suffered severely from floods a year ago, increases both in gross and net was to be expected.

Gross earnings of Chicago & Northwestern for the fiscal year ended June 30, increased $2,459,641 and net increased $986,401.

Gross earnings of Louisville & Nashville for the third week in August increased $39,250.

The Bradstreet trade review shows further progress toward an improvement in the demand. The shipments continue to be heavy, but the market is apparently less over-stocked and people generally look forward to more inquiry and activity, which may continue through the fall months. There has been a scarcity in the car supply which is likely to increase as the season advances, so that the trade may be confronted with an improved demand and less facilities for meeting cost, which would at once put a different complexion on the situation. Some foreheaded consumers are preparing for such a contingency and this accounts for the changed conditions in the last week or two.

American Sugar directors have declared the usual quarterly dividends of 1¾ per cent on common and preferred stocks.

In the local curb market Pittsburgh Life & Trust was quoted at 190 bid; German Trust, 156 asked; Window Glass Machine, common, 26 bid; do. preferred, 35 asked; Fayette County Gas, 12 asked; Union National Gas, 109 bid, 110 asked; Golden Anchor, 95c bid; 96c asked; Oriental & Manhattan, 35c bid.

THE MONEY MARKET.

There has been a somewhat firmer tone to the local money market during the past two weeks, but now that the bank statements have been called the will be more of a disposition to put out funds. Rates remain unchanged at 5@6 per cent on call and time loans. Clearing house comparisons:

	Exchanges.	Balances.
Yesterday	$6,961,075 87	$1,422,764 56
Last week	7,491,146 18	1,249,925 98
Last year	6,219,193 34	1,361,879 65

Banks and the Treasury.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—(Special.)—In redemption of checks drawn by depositors of gold at the San Francisco and seattle assay offices, today's official records show that the subtreasury paid out yesterday $198,228. Of this amount $9,954 had been deposited at San Francisco and $180,294 at Seattle. Total thus paid since Friday, $208,474, against $294,806 for the same period a week ago. Total payment by government to New York banks for the day, $2,945,000. Payment by banks to government, $3,243,000. Balance on the day's transactions, $1,997,000 paid by banks to government. Total net payment by banks to government since Friday, $3,240,000 similarly paid for the corresponding period a week ago, and $229,000 paid by banks to government a year ago. Included in the foregoing summary is $500,000 deposited by banks with the subtreasury for payment at interior points. Total thus deposited since Friday, $1,700,000, against $900,000 for the same period a week ago.

Foreign Financial.

LONDON, Aug. 29.—Money, 1 per cent. The discount for short bills is 1⅝ per cent; three months bills, 1⅝@1 15-16 per cent. Consols for money, 90⅜; consols for account, 90⅜.

BERLIN, Aug. 29.—Exchange on London, 20 marks 45¾ pfgs.

PARIS, Aug. 29.—Three per cent rentes, 99 francs 80 centimes, for the account. Exchange on London, 25 francs 16½ centimes for checks.

Treasury Statement.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—Today's statement of the treasury balances in the general fund exclusive of the $150,000,000 gold reserve, shows: Available cash balance, $195,366,242; gold coin and bullion, $53,966,985; gold certificates, $27,822,750; silver coin and bullion, $16,136,161; silver certificates, $7,993,995; United States notes, $14,220,329; treasury notes of 1890, $40,779; national bank notes, $13,942,695; total receipts this month, $45,360,896; total receipts this year, $82,822,324; total expenditures this month, $46,125,000; total expenditures this year, $121,148,796.

New York Money Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Money on call steady at 2@2¼ per cent; closing bid and offered at 2 per cent. Time loans steady; 60 days and 90 days, 2@2¼ per cent; six months, 4 per cent. Prime mercantile paper, 4@4½ per cent; sterling exchange steady, with actual business in bankers' bills at $4 86.60@4 86.65 for demand, and at $4 83.50@4 84.00 for 60 day bills. Posted rates, $4 85½ and $4 87½. Commercial bills, $4 84¾. Bar silver, 62½c. Mexican dollars, 47c. Government bonds steady. Railroad bonds strong.

Government Receipts.

WASHINGTON, Aug. 29.—National bank notes received today for redemption, $627,139; government receipts from internal revenue, $728,529; customs, $820,693; miscellaneous, $46,974; expenditures, $1,540,909.

Owners and Brokers
of realty can unload through Gazette realty ads.

JAPANESE BONDS WERE ALL THAT FELT BETTER

Announcement that Peace Is Decided Upon Has Little Effect On the Market.

[By Private Wire to The Gazette.]

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The Herald this (Wednesday) morning says:

While all stocks recovered on the market yesterday and some special issues showed noteworthy advances, some disappointment was expressed by the speculative rank and file over the moderate influence of the agreement for peace by the Russian and Japanese envoys. Measured by the importance of the developments the improvement in the market was trifling, always excepting Japanese bonds. These responded splendidly to the termination of hostilities, and this fact led many persons to infer that perhaps, after all, the outcome was not such an overthrow of Japanese diplomacy as the early press advices proclaimed. The first news dealt on a weak market, which first steadied and then improved. The volume of business was not much increased, however, and activity was not very well distributed. Settlement, however, was certainly favorably inclined.

All else in the way of news during the day was overwhelmed by the fortunate developments, and in the end it proved the chief influencing factor in the market. All the outer fringes were weak and irregular due in fact to the uncertainty which still clung to the peace negotiations, and to considerations given to the money market. The week's crop bulletin of the weather bureau was favorable, influencing declines in cereals and irregularity in cotton, but little heed practically to influences which was discernible in the stock market. The best feature of the market was found in the bond division. There could be no mistake as to the favorable influence of peace on Japanese bonds, which developed great activity and advanced sharply.

GOULDS GET HOME.

Mrs. Gould Still Suffers from Auto Accident and Is Unable to Walk.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—(Special.)—Mr. and Mrs. George J. Gould returned from Europe today on the Kaiser Wilhelm der Grosse, after an absence of three months abroad. Mrs. Gould, who was injured shortly before her departure from the other side in an automobile accident, in which Mr. Gould's machine ran over her, was taken from the steamship in an invalid's chair. Dr. W. H. Anderton and a trained nurse were in attendance.

Mrs. Gould appeared to be cheerful, but looked pale. Mrs. Gould was carried to an automobile, accompanied by the doctor and nurse and was taken directly to Lakewood. Mr. Gould went to his office, accompanied by his sons.

CHINA TO HAVE PARLIAMENT.

Dowager Empress Will Issue Formal Decree—Commission to Study Conditions.

PEKIN, Aug. 29.—The foreign ministers attended a banquet which Prince Chin gave in bidding farewell to the commissioners starting from China on a tour of the world. The principal object of the mission is to study the parliamentary proceedings of the governments abroad, so the dowager empress intends to issue a decree at the new year for the establishment of a parliament 12 years hence.

In the meantime the government will maintain a body of students abroad for the purpose of preparing the country for parliamentary government. The commissioners will spend a month in Japan, proceeding thence to Europe via America.

Will Probably Ruin Vine.

ST. JOHNS, N. F., Aug. 29.—The most severe hurricane for many years, accompanied by fog and rain, has raged for the past two days along the northern seaboard in the direction of Labrador, and it is feared will interfere with the work of the astronomical parties sent to Labrador to observe the eclipse tomorrow.

COMPLETE RECORD OF THE NEW YORK STOCKS

Daily range of prices reported by Messrs. Henry Sproul & Co., Peoples building, members of New York, Philadelphia, Pittsburgh and Chicago stock exchanges, and Chicago board of trade:

ACTIVE LIST.

STOCKS. Sales.	Open	High	Low	Last Sale.
19250 A., T. & S. F.....	90	90¾	89¾	90⅝
2700 Do preferred.....	104⅝	105	104⅝	105
500 Am. Cotton Oil.....	29¾	29¾	29¾	29¾
3500 Am. Sugar Ref.....	144¾	145	144½	144¾
2800 Am. Locomotive.....	52½	53	52	53
100 Do preferred.....	113¾	113¾	113¾	113¾
800 Am. Car Foundry..	37⅝	37⅞	37¼	37⅜
61700 Amal. Copper.....	87¾	87¾	85⅞	87⅜
100 Anaconda Copper....	117	117	117	117
18400 A. Smelt & Ref....	130¾	130⅞	129¾	130
200 Do preferred.....	126	126	126	126
6700 Baltimore & Ohio..	113⅝	113⅞	112⅞	113⅞
10890 Brooklyn R. T.....	70⅞	70⅞	70½	70⅝
29400 Canadian Pacific..	162	164½	161⅝	160½
12000 Chicago Gt. West..	22	22½	21⅞	22⅛
200 Consolidated Gas..	136½	136½	136¼	136¼
2900 Chesa. & Ohio.....	56½	57	56¾	56⅞
350 Chicago & Alton....	40½	40½	40	40¼
2300 Chicago & N'w....	219½	223	219½	222½
1000 Col. Fuel & Iron..	46	46¾	45⅝	46½
700 Corn Product pfd..	48½	49	48¼	48¼
1400 Col. Southern.....	28½	29	28½	28⅞
100 Do 1st preferred..	63	63	63	63
3300 Do 2d preferred..	43½	45	43	44¾
500 Del. & Hudson.....	219½	219¾	219½	219¾
142900 Erie	51⅛	52⅞	50⅞	52⅝
5300 Do 1st preferred..	84	84⅝	83¾	84½
7100 Do 2d preferred..	77¾	78¼	77⅞	78¼
Hocking Val. pfd..	92¼	92½	92½	92½
2900 Illinois Central....	177½	179	177½	178¾
600 Iowa Central.....	28¾	29⅜	28¾	29⅜
400 Do preferred.....	57	58	57	57¾
500 Internat. Paper.....	21⅜	21⅜	21⅛	21⅜
21100 Louis. & Nash.....	150⅜	152	150½	151⅞
10600 Missouri Pacific..	107⅜	108¼	107	108¼
8100 M., K. & T.....	34¼	34⅝	34⅛	34⅝
2400 Do preferred.....	72¼	73⅛	72¼	72½
15300 Metropolitan	131⅞	131⅞	130⅝	131½
4800 Do securities.....	84⅜	84⅜	83⅝	84
20900 Mexican Central..	23⅝	25	23⅞	24
1100 National Lead.....	44⅞	44⅞	44¼	44⅜
N. Y. Airbrake..	151⅞	151⅞	151⅛	151⅞
8700 N. Y. Central.....	152⅞	154⅝	151⅜	154⅜
11100 N. Y. O. & W.....	66	66⅜	65⅜	66⅛
4700 Nork. & Western..	86	86⅞	85⅞	86⅛
700 North Am. Co.....	99¼	100	99	100
2100 Peoples Gas.....	106	106⅛	105	105⅝
6300 Pacific Mail.....	46¾	48	46	47¾
1200 Pressed Steel Car..	45⅞	45⅞	45	45⅜
82400 Penn. R. R.....	145½	146½	145¼	146½
Ry. Springs.....	37⅜	37⅞	37⅛	37⅝
45800 Reading	120	120⅝	118⅝	120¼
1600 Do 2d preferred..	85¾	86	85½	86
8200 Rock Island.....	33⅝	34½	33⅜	34⅜
2400 Do preferred.....	80½	81	80½	81
1800 Republic Iron.....	21⅞	22	21¾	21¾
6800 Do preferred.....	88⅞	89⅝	88¾	89⅜
84200 Southern Pacific..	67⅜	68¼	66⅝	68⅛
13500 Southern Ry.....	35⅝	36½	35⅜	36½
St. Paul.....	181⅜	182¾	180⅜	182¾
800 St. L. S. W.....	26⅜	26⅞	26⅜	26⅞
600 Do preferred.....	64	64½	62¾	64
6000 Tenn. Coal & I....	90	91⅜	89⅞	91¼
1800 Texas & Pacific..	36	36	36	36½
88700 U. S. Steel.....	37	37⅞	36¾	37⅝
35500 Do preferred.....	104⅞	105⅝	104⅝	105⅝
Do 2ds 5 % bds.	97½	97⅜	97⅜	97½
109100 Union Pacific.....	*134½	135¼	133⅞	135¾
700 U. S. Rubber.....	51½	52⅛	51½	51⅞
200 Do preferred.....	109¾	110	109½	110
U. S. Cast I. Pipe..	30¾	30¾	30¾	30¾
Do preferred.....	93¼	93¼	92¾	93¼
300 U. S. Real & C..	89¾	89¾	89¾	89¾
200 Wabash	22⅝	22⅞	22½	22⅞
300 Do preferred.....	44	44	43⅝	43⅞
200 W. U. Telegraph..	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞	93⅞
300 Wheel. & L. E....	18	18¼	18	18¼
200 Wiscon. Central...	30¾	30¾	30¼	30¼
400 Do preferred.....	58½	59	58½	59
Pitts. Coal Co.....	13⅞	13⅞	13⅝	13⅝
2000 Northern Pacific..	213¾	213⅞	210	213⅝
Am. Woolen Co..	37¾	37⅞	37¼	37⅞
Do preferred.....	104	104½	104	104½
Gt. North. pfd....	316	318	318	318

INACTIVE LIST.

400 Am. Steel Foun.....	....	9¼	9¼	9¼
100 Do preferred.....	....	39½	39½	39½
100 Allis-Chal. pfd....	....	56¾	56	56
100 Am. Hide & Lr....	....	7¼	7¼	7¼
200 Do preferred.....	....	38	37⅞	37⅞
100 Am. Snuff.....	....	200	200	200
600 Am. Wool.....	....	37⅝	37¼	37⅞
200 Do preferred.....	....	104⅜	104	104½
400 Am. Tob. pfd. new	....	102	101¾	101¾
7100 Atl. Coast Line..	....	170	167½	169¾
1500 Chi. Ter. Trac....	....	19¾	18	19
2900 Do preferred.....	....	41

SUGAR FLURRY FOUND LITTLE SYMPATHY HERE

Paris Panic Had No Effect on American Dealings—All Lines Remain Firm.

Local markets were quiet yesterday, so far as fluctuations in price were concerned. The flurry in the sugar market in Paris received no sympathy in this country. That could only have affected the speculative market directly, anyhow, but would have been bound to show sympathy in the real sugar market. There was nothing doing, however, and the market remained as strong at it has been for several weeks. Flour was weak and shading continues. It is difficult to give an absolutely correct quotation on this line, but dealers all report that there is no change. Still every miller has his own price and little regard is being paid to the quotation.

Green goods, produce and fruit were all enjoying a good sale yesterday. There were a few shifts in prices, mainly in favor of the consumer, but nothing of a sensational nature disturbed the market. Business was good, but might be better.

HAY AND GRAIN.

Receipts.

Receipts yesterday were: Pennsylvania, 9 cars hay; 13 cars corn; 14 cars oats; 1 car straw; 7 cars feed; Lake Erie, 1 car hay; 1 car oats.

The grain market was inclined to be easier yesterday, especially on oats. Receipts are heavy and of a low grade, hence prices eased off considerably on low grade, while good grade of No. 3 white held firm. Good hay continues in demand. Millfeed, especially bran, is easier. Ear corn receipts are on the increase, with prices somewhat lower. Straw is steady.

No. 1 timothy	$12.75@13.00
No. 2	11.50@12.50
No. 1 clover	10.50@11.00
No. 1 mixed	10.50@11.00
Straw, oat	6.50@7.00
do wheat	6.50@7.00
do rye	7.50@8.00
New No. 2 white oats	29½@30c
New No. 3 white oats	28¾@29¼c

PROVISIONS.

Hams.	
18 lbs and up	12¼c
Over 14 to 18 lbs	12c
Over 10 to 14 lbs	12¼c
10 lbs and under	12¾c
Skinned	13c
Boneless boiled	13½c
California	10½c
Shoulders, N. Y., cut	8¼c
do skinned	9c
Bibs, 8 to 10 lbs	13¼c
do 10 to 12 lbs	12¾c
do back strips	12c
do clears, 8 to 10 lbs	13¼c
do 10 to 12 lbs	13c
Breakfast bacon, back strips	12½c
Dry salt sides, extra short clears	10c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	10¼c
do 16 to 20 lbs	10½c
do under 16 lbs	10½c
Dry salt smoked sides, extra short clears	11c
Bellies, 20 to 25 lbs	11¼c
do 16 to 20 lbs	11½c
do under 16 lbs	11¾c
Lard, pure tierces	8¾c
	13c

POULTRY AND GAME.

Live chickens	14@15c
do springers, light	14@15c
do heavy	15@16c
do roosters	8@9c
do turkeys	16@17c
do geese	10@12c
do ducks	14@15c
do pigeons, doz	$1.00@1.25
Dressed hens	17@18c
do springers	18@19c
do roosters	11@12c
do turkeys	22@23c
do Long Island ducklings	20c
do ducks	18@19c
do capon, lb	26@27c
Squab, doz	$3.75@4.00
do No. 2	$2.00@2.25
Ducks, ruddy	$1.25
do red head	$1.70@3.00
do canvas-back	$2.75@3.00
Impt. golden plover, doz	$5.50
do black plover	$4.50
English pheasants, per pair	$3.25
Reed birds, doz	$1.25
Snappers, per lb	8@9c
Pigeons, pair	30@35c
Frogs, doz	$2.25@2.50

BUTTER, EGGS AND CHEESE.

Butter.

Prints	23½@24c
Tubs	23@23½c
Ohio cream	20½@21c
Dairy	14½@15½c
Cooking	13@14c
Cheese, N. Y. full cream, new	10¾@11c
do Ohio crm	10½@11c
do ¾ cream, new	9¾@10c
do Picnics	11@11¼c
do Wis. Swiss, tubs	13½@14c
do block	13¼@14c
do imported	27@27½c
do Limburger, new	12½@13c
do 5-lb brick, new	13@13½c
Eggs, selected	21@22c
do southern	17@17½c
Gathering Point Prices: Dairy butter, lb	11@12c
Eggs, doz	18c

JOBBERS' YARD PRICES.

Potatoes, car lots, fancy, bbls	$1.65@1.75
do bu	60@65c
Cantaloupes	$1.25@1.50
do Rocky Fords, standards	$2.25@2.50
do comb	$2.75@3.00
Watermelons, car	$140.00@230.00
Peaches, crts	$2.00@2.50

GROCERIES.

Flour.	
Fancy spg. patent, quarters, in paper	$5.70@5.80
Fancy winter patent	$4.90@5.00
Rye	$4.10@4.20
Graham, 10-lb bags	$2.30@2.35
Cornmeal, bbls	$3.00@3.25
Rolled oats, bbl	$5.00
do bags	2.35
Roasted Coffee.	
Rio	12½@15c
Santos	23@24c
Maracaibo	15½@16c
Peaberry	18@18½c
Golden Rio	17c
Caracas	20@20½c
Standard, pkgs	14.05c
High grade	18@19c
Molasses, fancy, refined	35@36c
do choice	31@34c
do open ket	37@39c
do prime	35c
do 3-lb	$1.35@1.65
Fancy syrup	28@30c
Maple sugar, gal	$1.05
Sug. and cane	21@25c
2-lb cans, doz	75c
2½-lb cans, doz	90c
5-lb cans, doz	$1.80
10-lb cans, doz	$3.40
Maple, gal	75c@$1.00
Sugar, sta. gran	5.40c
do bags	5.75c
do 2-lb carton	5.55c
do 5-lb bags	5.55c
do pow'd XXXX	5.50c

PRODUCE.

Potatoes	$2.00@2.25
do bu	65@75c
Sweet potatoes, bbls	$2.25@2.50
do bu bskt	90c@$1.00
do Jersey fancy, bbl	$4.00@4.50
do med., bbl	$2.25@2.50
do fancy, bu	$1.50@1.75
Onions, southern, sacks	90c@$1.00
do Spanish, crates	$1.00@1.15
Cabbage, new, bbls	$1.75@2.00
Green peppers, crates	$1.25@1.50
Parsley, doz	40@50c
Spring onions	10@15c
do yellow Danvers, bbls	$2.00@2.25
Green beans, bu	$1.00@1.25
Wax beans, bu	$1.00@1.25
Mint, doz	50@75c
Celery, Kalamazoo	10@25c
do Ohio, large bunches	30@35c
do small bunches	15@20c
do York state, large bunches	50@60c
Summer squash, bu hampers	$1.25@1.50
Eggplant, crates	$1.00@1.25
do bu	75@$1.00
Garlic, lb	10@12c
Watercress, doz	30@40c
Lettuce, field, doz	40@50c
Green peas, bu hamper	$1.50@2.00
Cauliflower, doz	$1.00@1.25
Watermelons	30@40c
Cantaloupes, crates	$1.50@1.75
do Jersey	$1.25@1.50
do Rocky Fords, standards	$3.00@4.00
do comb	$2.75@3.25
Carrots, bu	$1.00@1.25
Cucumbers, Ashtabula, cliffs No. 1	50@60c
do No. 2	35@40c
Tomatoes, home raised, bu	75c@$1.00
do chips	2@4c
Corn, home raised, bu	50@75c
New beets, doz	20@25c
Lima beans, 2-qt bskt	30@35c
do qts	10@12½c
Popcorn, lb	4@5c

CANNED GOODS.

Peaches, sta. pie	$1.00
do pie, gal	$2.50@3.00
do California, L. C	$1.90@2.25
do California, Y. F	$1.90@2.25
Corn, fancy	$1.10@1.20
do standard	80@90c
Cherries, California, white	$2.25@2.50
Lima beans	$1.25@1.45
do soaked	75@80c
String beans, 2-lb	85@90c
do 3-lb	90@95c
Stringless beans	$1.10@1.60
Peas, marrowfat	80@85c
do early June	75@85c
do soaked	55@65c
Plums, California	$1.40@1.65
Apples, N. Y., gal. cans	$2.50@2.75
Pineapples	$1.25@2.50
Raspberries	85@95c
Gooseberries	85@90c
Tomatoes, fancy	$1.10@1.50
do standard	85@90c
do gal	$2.35
Succotash, 1-lb cans	$1.10@1.25
Baked beans, cans, tomato sauce	75@95c
Salmon, doz	95c@$2.00
do red, 1-lb flats	85c@$1.00
do pink, 1-lb talls	$1.81@2.10
Chipped beef	$2.25@2.75
Corn and roast beef, 2-lb cans	$2.30@2.40
do 1-lb cans	$1.25@1.30
Mackerel, broiled	$1.90@2.50
Sardines, domestic, ¼s	$3.10@4.15
do mustards, ¼s	$2.60
do French	$6.50@18.50

SALT FISH.

Mackerel, No. 1 mess, bbl	$26.00
do half bbl	$11.50
do quar. bbl	$6.50
Mackerel, No. 1 plain, bbl	$20.00
do half bbls	$10.50
do quar. bbls	$6.25
do 20-lb pails	$2.40
do 10-lb pails	$1.75
Mackerel, No. 2 large, bbl	$16.50
do half bbls	$8.00
do quar. bbls	$4.25
do 20-lb pails	$1.80
do 10-lb pails	$1.00
do No. 2 Irish	
80-lb tubs	$5.00
Lake herring, 100 lbs	$3.60
do 20-lb	$1.45
do 10-lb	52c

DRIED FRUITS.

Raisins, 1-lb pkg	8@8¼c
Evap. peaches, 25-lb box, lb	10@12c
Evap. apples, 1-lb pkgs	7¼@8½c
Evap. apricots, bags, lb	8@11c
Evap. apricots, box, choice	10½@12c
do fancy	12@13c
Evap. currants, 1-lb pkgs	7½@8c
Prunes, Cal., lb	4@7c

FRUITS.

New apples, bu	75c@$1.00
do bbls., fancy	$3.00@3.50
do choice	$2.00@2.50
Lemons, Messinas	$5.50@6.00
do Cal.	$6.00@6.50
Oranges, late Valencias	$5.50@6.00
Cocoanuts, bags	$3.25@3.50
do doz	45@50c
Bananas, lgts	$1.50@2.00
do 3ds	$1.00@1.50
Pineapples, Fla. smooth	$3.50@4.00
Cayennes	$3.50@4.00
Pears, 10-lb bskts	35@40c
do ½ bu	75c@$1.25
Cal. box	$3.50@3.75
do Bartletts, bbls	$5.50@5.75
Limes, per 100	$1.25@1.50
Dates, stuffed	18c
Peaches, 10-lb bskt	35@40c
do 20-lb bskt	75c@$1.00
do bu	$1.75@2.25
Pears, crts	$2.25@2.50
Chloe	$1.75@2.00
Plums, Cal. blue	$1.25@1.50
do 30 lbs	40@75c
do ½ bu	75c@$1.00
Grapes, Del., crates	$1.75@2.00

SEEDS.

Clover, from store, recleaned, 60-lb bu, small	$7.75@8.00
do mammoth	$7.85@8.10
do crimson	$5.50@5.60
do white, Dutch	$9.75@11.50
Alsike	$8.00@8.10
Alfalfa	$8.00@8.25
Millet, Western	$1.35@1.50
Southern	$1.35@2.00
Grass, Hungarian	90c@$1.00
do lawn, lb	16@18c
do blue, 15-lb bu	$1.25@1.50
do red top, 24-lb bu	$1.10@1.60
Timothy	$1.75@1.80

SMALL FRUITS.

Blackberries, crates	$3.00@3.50
Huckleberries, pails	75@90c
do large bsk	$1.25@1.60
do small basket	60@75c
Elderberries, pails	$1.50@1.75
do crates	$1.50@1.75

Boston Wool Market.

BOSTON, Aug. 29.—The wool market is active and firm. Heavy sales to the worsted mills are reported. New England and Philadelphia concerns buying largely. There has been a fair demand for all grades of wool, and medium fleeces have sold in moderate volume, but the larger part of the transactions have been in territories. Montana wools have been especially active. Pulled wools are generally quiet. Foreign wools are steady. Quotations follow: Ohio and Pennsylvania, XX and above, 36@37c; X, 34@35c; No. 1, 30@31c; No. 2, 27@28c; fine unwashed, 28@29c; quarter-blood, unwashed, 34@35c; ¾-blood, 35@36c; half-blood, 34@35c; unwashed delaine, 30@31c; unmerchantable, 31@32c; fine washed delaine, 38@40c. Michigan, fine unwashed, 27@28c; ¾-blood, unwashed, 33@34c; ¾-blood, 34@35c; half-blood, 33@34c; unwashed delaine, 28c. Kentucky, Indiana, etc., ¾ and ¾-blood, 36@37c. Territory, Idaho, fine, 22@24c; heavy, fine, 19@21c; Wyoming, fine, 22@23c; heavy, fine, 19@20c; fine medium, 23@24c; medium, 26@27c; low medium, 26@27c; Utah and Nevada, fine, 23@24c; heavy, fine, 19@20c; fine medium, 23@24c; medium, 26@27c; low medium, 27@28c. Dakota—Fine, 22@23c; fine medium, 22@23c; medium, 25@27c; low medium, 26@27c. Montana, choice, 25@27c; fine, 23@25c; average, 24@25c; fine medium choice, 26@27c; average, 24@25c; staple, 28@30c; medium choice, 28@30c.

Butter, Eggs and Cheese.

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—Butter easy; creameries, 17@21c; dairies, 16½@18½c. Eggs weaker; at mark, cases included, 16½c; firsts, 18c; prime firsts, 20c; extras, 22c. Cheese firm, 10¾@11¼c.

PHILADELPHIA, Aug. 29.—Butter firm; extra western creamery, 22c; do nearby prints, 23c. Eggs firm; nearby fresh, loss off, 22c; nearby fresh, 21c at mark; western fresh, 21@22c. Cheese ¼c higher; fancy, full cream fancy, 12¾c; choice, 11¾@12c; fair to good, 11@11½c.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Butter quiet; receipts, 22,149 lbs.; street prices extra creamery, 21@21½c; official price creamery, common to extra, 17@21c. Cheese strong, unchanged; receipts, 11,225 lbs. Eggs easy, unchanged; receipts, 16,945.

Evaporated Fruit.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—It is reported that some sales have recently been made of prime evaporated apples for future delivery at 7½c, but spots are unchanged. Common to good are quoted at 4½@6c. Prime at 7@7½c; choice, 6½@6¾c; fancy, 6¾@7c. Prunes are unchanged with quotations ranging from 4½c to 6½c, according to grade. Apricots are quiet but firm. Choice are quoted at 8@8½c, extra choice, 8½@8¾c, and fancy at 9¼@10c. Peaches are scarce with fancy quoted at 11½c. Raisins are quiet pending opening prices on the new crop. Loose muscatels are quoted at 4¾@4¾c. London layers at $1.00@1.15, and seed raisins at 6¼@7¼c.

Available Supply of Grain.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Special cable and telegraphic communications received by Bradstreets show the following changes in available supplies as compared with last reports: Wheat, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, decreased 303,000 bushels. Afloat for and in Europe, increased, 1,800,000. Total supply increased 1,497,000. Corn, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increased 453,000. Oats, United States and Canada, east of the Rockies, increased 1,246,000. The leading increases reported this week are 375,000 bushels in Manitoba; 241,000 bushels at the Chicago private elevators, 50,000 bushels at Omaha and 55,000 bushels at St. Josephs.

Stocks held at depot harbor decreased 128,000 bushels.

GRAIN MARKET WEAKENED BY IMPROVED WEATHER

The Peace Negotiations a Minor Factor—Wheat, Corn and Oats Close Lower.

[By Associated Press to The Gazette.]

CHICAGO, Aug. 29.—Weakness in the wheat pit developed after trading was well under way. At the opening the market was quite steady, initial quotations on September being unchanged to ⅛c higher at 79¾c to 79¾c. The principal influences were small local receipts and a comparatively steady tone of cables, notwithstanding a decline here yesterday. Traders were inclined to sell as a result of the failure to materialize of the predicted rains in the northwest, but, for a time, offerings were well taken by commission houses. Later many small holders became active sellers, and prices quickly declined. An increase of 1,500,000 bushels in the world's visible supply, as shown by Bradstreets was one reason for the increased selling during the last half of the session. Another weakening influence was a decline in the price of cash wheat at the chief grain centers in the United States. Announcement of the amicable settlement of peace negotiations at Portsmouth had some effect on late trading. For September the lowest point of the day was reached at 78½c. A slight rally occurred on covering by shorts, but the close was weak with September at 78¾@79c. December opened ⅛c lower to ¼c higher, at 81¼c to 81¾c, sold off to 80¾@80⅞c, and closed ⅝c lower, at 80¾c. Clearances of wheat and flour were equal to 152,000 bushels. Primary receipts were 607,000 bushels, compared with 852,000 bushels a year ago. Minneapolis, Duluth and Chicago reported receipts of 311 cars, against 240 cars last week and 421 cars a year ago.

Weakness prevailed in the corn pit the entire day. Commission houses and cash interests were liberal sellers. Lower cables, indications of rain and a generally perfect weather for the maturing of the crop were the chief bearish factors. The market closed weak with prices practically the lowest point of the day. September opened unchanged to ¼@¾c lower, at 52⅜@52¾c to 53c, sold off to 51⅝c and closed at 51⅞@52c. December ranged between 42¾@43⅛c, and closed with a loss of ⅛@⅜c at 42¾@42⅞c. Local receipts were 187 cars, with 419 of contract grade.

Oats were weak in sympathy with other grain. The volume of trading was light. September opened a shade to ⅛@¼c lower, at 25⅛@25⅜c to 25¼@25¾c, sold between 25½c and 25⅝@25¾c, and closed at 25¾c. December ranged between 26½c and 27⅛@26¾c, and closed at 26¼@26⅝c. Local receipts were 447 cars.

Active support from prominent packers imparted strength to the provision market. Liberal shipments of hog products helped to create bullish sentiment. At the close September pork was up 27½c at $14 92½. Lard was up 7½c at $7 97½. Ribs were 2½@5c higher at $5 27½@5 30. Estimated receipts tomorrow: Wheat, 91 cars; corn, 418 cars; oats, 237 cars; hogs, 28,000 head.

The leading futures, as reported by John D. Armstrong & Co., Farmers bank building, Pittsburgh, members of the Chicago board of trade, ranged as follows:

	Open.	High.	Low.	Close.	Yes'r day's Close.
WHEAT No 2					
Sept.	79⅜	79⅝	78½	79	79½
Dec.	81½	81⅝	80½	80⅝	81¼
May	84½	84¾	83½	83⅝	84½
CORN, No. 2.					
Sept., old	53¼	53⅝	51¾	52¼	53¼
Sept., new	53	53⅜	51⅝	51⅞	53
Dec., old	45	45	44¼	44⅝	45
Dec., new	43½	43¾	42⅜	42⅞	43¼
May	43	43⅛	42⅝	42¾	43⅛
OATS No. 2.					
Sept.	26¼	26⅜	25½	25½	25¾
Dec.	26⅝	26⅝	25½	25⅝	26⅝
May	28⅜	28⅝	28½	28⅝	28¾
MESS PORK.					
Sept.	14 75	14 95	14 75	14 95	14 67½
Oct.	14 72½	14 85	14 77½	14 85	14 67½
LARD					
Sept.	7 87½	7 92½	7 87½	7 92½	7 85
Dec.	7 90	8 00	7 90	8 00	7 90
Nov.	7 65	7 67½	7 62½	7 67½	7 67½
SHORT RIBS.					
Sept.	8 77½	8 92½	8 77½	8 82½	8 77½
Oct.	8 87½	8 92½	8 85	8 92½	8 85

Cash quotations were as follows:

Flour steady; No. 3 spring wheat, 80@90c; No. 2 red, 79¼@79½c; No. 2 corn, 53c; No. 2 yellow, 53½c; No. 2 oats, 25½@25¾c; No. 2 white, 27¼@27½c; No. 3 white, 25¼@27c; No. 2 rye, 60c; good feeding barley, 51c; fair to choice malting, 45@48c; No. 1 flaxseed, $1 10; No. 1 northwestern, $1 12; prime timothy seed, $3 65; mess pork (per bbl.), $14 90@14 95; lard, per 100 lbs., $7 92½; short ribs sides (loose), $8 75@8 85; short clear sides (boxed), $8 87½@9 12½; whisky, basis of high wines, $1 28; clover, contract grade, $11 75.

Articles.	Receipts.	Shipments.
Flour, bbls	21,000	18,000
Wheat, bushels	45,000	60,300
Corn, bushels	430,000	62,000
Oats, bushels	500,000	228,800
Rye, bushels	2,000	24,100
Barley, bushels	21,000	4,200

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Flour—Receipts, 28,750 bbls; exports, 2,218 bbls; market dull and lower to sell. Rye flour—New, steady. Cornmeal steady. Rye easy; No. 2 western, 57½c c. i. f. New York. Barley barely steady; feeding, 39½c c. i. f. New York. Wheat—Receipts, 4,300 bu; spot easy; No. 2 red, 84½c elevated and 86c f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern, 90½c in Duluth, 91½c to arrive f. o. b. afloat; No. 1 northern, Manitoba, 85½c to arrive f. o. b. afloat. Wheat opened dull at a slight decline and after a trifling rally weakened considerably under disappointing cables, good crop news, peace determination and increased visible supply. Even long selling became a feature under which the market was easy, at a total decline of 4@4½c. September, 83¾@83⅞c, closed 83¾c; December, 80¾@81⅛c, closed 80¾c. May, 84½@84⅝c, closed 84½c. Corn—Receipts, 84,625 bu; spot easy; No. 2, 55½c elevator, and 56½c f. o. b. afloat; No. 2 yellow, 53½c; No. 2 white, 56½c. Option market was inactive, with a slightly lower price level, reflecting favorable crop accounts and disappointing export demand. Closed barely steady at a net decline of 1@1½c. September, 50@50⅛c, closed 50c; December, 45⅝@45¾c, closed 46c. Oats—Receipts, 244,500 bu; spot easy; mixed oats, 25 to 32 lbs, 29@29½c; natural white, 30 to 32 lbs, 30@31c; clipped white, 32 to 40 lbs, 32½@33½c.

ST. LOUIS, Aug. 29.—Wheat—2 red cash, 75¾@75¾c; September, 75¾c; December, 72c; No. 3 hard, 81@81½c. Corn—No. 2 cash, 45c; September, 46⅞c; December, 42½c. Oats—No. 2 cash, 25½c; September, 24½c; December, 26c; No. 2 white, 29c.

MILWAUKEE, Aug. 29.—Wheat lower; No. 1 northern, $1 02@1 02½; No. 2 northern, 98@99c; September, 75½c asked. Rye—No. 1, 56@56½c. Barley—No. 2, 62c; sample, 60@66c. Corn—September, 52½c bid.

DULUTH, Aug. 29.—Wheat—No. 1 northern, 87⅝c; No. 2 northern, 79¾c; September, cld, 81¾c; September, new, 77⅛c; December, 79⅝c.

MINNEAPOLIS, Aug. 29.—Wheat—September, 84@84⅛c; December, 81@81⅛c; May, 87½c. No. 1 hard, 90c; No. 1 northern, 89c; No. 2 northern, 84½c. Flour—First patents, $4 90@5 45; second patents, $4 10@4 20; first clears, $3 90@4 00; second clears, $2 55@2 65. Bran in bulk, $13 00@13 50.

TOLEDO, Aug. 29.—Cloversead—Cash, $4 75; October, $3 27½; December, $3 30; January, $3 22½; August sikike, $7 85. Prime timothy, $1 67½.

NEWS FROM THE MINES.

Butte, Mont.—A large new ore body has been uncovered in the Cerro Wing and with the installation of the new hoisting engine now in operation the output of ore has been increased to 600 tons a day.

The management of the Calumet & Arizona Company has adopted plans for the more thorough development of the Junction and the Calumet & Pittsburgh mines. Sinking will be suspended at a depth of 1,000 feet in the former and at 1,120 feet in the latter and ore will be mined. It is the intention to put the mines on a producing basis within the next 12 months.

Butte, Mont.—Holmes is buying matte from the Pittsburgh & Montana Company and shipping it to the smelter of the Montana Ore Purchasing Company. The matte carries about 15 per cent in copper besides some silver, gold and iron. About 40 tons per day is being shipped.

Houghton, Mich.—The Calumet & Hecla struck the Kearsarge lode containing good copper at No. 21 location, within 200 feet of the Osceola boundary. It has been searching for this location for the past two years. The lode was cut at a depth of about 100 feet.

Seattle, Wash.—United States Assayer Fred Wing, in charge of the local assay office, estimates the gold output of Nome for the season of 1905 at $10,000,000. This amount will be the record for Nome and will exceed the output of last year by $3,000,000.

Helena, Mont.—The Helena Power Transmission Company has been awarded the first contract of a number aggregating $1,500,000, for building a dam across the Missouri river 12 miles from here. The steel dam is to be completed by May 1 next, and it is expected that power will be transmitted in Helena, Butte and Anaconda by June next. About 20,000 horse power will be developed and this will be utilized chiefly in the Amalgamated smelters at Anaconda and at mining points between there and the line, as well as for lighting in the cities mentioned.

The Wolverine Copper Mining Company yesterday declared a semi-annual dividend of $6, an increase of $1.

Tonopah Extension this week resumed shipments over the road-gauge railroad. Shipments were suspended nearly two weeks while the railroad improvements were in progress.

The Metal Market.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—Tin was higher in the London market, closing at £134 2s for spot, and £131 for futures. Locally, the market continued quiet, but holders were firm in their views, and spot closed at $33 15@33 50. Copper is furnishing the present feature of the market. Available supplies are said to be very light, and the situation appears to be controlled by the larger producers. Quotations at present are more or less uncertain, but it is expected that firm prices will be maintained next week. Lake and electrolytic are held at 19¼@19½, and casting at 18½@19c. Pig iron is quiet, but unchanged. Lead was quiet and unchanged at $4 85@4 90 in the local market, but London advanced to £14 7s 6d. Spelter closed at £25 2s in London and was steady locally at $5 20@5 25. The foreign markets were somewhat depressed, the close in London at the end, and Middlesboro at 49s 4½d. Locally, the situation is unchanged. No. 1 foundry northern is quoted at $16 50@17 25; No. 2 foundry northern at $16 00@16 50; No. 1 foundry southern at $16 25@16 50, and No. 2 foundry southern at $15 75.

ALL DISTRICTS WILL SHOW FALLING OFF IN WORK DOING

Developments in the lower southwest fields show very few complications. Few of the new wells are important as to size of locations. With territory at hand that could furnish anything better than small wells, operations would be increased for the reason that conditions are very favorable. Thus far the year has been exceptional for southwest operators. Since the development of West Virginia territory began there has not been a year that the amount of acreage and September 1st did not show a scarcity of leases, making it necessary in a number of districts to suspend work and cause delay in starting new. Reports from all fields make it now certain that there will be a great disparity between the amount of work doing at the close of the year as compared with the first. Nothing can now prevent a large margin between the production for the year 1905 and 1904. All districts report a very responding time. All districts report a very heavy falling off with no show to revive.

The new development near Wellsburg, Brook county, has come to the front with another good producer, the best that has been found since the development of the pool began. The new strike is the Keyser Oil Company's No. 5 on the Thomas Chrismond farm. The well showed 100 barrels of oil in a depth of about 100 feet.

Seattle, Wash.—United States Assayer Fred Wing, in charge of the local assay office, estimates the gold output of Nome for the season of 1905 at $10,000,000. This amount will be the record for Nome and will exceed the output of last year by $3,000,000.

Helena, Mont.—The Helena Power Transmission Company has been awarded the first contract of a number aggregating $1,500,000, for building a dam across the Missouri river 12 miles from here. The steel dam is to be completed by May 1 next, and it is expected that power will be developed and this will be utilized chiefly in the Amalgamated smelters at Anaconda and at mining points between there and the line, as well as for lighting in the cities mentioned.

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Boston Copper Stocks.

(Reported by A. E. Austin & Co.)

STOCKS.	Open.	High.	Low.	Closing. Bid.	Ask.
Allouez	25½	25½	25	25	25½
Adventure	6	6	6	6	6½
Arcadian	3	3	3	3	3¼
Atlantic	25	25	25	25	25½
Bingham				400	470
Calumet & Hecla	775	775	775	775	780
Centennial	25½	25½	25½	25½	25¾
Daly West	15½	15½	15½	15½	16
Elm River				1	3
Franklin	14½	14½	14½	14½	14¾
Granby	7¾	7¾	7¾	7¾	8
Greene	26	26	25½	25½	26
Isle Royale	27	27	27	27	27½
Mass				1	3
Mohawk	45½	45½	45½	45½	45¾
Michigan	2½	2½	2½	2½	2¾
Mercur				1	3
Osceola	100	100	99½	99½	100
Old Dominion	27¼	27¼	27	27	27½
Old Colony				175	185
Parrot				15	17
Phoenix	1	1	1	1	1¼
Quincy				77	78
Range Coal	50½	50½	50	50	51
Rhode Island	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Swift				100½	102
Trinity	15	15	15	15	15¼
Tgh. & Mont.	9	9	9	9	9¼
U. S. Mining	34½	34½	34½	34½	34¾
Utah	45¼	45¼	45¼	45¼	45½
Victoria	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾	4¾
Wolverine	135	137	135	136	137
Winona				2.50	4.00
Black Mountain				2.50	4.00
Mitchell				4½	4¾
North Butte				27½	28

BIRDIE MINING STOCKS.

Cal. & Arizona				170¼	170¾
Cal. & Pittsburgh				25	25½
Junction				20	21
Lake Shore & Tgh.				105	107
Tgh. & Duluth				27	28

BOSTON, Aug. 29.—The upward movement in copper is still on. Atlantic, Tennessee and Osceola advanced today on good buying. Arcadian gained 2c tipped for higher prices and Calumet and Old Dominion moved up to sell higher on their present earnings. Don't be afraid to buy the coppers on weak spots.

New York Mining Stocks.

Adams Con.				27	Little Chief
Alice				30	Ontario
Breece				40	Ophir
Brunswick Con.				20	Phoenix
Comstock Tunnel				30	Potosi
Con. Cal. & Va.				1.40	Savage
Horn Silver				3.20	Sierra Nevada
Iron Silver				3.00	Standard
Leadville Con.				.03	Stanford

Turpentine and Rosin.

SAVANNAH, GA., Aug. 29.—Turpentine firm, 46c. Rosin firm; A, B, C, $3 20; D, $3 30; E, $3 40; F, $3 50; G, $3 60; H, $3 70; I, $3 80; K, $4 00; M, $4 50; N, $4 60; W, G., $4 90; W. W., $5 20.

CHARLESTON, S. C., Aug. 29.—Turpentine and rosin, nothing doing.

WILMINGTON, N. C., Aug. 29.—Spirits turpentine firm, 37½c bid. Rosin firm, $3 25. Tar firm, $2 60 bid. Crude turpentine firm, $3 20, $4 00 and $4 20.

Drygoods.

NEW YORK, Aug. 29.—The dry goods market continues generally satisfactory, with the prospect that business will continue on a fine basis for some time to come. While jobbers were not so active in certain departments today, prices continued firm. In New England and the south manufacturers complain of inability to secure sufficient help, and this is the opposite of the condition existing in most of their machinery. The demand exceeds the supply, and the market is accordingly strengthened.

ORDERS FOR EQUIPMENT.

Several Local Firms Win in the Competition for Carnegie Technical Schools.

At a meeting yesterday afternoon of the Carnegie Technical schools committee the following firms were given orders for equipment to be used in the schools: Baker Office Furniture Co., Pittsburgh; McElveen Furniture Co., Pittsburgh; Pittsburgh Office Equipment Co., Pittsburgh; Geo. L. Kopp & Co., Pittsburgh; A. L. Benis, Worcester, Mass.; Tinius, Olsen & Co., Philadelphia; Taylor, Wilson & Co., Allegheny; B. F. Sturtevant & Co., Boston.

The awards were made after competition in each line and it is stated that high-grade furniture and apparatus have been secured at the lowest possible cost.

Before the week is over announcement will be made of the appointment of additional members of the teaching force.

Weds the Niece of Admiral Schley.

WEST POINT, N. Y., Aug. 29.—The wedding of Second Lieut. Bartlett and Miss Mary Bowie Fran

NIGHT TRAIN ON OHIO RIVER LINE

Baltimore & Ohio Considering This Service South—Old Wabash Rumor Alive

AMERICAN EXPRESS BRANCHES

The Baltimore & Ohio railroad passenger officers have now under consideration a great improvement for the Ohio River division between Pittsburgh and Kenova, W. Va. It is also probable that this improved service, which will be a night train in either direction, will include a through Pullman car service between Pittsburgh and Virginia Hot Springs, in connection with the Kanawha & Michigan and Chesapeake & Ohio roads via Point Pleasant and Charleston, W. Va.

The night train, it was said yesterday, will become a part of the service from Pittsburgh to Kenova with the installation of the new fall time card, upon which the officers are beginning to work. Such a service will be hailed with joy by hundreds of persons, including Pittsburghers who have extensive coal and lumber interests in West Virginia and Kentucky, and also by traveling men. Under the present service out of Pittsburgh the only way they can reach their interests there or travel to any of the towns is by spending at least three days from Pittsburgh, going by a day train from here, spending the following day in business interests and returning to Pittsburgh on the third day out. With the through night train they can leave here in the evening, attend to their business matters the following day and return to Pittsburgh that night, consuming only one business day. The Baltimore & Ohio officers recognize the wisdom of this night service and will abide by it in making up the next train schedule. The train will be first-class in every particular, carrying through coaches and Pullman cars.

Recently the matter of a through passenger service from Pittsburgh to Virginia Hot Springs was suggested to Assistant General Passenger Agent Joseph P. Tasgart, with the request that he look into the subject and report. This service was suggested to be by way of Morgantown, Fairmont, Belington, Ronceverte and Covington, Va., to Hot Springs, Va., a route of 412 miles, over portions of which the roadway is not equipped for carrying the heavy Pullman cars. The route by way of Point Pleasant, Charleston and Covington is only 384 miles, just 28 miles longer than the other route. How much as the Baltimore & Ohio will place into service the night train on the Ohio River division from Pittsburgh to Kenova, it is claimed that the through service between Pittsburgh and Virginia Hot Springs could be carried on this train to Point Pleasant, on the Kanawha & Michigan to Charleston, and on the Chesapeake & Ohio to Hot Springs with greater dispatch and better satisfaction than by way of the other route.

Will Wabash Build South?

The report of two years ago that the Gould people are contemplating a road eastward from Pittsburgh to New York on almost an air line through the center of Pennsylvania eastward from Indiana, is again current, and it has led the railroad people to wonder whether the sale of the Little Kanawha syndicate's property to the Vanderbilt interests will have the least bearing on the Gould plans for a transcontinental line. Does the Wabash want to build a line south from Pittsburgh to a connection with the Western Maryland line? Is the question that the railroad people are now asking. When the line across Pennsylvania was being surveyed about two years ago, it was credited to the Goulds, but this was denied at that time. In connection with the report published in The Gazette last Sunday that the Wabash and Buffalo, Rochester & Pittsburgh roads may be jointly interested in the new line that has been surveyed southward from Freeport to Allegheny, it is now said that this is to be a portion of the Gould transcontinental line.

As surveyed across Pennsylvania, the line is said to be about 90 miles shorter between Pittsburgh and New York than the Pennsylvania railroad. East from Indiana the surveyed line runs south of Clearfield and Bellefonte, crosses the Susquehanna river at Sunbury, then tends slightly southeastward and crosses the Delaware river into New Jersey near Belvidere, N. J. Such a route would give the Gould entrance into the anthracite coal region as well as into the practically virgin coal region of Western Pennsylvania, where the Wabash is said to own thousands of acres of coal lands. The project will not be discussed by the local Wabash officers.

Will the "Bird" Hasten Its Flight?

It is said the Pennsylvania officers have prepared a schedule of 15 hours for the Pennsylvania special between New York and Chicago, but that it is not the intention of putting this schedule into effect unless the road is forced to do so by other roads reducing their running time between the two cities. Then, it is said, the Pennsylvania is prepared to place this schedule into effect at a moment's notice. The train sheet shows that the special arrived at its destination in New York and Chicago on time every day so far this month with one exception, when its being behind a wreck detained it nine minutes. In July the special arrived at Chicago every day on time, while there were seven delays eastbound, none of more than 10 minutes. While such a record shows that a faster schedule could be maintained, there is another phase in which this can be done has been shown—that of the train making up from one to two hours on its runs. A few days ago, for instance, the special ran from Crestline to Pittsburgh in 189 minutes, a distance of 188.8 miles, making up 55 minutes of lost time. Similar feats have been accomplished by the train at other times and on other divisions.

American Express Branching Out.

The American Express Company, through the initiative of General Agent E. M. Whittle of this city, is branching out to a large extent in this community in order to give more efficient service to its patrons. This is being accomplished by the establishment of a large number of branch receiving offices throughout Pittsburgh and Allegheny, where express will be received for the company. These offices will be visited a couple of times a day by the wagons. The object in establishing these offices is to give convenient stations to the people living outside of the limit of the wagon routes. In the future the company may also include delivery from these stations. In being responsible for the collection of the express packages for the American company's lines to these and thus avoid paying for the taking of the packages to the downtown office. The offices will have telephones.

Three of about 15 of these stations to be established have already been opened. These are at 823 Park avenue, East End; 2216 East street, Allegheny, and 1011 Ohio street, Allegheny. Mr. Whittle says that in the short period these offices have been in operation they have proved very popular.

U. S. Express Gets Pere Marquette.

Official circulars issued by T. C. Platt, president of the United States Express Company from the New York offices, announce the appointment, effective September 1, of Alonzo Wygant as general superintendent for the United States Express on the lines of the Pere Marquette road, which lines will be taken over by the express company November 1. The circular was received here yesterday by General Agent Fred Treulieben. Mr. Wygant is one of the best-known express men in the country, having been for several years general agent of the company in Chicago. He will retain supervision of the Chicago territory in connection with his duties as general superintendent of the express company on the Pere Marquette lines, and will have his headquarters in Chicago.

Railroad Notes.

Columbus, O., is agitating the matter of eliminating several grade crossings.

C. C. Needham, claim agent of the Wheeling & Lake Erie at Canton, was in the city.

H. W. Cost of the Seaboard Air Line railway was a visitor at the local offices of the company.

William Thompson, usher at the Union station, has returned from a vacation visit to the seashore.

The Mountain City division of the Order of Railway Conductors, Altoona, will hold the annual picnic at Cresson today.

The Pennsylvania began track-laying on its Duquesne elevated line Monday by the placing of ties and yesterday started laying the rails.

Joseph Peck, clerk in the general superintendent's office of the Baltimore & Ohio, has returned from a vacation trip with a healthy brown glow.

The summer trains on the Allegheny Valley between Pittsburgh and Buffalo, which have been leaving about noon, will be discontinued next Saturday.

General Manager G. L. Peck of the Pennsylvania lines west is in Chicago attending a meeting of the American Railway association's committee on safety appliances.

W. A. Perry, general freight agent of the Pittsburgh & Lake Erie, returned yesterday from his vacation trip to Canada, where he was fishing not for freight, but for consignments of the finny tribe.

W. C. Herron, formerly assistant chief clerk in the order department of the Westinghouse Machine Company, has taken service in the Chicago & Northwestern traffic offices under General Agent A. G. Tallent.

H. H. Brown, chief clerk in the American Express Company's Pittsburgh offices, will take the body of his son, aged 6, to Peoria, Ill., his former home, today for burial. The boy was taken suddenly ill Monday noon, and died at 6 o'clock yesterday morning.

$14.00. Chicago and Return. $14.00.
P. & L. E. Good going Aug. 29, 30 and Sept. 1. Returning Sept. 3.

Owners and Brokers
Quickly can unload through Gazette ads.

CONTRACTS FOR TWO WAREHOUSES

Vincent, Scott & Co. Will Build $120,000 and Kerr & Snodgrass $50,000 Structure.

ALLEGHENY BUILDING PROJECT

The contracts have just been awarded for two more big warehouses which, in their respective locations, will be fine types of the newer wholesale buildings which are springing up all over Pittsburgh this summer. The more costly building, which was designed by Architect F. J. Osterling, will be erected at the northwest corner of Penn avenue and Beatty street, East End, as a furniture emporium for Vincent, Scott & Co., whose quarters in Penn avenue, near Sheridan street, have for two years been too small for the firm's business. Kerr & Fox have the contract for the structure, which will cost $120,000, and will occupy the site formerly owned by Leopold Villaeck. The building will be six stories high, with a handsome terra cotta front, and will cover the entire lot, 65x145 feet, extending back to Kirkwood street. This will give it splendid advantages for wholesale purposes, as it will have frontages on three good streets. The structure will be fireproof and will be equipped with two elevators and modern appliances throughout. The first floor will be fitted up for a fine show and store room, and the building will be not only the best warehouse in the East End, but one of the very best furniture emporiums in the city.

B. A. Groah has the contract for the other warehouse, which will be erected by Kerr & Snodgrass, wholesale wall paper dealers, on a part of the site which they bought from the Church of New Jerusalem in Allegheny recently. The building will be eight stories high and of the slow-burning type of construction. It will face in Isabella street, opposite the Pittsburgh & Western station, leaving about half the church site on the corner of Isabella and Sandusky streets vacant for another building. Architect William J. Shaw designed the structure, which will cost about $50,000. It will be practically a twin to the B. B. & B. warehouse, which was built last spring across the alley, and it will be completed by January 1.

Amusement Project in Allegheny.

Considerable interest is being manifested in the effort to form a stock company to build a big skating rink and dancing hall on the North Side only a few rods from the Carnegie library. Last week an option was secured on a vacant lot formerly owned by Campbell Herron and running through from East Diamond street to Sandusky street, between Montgomery avenue and North Diamond street. The plot has a frontage of 80 feet in Sandusky street, a depth of 240 feet and a width at the other end of 80 feet. It was bequeathed by Mr. Herron for a site for a hospital, but owing to the strenuous opposition of property holders in that vicinity, a bill was put through the legislature which prevented its being used for this purpose. Last year the property was sold to Thomas Donaldson of the Allegheny Storage and Transfer Company, for about $35,000. It is said the present option, which was secured by a North Side broker, is for a little less than $50,000. Prominent business men of Allegheny have been approached within the last few days to take stock in a company which proposes to erect a two or three-story building to cover the entire lot. The first floor of this would be used for a big roller-skating rink, and the second floor for a dancing hall. It is also proposed to provide good lodge quarters in the building, but no definite plans of this kind have been arranged. The central location of the site and the size of the lot makes the venture a very feasible one. All of the persons that attended the roller skating rink in the Cycloramа building last winter should give much encouragement to the newer project.

North Side Deal of $30,000.

The American Securities company has purchased from Kathryn L. Grundish 150x100 feet on the southeast side of Chestnut street, Tenth ward, Allegheny, for $30,000. The plot consists of eight lots, 20x100 feet each, which are improved with good houses, and will be held for an investment.

George E. Evans has bought from William R. Crawford two North Side properties for $16,000, or $8,000 each. One is a residence property on the 50x99 feet on the west side of Perrysville avenue, Fifteenth ward, and the other is an improved lot, 40x90 feet, on the north side of Charles street, Tenth ward. Both properties were taken for an investment, and are well rented.

The property of Charles and Willis Mayer, on the north side of Collins avenue, adjoining the Tabernacle church, has been sold to a local investor for $20,000. The lot is 48x28 feet, and is improved with a brick building used as a printing plant.

William Dickey, Mary B. Hallman and others sold to E. Frances Palmer 57.5x141 feet on the south side of Rippey street near Beatty street, Nineteenth ward, for $12,000. The property is unproved.

Through the Aronson-Friedman company two good deals were closed finally yesterday. To Isaac Guckenheimer they delivered the deeds for the James W. Barker frontage, 100x182 feet, on the north side of Irwin avenue, near Wightman street, Twenty-second ward, for which he paid $19,500. It is said the buyer will improve the site with a $50,000 house. The same brokers delivered the deeds to Mrs. K. Rubinovitz for the D. O. Ihmsen holdings in the Eleventh ward, consisting of an improved lot, 60x100 feet, facing in Center avenue and running back to Clark street. The consideration was $22,000.

Prospects Up the Allegheny River.

Residents and property owners up the Allegheny river are just waking up to the fact that they have some splendid opportunities in a real estate way, if they improve them soon. Since the macadamized road from Allegheny to Freeport, 28 miles, has been completed a good share of the distance it has become the rendezvous for hundreds of automobilists, who find it the finest drive out of Pittsburgh. The boroughs along the line are hustling to get their streets in similar good condition, and Cheswick is now opening up its main street, a 50-foot thoroughfare, and macadamizing it and putting down eight-foot sidewalks. The growing popularity of the boroughs on that side of the Allegheny river for summer homes, as well as for places to live all the year, is creating a brisk demand for houses, and a building boom of no small proportions is imminent in Cheswick. Springdale and other villages, where there are now a half dozen calls for every house to be rented. The lots are from 50 to 80 feet wide, and with neat, tasty houses on them, the properties could be made to pay well.

Architect James T. Steen is taking bids on an office building for the Lewis Foundry and Machine Company, to be erected at Montour Junction, at a cost of about $15,000.

Architect W. H. Sims has plans for a $50,000 residence for John R. Gregg in Woodland road.

Only One Broker in Deal.

The deal for the square of property bounded by Market street, Fifth Avenue, North Diamond square and Union street, is progressing and there is a possibility that eastern buyers may be the property of the market this week. The options on the properties are held by Shiney H. Totten and contrary to published statements no other brokers are interested in the deal with him except the firm of C. F. Anderson & Co., with which he is associated.

The new First ward school building in Bellevue has been completed and is a great credit to the town. The building faces in Jefferson avenue and has side entrances from Grant and Bryant avenues. It is three stories high, has walls of Pompeian brick with wide joint white terra cotta trimmings and is fire-proof. It contains nine school rooms, which are provided with the fan blast hot air system of heating. Over 400 children can be accommodated. A spacious basement has been finished and ample room is provided for manual training rooms.

Allegheny—Edward Vogler sold for Wallace Newcastle to Robert Remmore, a seven-room brick house on 16x73 feet in Columbia way, Second ward, Allegheny, for $2,400.

Oakland—M. J. Ehrenfeld sold for J. Whitehouse an eight-room frame house on 24x120 feet on the south side of Whitney street, Oakland, for $3,500.

West Pittsburgh—J. N. Kidney Company sold for G. Miller to C. Munro a seven-room frame house on 62x125 feet in Chartiers avenue, West Pittsburgh, for $2,300. C. A. Baird to Emma Dane, an eight-room frame house in Ellwood avenue, Sheraden, for $2,200.

Walnut street—The Aronson Realty Company sold for the Mellon estate to Timothy Griffin a nine-room solid brick house on 24x160 feet at Walnut street and Wylie avenue, for $8,000.

Glenwood—The Diamond Real Estate Company sold for the Provident Land Company to F. W. Berkeley lot No. 78 in their plan in Nansen street, Twenty-third ward.

Wellesley avenue—Catharine Klein, sold to John Scholl, 24x119 feet in Wellesley avenue, Nineteenth ward, for $1,500.

Building permits were issued in Allegheny yesterday to A. S. Huerlein, for the erection of a two-story brick dwelling at Richey and Dunlap streets, to cost $5,000; Sarah Jane McFarland for a two-story frame dwelling in McFarland street, $2,500; C. O'Brien for a two-story frame dwelling in Chester avenue, near Irwin avenue, $3,600; Phina Jones for two two-story brick-veneered dwellings in Wabash avenue, $7,000 each.

Building permits were issued in Pittsburgh yesterday to the United States Glass Company for a one-story brick warehouse on Carson street, Twenty-ninth ward, to cost $6,300; Mrs. Anna Callahan, two-story brick-veneered dwelling on Greenfield avenue, Twenty-third ward, to cost $2,800; Stein & Klebensky, two and five-story addition to flats and stores on Fulton street, Eighth ward, to cost $73,000; Margarette Yount, two-story brick dwelling on Burchfield street, Twenty-second ward, to cost $2,000; W. C. Lamer, two two-story brick-veneered dwellings on Meade street, Twenty-first ward, to cost $6,500, and the Pittsburgh Land Company, six two-story brick-veneered dwellings on Darlington road, Twenty-second ward, to cost $50,000.

M. S. Metcalfe sold for the Wilson and Jeromy estate a lot in Paul avenue, Montrose, to S. Nicelis, for $1,000, who will erect a building.

A big deal in McKeesport real estate was closed yesterday by which William and Walter Childs become the owners of the Tyson Brothers' property in Fifth avenue, near Evans avenue. The property is now occupied by the Waldorf hotel, and brought $19,000 cash. It has a frontage of 60 feet, and extends back 160 feet to Jerome street. The property is improved with a three-story double frame building.

Transfers Recorded.

Reinehr John to Amanda C Flack, Aug 15, Bellevue, 99x165, Maryland ave..... $ 1,600
Rudisill E to H S Surles, Mch 24, Sewickley, 51x150, Fifth st..... 2,800
McKeever L S to Rt. Rev R Canevin, Aug 14, 21st wd, Pgh, 75x135, Hamilton ave..... 5,840
Elter Cath to Wm L Elter, Aug 23, Shaler twp, 254-100 acres..... 1,500
Stephens John to J F Wolf, Aug 1, Glassport, 25x118, Mouch, ave..... 1,200
Barker J W to Isaac Guckenheimer, Aug 23, 22d wd, Pgh, 100x230, Irwin ave..... 19,500
Rite Celia to Marcus Buck, Aug 1, 2d wd, McKeesport, 24x123, Locust st..... 2,500
Mechem O H to A W Tennant, June 27, Wilkinsburg, 55x100, Penn ave, 2-3 interest..... 4,500
Rankin A M to R A Breitenreiter, May 29, 7th wd, McKeesport, 11 lots, East Park extension..... 25,000
Sylvis G W to C Carpenter, June 28, 37th wd, Pgh, 40x65, Haverhill st..... 1,700
Edwards D to A D Miller, Aug 15, 11th wd, Pgh, 26x144, Arthur st..... 20,000
Interurban Land Co to E L Crawford, Aug 5, Ross twp, 13 lots, Egan estate plan..... 10,000
Gipe A D to S M Boian, Aug 1, Turtle Creek, 25x100, Clunston ave..... 1,150
Koser Geo M to James Lanpan, Aug 23, 20th wd, Pgh, 40x141, Euclid ave..... 12,000
Stewart H P to B A Benson, June 10, 3d wd, Pgh, 65x122, Susquehanna st..... 4,500
Glick Samuel to Morris Colker, July 28, 13th wd, Pgh, 24x94, Grove st..... 5,000
Pgh Trust Co to E H Helm, April 24, 21st wd, Pgh, 25x85, Monticello st..... 1,150
Glaser Lulu to Edward Gray, Aug 21, Sewickley, 140x170, Beaver st..... 15,000
Sheraden I Impt Co Lim to W W Smith, Feb 11, Sheraden, 75x100, Fourth ave, 62x153, First ave..... 675
Same to Oliver Smith, July 11, Sheraden, 100x100, Fourteenth st..... 850
Same to W J Mitchell, July 15, Sheraden, 100x100, Fourteenth st..... 1,000

ATLANTIC CITY

ATLANTIC CITY, N. J., Aug. 29.—(Special.)—A pleasure sloop off the beach and flying her flag union down as a signal of distress created excitement along the beach front today and led to a startling rumor that she was sinking. Thousands crowded the boardwalk and piers to watch the life savers, who went out and discovered that Capt. Olsen, his three-man crew and William H. Baldwin, the owner, and his two sons were utterly exhausted by their fight against the northwest storm, which they encountered since leaving Delaware bay, and unable to pilot their boat in the heavy seas to the inlet harbor.

The passengers were brought ashore in the surf boat, and the vessel was piloted to harbor by a member of the government crew. The vessel left Philadelphia three days ago for a pleasure voyage, but will return without the members of the party, who said they had enough of sailing.

Mrs. S. A. Fownes arrived at the Marlborough yesterday with W. J. White, Mrs. White and Thomas S. Best, all well-known Pittsburgh people.

Dr. Jay Forman, prominent in professional circles in Latrobe, is spending several weeks at the New England. Dr. L. D. Wilson of Pittsburgh is also registered at the New England with Mrs. Wilson and Miss Wilson.

A. D. Staley of Pittsburgh is at the Chalfonte, where he will spend several days. C. J. Cassidy and Mrs. Cassidy of Pittsburgh will spend the remainder of the month at the same hotel.

John Beck, C. S. Collins and H. L. Sprogel, who arrived at the St. Charles from Pittsburgh yesterday, brought along their guns and fishing rods for a try at the game during their stay that will extend into September.

Other Pittsburgh visitors who registered today were:

Chalfonte—Mrs. H. T. Todd, William J. Berryman, Mrs. Berryman, Mrs. Jane F. Sawyer, W. H. Donner, W. F. Marshall, G. W. Schmidt, Mrs. Schmidt, Erhard Schmidt, Alice Schmidt, Agnes Schmidt, Francis Schmidt, Cecilia Schmidt, Mary W. Carey, William Wilson, Mrs. Wilson, C. W. Kiskaden, Mrs. Kiskaden, W. G. Stark, Mrs. Stark, C. Thornton, Mrs. Thornton, E. B. Marland, W. B. Jacobs, H. H. Wagner, Hon. A. D. Staley, C. J. Cassidy, Mrs. Cassidy, J. S. Whitman, P. P. Maginn, Thomas Cosgrove, Mrs. Robert Pitcairn, Robert Pitcairn, Jr., Charles L. Taylor, A. E. Sixsmith, R. J. Gupillan, J. W. Crawford, Mrs. Crawford.

Agnew—Mrs. F. Kerwin, Miss Kerwin, Miss E. N. Kerwin, R. J. White, Katherine Hughes, Margaret Kelkenney, A. Bertolett, F. J. Bertolett, W. J. Billings, A. T. Perchard, W. T. Mansfield.

Beaumont—J. F. Pringle, E. J. Custer, Miss Allen.

Colwyn—J. S. Langsdale, Mrs. Langsdale, D. G. Chessman, G. Lehner, W. Klenrie, C. B. Freeman, Mrs. F. Frick, F. W. Pratt, T. Hilbert, Mrs. F. Flanagan, B. K. Kuhns, J. Lawler, Mrs. Lawley.

Elwood—E. James, H. W. Williams, Mrs. Williams, F. Dietz, R. A. Gihkill.

Ebbitt—L. Gibson, R. Baukert, J. W. Higans, A. A. Robinson.

Francis—W. J. Skenner, K. A. Simmons, Mrs. Simmons.

Gregg—P. Pugh, U. Hall, A. B. Kraft, J. C. Walker, Mrs. Walker, W. W. Jackson.

Hardwich Hall—D. H. Schanz, B. M. Holgate, S. R. Robinson.

Haddon Hall—James Riley, Mrs. Andrew Burgess, Miss Mary L. Haris, Miss Emma H. Hunter, J. M. Barnes, Richard L. Watmough, R. M. Coyle, Mrs. Coyle, Miss C. N. Rankin, John W. Pontefact, Miss Genevieve Pontefact, Harry E. Sheldon, Mrs. Sheldon, Miss Ruth Sheldon, Miss Martha Sheldon, Miss L. E. Richey, Miss E. D. Richey, Mrs. S. J. Young.

New England—Miss Darling, J. T. Weston, I. L. Weston, H. A. Lamb, J. Morgan, R. A. Morgan.

Iroquois—C. A. Carter, J. W. Swartz, W. Wallower.

Mt. Vernon—F. G. Ribble, E. Coolbaugh, Jacob H. Krieble.

Mincaster—Miss Loose, M. A. Loose, E. A. Parsons.

Pennhurst—F. K. W. Maher, M. Maher, R. A. Maher, W. C. Bell.

Revere—Mrs. J. C. Taylor, Miss Reifer, Miss S. F. Taylor.

Dennis—E. K. Harrison, E. H. Rush, Mrs. Rush, W. A. Cochran, W. N. Hackett, H. L. McCarthy.

Shannon—R. M. Patterson, J. C. Coply, Mrs. A. C. Woertz.

Westminster—T. G. Grady, W. A. DeFrehn, Mrs. DeFrehn, George C. DeFrahn, Mrs. DeFrahn, Frank L. DeFrehn, G. H. McMillen, Mrs. McMillen.

St. Regis—C. J. Truhill, Mrs. E. M. Hoffman, F. J. Kelly.

Strand—Miss Stevenson, Mrs. A. L. Ferell, C. L. McDonald, S. A. Prelfall, H. Scheoer.

BIG RUSH OF APPLICANTS FOR STATE POLICE FORCE

Physical Examinations Are Now Under Way and Cold Weather Will See It in Operation.

(By Private Wire to The Gazette.)

HARRISBURG, PA., Aug. 29.—The demand for appointment on the state police force has become so great that Capt. John C. Groome, superintendent, no longer anticipates any trouble in securing suitable recruits. Capt. Groome has received 683 formal applications for appointment. He expects to examine all of these applicants by the middle of September, after which he will recruit and organize the force.

The physical examinations are being conducted by Dr. Francis D. Patterson of Philadelphia, who will complete the examinations in that city on Friday and come to Harrisburg for the examination of applicants. Beginning at 4 o'clock Friday afternoon he will begin the examination of applicants in this city from Harrisburg, Reading, Lebanon, Pottstown, Sunbury, Carlisle, Gettysburg, York, Lancaster and Lewistown.

These examinations will be conducted at the rate of one applicant every 15 minutes, and will be continued on Saturday and possibly Sunday. Dr. Patterson will probably go from here to Johnstown for the examination of applicants living in that city and vicinity. From Johnstown he will go to Pittsburgh, where applicants in that locality will be examined. The great majority of the applicants have seen service in the regular army or the national guard. Capt. Groome hopes to have the force fully organized and equipped before cold weather.

Sleep Like a Top

Don't be awake with the remedy at your elbow. To banish wakefulness, nervous starts, bad dreams—to sleep soundly and waken refreshed—take

Beecham's Pills

Sold Everywhere. In boxes 10c. and 25c.

MOTHER LEAVES BABES IN STREET

Husband Testifies Wife Will Not Return or Even Look at Youngest Child.

MRS. DAUGHERTY'S TROUBLES

A father's charge that a mother deserted him and their children, even refusing to look at their baby when he tried to get her to return, constituted the basis of Gottlieb Davis' testimony against Sarah Davis in the report filed by the commissioner yesterday. The couple were married by a rabbi in 1897, and Davis avers that in 1901, when he returned from a business trip, he found his two small children crying in front of his home. He discovered that his wife had taken nearly all the furniture, leaving him only a bed, a cooking stove and a chair. He found his wife, and she told him she had enough money to keep herself and she wanted nothing to do with him or her children. Again he called on her, he said, and took their baby with him. His wife refused to return or even look at their baby.

The report of the commissioner in the case of Lucy Dougherty against Hugh F. Dougherty, in which cruel and barbarous treatment is alleged, shows that the couple were married in 1881. Dougherty, who was a motorman, living in Sharpsburg, among other things, is charged with pinching his wife, choking her and calling her a "half nigger" because her father was born in Virginia.

A libel of divorce filed by William L. Gilleland against Alice W. Gilleland charges infidelity. The couple were married in 1898, and Gilleland claims his wife deserted him to live with Edward A. Marsh. Mrs. Florence Devine, in a libel of divorce, charges her husband, John A. Devine, with cruel and barbarous treatment.

Would Not Leave Canada.

The commissioner in the case of Charles Fraleigh against his wife, Ida Fraleigh, find that they were married at Chrisholm, Canada, on July 22, 1885. Shortly after the marriage Ithel has wanted to remove to Turtle Creek, Allegheny county. Doris' wife consented to leave Chrisholm, and he came to Turtle Creek. She has never lived with him since.

A remonstrance was filed in quarter sessions court by Ellen Lacey of Homestead against the transfer of the retail liquor license of Peter Wall of 503 Dickson street, Homestead, to Michael J. McKay. McKay, it is alleged, is not a fit person to have such a license, as if granted one will not conduct his saloon according to law. McKay, it is stated, had a saloon in Homestead in 1902, but the court refused him license on account of the character of the place.

Nearly 100 applications for license transfers are on file in the clerk of court's office. On account of the absence of Judge Brown, hearings on applications for transfers were held, which accounts for the unusually large number which have accumulated.

F. M. Ward entered suit against M. J. Harrison, Daniel Cohen and Barney Frank, trading as the Ideal Clothing Company, to recover $50. Ward was employed as a salesman under a contract, and claims he was discharged without cause.

Says Her Rib Was Broken.

Mrs. Laura Seigleitz and Albert Miller are the defendants in two suits entered yesterday by Mrs. Augusta Grenert. In each case she asks for $3,000 damages. Mrs. Grenert alleges that the defendants attacked her, knocked her down and kicked her. During the trouble one rib was fractured, she claims. She has not recovered from her injuries, which, she alleges, were received on July 20.

Suit was entered in the United States circuit court by George Fitch et al. against the Spang-Chalfant Company for an infringement of a patent for metallic sockets. This suit was tried once before by Judge William McKennan in 1877, but he was stricken by death before he could file an opinion in the case.

William A. Scheu of Springville, N. Y., entered suit in the United States circuit court against the Pennsylvania railroad asking damages in $25,000 for injuries received in a wreck at Cheswick, Pa., on February 22, 1905. Scheu avers he was employed as a fireman by the defendant company, his engineer being Jake Faith.

Disregarded the Red Light.

He alleges that between 2 and 2 o'clock on the morning of February 2 the engineer received a red light signal to stop. This signal was flashed by a man with a red light lantern near Cheswick, Faith, the engineer, Scheu alleges, paid no attention to the signal, and 75 yards beyond where the signal was given him the engine ran into an obstruction. Scheu says that his collarbone was broken, his left hand crushed and several of his ribs broken, and, in fact, he was so badly crippled in the collision that he is now unable to make a living.

George G. Kirby entered suit for $1,000 damages against Augusta and Philip Reiman. He alleges that he rented part of a house at 402 Mansfield avenue from the defendants and paid his rent regularly until a tender was refused. Subsequently a landlord's warrant was issued against him, and he was compelled to pay more than the rent he had tendered.

John Carson was released from jail on habeas corpus proceedings by Judge Brown. He had been sent up on a charge of trespass by Justice W. H. Nicholson of Ryton.

BABY COVERED WITH SORES

Would Scratch and Tear the Flesh Unless Hands Were Tied—Wasted to a Skeleton—Awful Suffering for Over a Year—Grew Worse Under Doctors—Skin Now Clear.

WOULD HAVE DIED BUT FOR CUTICURA.

"My little son, when about a year and a half old, began to have sores come out on his face. I had a physician treat him, but the sores grew worse. Then they began to come on his arms, then on other parts of his body, and then one came on his chest, worse than the others. Then I called another physician. Still he grew worse. At the end of about a year and a half of suffering he grew so bad I had to tie his hands in cloths at night to keep him from scratching the sores and tearing the flesh.

"He got to be a mere skeleton, and was hardly able to walk. My Aunt advised me to try Cuticura Soap and Ointment. So great was her faith in it that she gave me a small piece of Soap to try and a little of the Ointment. I took it home without any faith, but to please her I tried it, and it seemed to dry up the sores a little.

"I sent to the drug store and got a cake of the Soap and a box of the Ointment and followed the directions, and at the end of about two months the sores were all well. He has never had any sores of any kind since.

"He is now strong and healthy, and I can sincerely say that only for your most wonderful remedies my precious child would have died from those terrible sores. I used only one cake of Soap and about three boxes of Ointment. (signed) Mrs. Egbert Sheldon, R. F. D., No. 1, Woodville, Conn, April 22, 1905."

Complete External and Internal Treatment for Every Humor, from Pimples to Scrofula, from Infancy to Age, consisting of Cuticura Soap, 25c., Ointment, 50c., Resolvent, 50c. (in form of Chocolate Coated Pills, 25c. per vial of 60), may be had of all druggists. A single set often cures. Potter Drug & Chem. Corp., Sole Props., Boston.

Mailed Free, "How to Cure Baby Humors."

MORE FENDER PROMISES.

This Time President Harman of Pittsburgh Board of Trade Gets One from Mayor Hays.

Mayor Hays is making more promises to the Pittsburgh board of trade. President Harman says the mayor assured him positively that a fender test would take place next Tuesday, September 5. The mayor said he had received another letter from Director Moore, stating he would be here on September 5 to be present at the test.

Chief Clerk Elias John of the department of public safety, said he received a telegram from Director Moore yesterday stating he would be here on September 4, which is next Monday. Mr. John said he did not know of any arrangements for a fender test, although one might be held.

The traction officials say they are waiting to get word from Director Moore to hold the next test.

Congress of Reformed Religions.

GENEVA, SWITZERLAND, Aug. 29.—The third International congress of the Unitarian and other reformed religions opened here today under the presidency of Prof. Monet, who, with Honorary President Chantre, delivered addresses of welcome to the 450 delegates representing all nations, including a number from America. The Rev. Charles W. Wendte of Boston, secretary of the international committee, read an interesting report showing the progress made.

Launch New Steamer.

STETTIN, PRUSSIA, Aug. 29.—The new Hamburg-American line steamer Kaiserin Augustine Victoria was launched today, the German empress breaking a bottle of champagne on her bow, Emperor William and a large following were present. The emperor bestowed on Herr Ballin, director of the line, the diamond star of the crown order of the second class.

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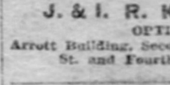

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Pennsylvania..Sept. 2 Patricia..... Sept. 14
*Bluecher..... Sept. 9 Deutschland..... Sept. 16
†P. Bismarck..Sept. 12 Victoria..... Sept. 23
*Cap. room. †Normal cap. room. Calling at Dover for London and Paris.

New York—Naples—Genoa.

PRINZ ADALBERT....Sept. 23, Oct. 21, Dec. 19
HAMBURG.....Sept. 28, Nov. 14, Jan. 6
PRINZ OSKAR.....Oct. 10, Nov. 28, Jan. 11
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